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OVEMBER, DECEMBER AND JANUARY
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Ideal voyage to a paradise of flowers.
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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LX.—NO. 323. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1901—SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

INDIAN PRINCESS WHO IS A CHICAGO "MEDIC."

PRINCESS SOPHIA DAMBA DHULEEP SINGH

An Indian Princess yesterday closed her second day as a Chicago "medic." She is Sophia Damba Dhuleep Singh, daughter of the late Maharajah Dhuleep Singh of India, who entered the Woman's Medical college of the Northwestern University in Lincoln street on Monday and attended her first classes as a freshman that day. The Princess, who has been around the world, chose Chicago as a seat of learning in preference to any of the great university cities to which she traveled. She is 28 years old and is living with her maid at 464 West Adams street. Two gigantic dogs are the Princess' pets.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER. WEDNESDAY, Nov. 20, 1901.

Fair Wednesday and Thursday; slight changes in temperature; variable winds. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four hours ending last midnight was 39 degrees above at noon and the minimum 33 degrees above at 6 a. m.

Sun rises at 6:56; sets at 4:36. Moon sets at 0:24 a. m.

NEW YORK:—

Annual banquet of Chamber of Commerce held, Secretary Hay making the principal address on "Our Diplomacy." Ambassador Choate, Seth Low, Senator McLaurin, and A. B. Cummins also spoke.

Richard Croker dared his enemies to prove charges brought against him. Declared he never made a dollar dishonestly.

Five-year-old child of H. S. Dale of Chicago killed by eating strychnine pills. Police hold body for investigation.

E. A. McKay & Co., a firm of "get-rich-quick" brokers, closed its offices without notifying customers.

Postmaster of Brooklyn resigned because of quarrel with the department.

Court-martial of Colonel Meade begun at the Brooklyn navy yard.

Steamship Kaiser Wilhelm took $7,000,000 in gold to Europe.

LOCAL:—

Two persons killed and many injured in accidents on the Metropolitan and Lake Street elevated roads caused by the heavy fog, which also was the cause of one death on the surface lines.

Carriage containing Mrs. C. F. Gunther, her son, and guests wrecked at the entrance to a subway at Sixty-fourth and State streets.

Beulah Waters, a coed of Chicago University, secretly married N. E. Franklin of Lexington, Ill., against the wishes of her parents.

Dental office next door to the East Chicago Avenue Police Station robbed. The thieves carry off $200 worth of plunder.

Controller McGann trying to devise a plan by which the city can borrow $4,500,000 without exceeding the debt limit.

Second attempt made to destroy the building at 331 South Clark street by explosives. Chinese gamblers accused.

Brickmakers' union threatens to order a strike if the city does not stop using brick made at the bridewell.

South Side Protective association began movement to abolish wineerooms in South Side residence districts.

Plate and window glass manufacturers held conference at Auditorium to fix prices for next year.

Lawyer G. W. Cass indicted, charged with the embezzlement of large sums held in trust by him.

DOMESTIC:—

Another battle between fishermen and Michigan game warden expected near the Indiana-Michigan line. Fishing fleet prepared to resist an attack.

Governor Van Sant of Minnesota sent messenger to the woods to hurry return of Attorney General, whose aid he seeks in fighting the railroad combine.

Creditors of commission firm of Tamblyn & Tamblyn of Kansas City began proceedings to declare it bankrupt. Liabilities, $250,000.

City Treasurer of Buffalo, short $50,000 in his accounts, suspended by Mayor Diehl. Expert accountant investigating the books.

Governor Yates characterized as a political trickster by a speaker before the Missouri conference of charities.

Strikers attacked the Protest Hill mine at Vincennes, severely beating non-union miners.

Gasoliower found dead in railway station at Hutchinson, Kas., where robbery was done.

Judge Grosscup forbid assessment of corporations as ordered by Judge Thompson.

Mrs. Lillian Stevens reelected President of the National W. C. T. U.

Iowa woman shot two men in a quarrel over a leased farm.

Family of three murdered at Downey, Cal.

FOREIGN:—

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader, in a parliamentary speech, declared the party in power was to blame for the Boer war.

Charles T. Yerkes may withdraw from London street railway field on account of delay in adopting his transportation plans.

American Consul at Zittau, Germany, arrested by mistake for defaulter and harshly used by police.

Esterno, former chief of the Filipino Cabinet, elected President of the new peace party in the Islands.

Commercial Cable company let contract for construction of cable between United States and Hawaii.

Government detained at London a vessel suspected of carrying munitions to the Boers.

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WASHINGTON:—

President's message read to the Cabinet, whose members gave full indorsement to the plans of the Chief Executive. Document consists of 25,000 words.

Reciprocity convention declared against tinkering with the tariff at the present time for fear of upsetting business.

General Buffington, chief of the Ordnance bureau, will retire on Friday. Captain Crozier may succeed him.

Efforts will be made at the coming session of Congress to make Arizona, New Mexico, and Oklahoma States.

Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock may retire from the Cabinet because of row with R. C. Kerens.

President Roosevelt issued order placing several offices in War department under civil service rules.

Ordnance experts pleased with the tests of the army gun at Sandy Hook.

Mrs. Lola Bonine arraigned for the murder of James S. Ayres Jr.; pleaded not guilty.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Darius Miller, Vice President of the Great Northern road, to be Traffic Manager of the combined Northwestern lines.

Gypsum and plaster companies of Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas combined, with a capital of $10,000,000.

Chicago-St. Paul lines voted to meet the cut rate made by the Soo road.

POLITICAL:—

Election of officers by Republican precinct organizations resulted in anti-machine victories in Hyde Park wherever there was a contest.

SPORTING:—

Flying Colors, a 2-year-old, broke his back in a collision with another horse at Bennings.

Harvard said to be negotiating for renewal of athletic relations with Princeton.

George Gardner and Kid Carter matched to fight in San Francisco.

W. C. Whitney leased Rancocas stock farm for breeding purposes.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BOULOGNE	Rotterdam	
LIVERPOOL	Dunleian	
LIVERPOOL	Cufic	
LIZARD	Philadelphia	
NEW YORK	F. Bismarck	W. der Grosse.
NEW YORK		Bovic.
QUEENSTOWN	Oceanic	
SAN FRANCISCO	Alameda	
SYDNEY	Sonoma	

HAY SPEAKS ON "OUR DIPLOMACY."

Secretary Stands in Place of McKinley at New York Chamber of Commerce Banquet.

TRIBUTE TO DEAD RULER.

Declares United States Is Guided by the Monroe Doctrine and the Golden Rule.

"NO WANTONNESS; NO FEAR."

A. B. Cummins, Ambassador Choate, Senator McLaurin, Governor Odell, and Seth Low Make Addresses.

TELL OF THE NATION'S POLICY.

New York, Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Standing in the place of President McKinley, who just before his assassination accepted an invitation to be present tonight, John Hay spoke to the guests at the 183d banquet of the New York Chamber of Commerce on "Our Diplomacy," describing the plans of the murdered President which President Roosevelt, aided by the diplomatic corps, is striving to consummate.

Nearly four hundred guests filled the great banquet hall of Delmonico's. The room was crowded to the doors, and more than one member of the organization who was late in applying for a ticket was unable to secure a seat. The company at the guest table included Secretary of State John Hay, Governor Odell, Ambassador Joseph H. Choate, Lieutenant General Miles, and Mayor-elect Seth Low.

The Secretary of State prefaced his remarks with a eulogy of the dead President, which was listened to with deep interest. His speech, coming from the man standing in the place of the murdered President, added solemnity to the occasion.

Secretary Hay touched upon a variety of topics, including the Monroe doctrine, American relations with the South American republics and with the European powers, the position of the United States in China and the Pacific, the Philippine Islands, and the Isthmian canal.

When he said that the American government was determined that there should be "no more surrender of our rights than violation of the rights of others" there was loud applause, and when he said of President Roosevelt that he was "as incapable of bullying a strong power as he is of wronging a weak one" the cheers were liberally bestowed in all parts of the banquet hall.

The speechmaking was opened by President Jesup in a few words. He then proposed a toast to the memory of William McKinley. It was drunk standing and in silence. President Roosevelt's health was then toasted, while the orchestra played, and at the next toast—that of King Edward of England—the British national anthem was given.

Applause for Secretary Hay.

In introducing Secretary Hay, President Jesup proposed a toast to "Our Diplomacy." The Secretary was warmly welcomed by the guests and his speech at various points met with great enthusiasm, especially when he mentioned the name of President McKinley.

The speech obtained rapt attention, and the applause was deafening when, in his peroration, he said: "No wantonness of strength will ever induce us to drive a hard bargain with another nation because it is weak, nor will any fear of ignoble criticism tempt us to insult or defy a great power because it is strong, or even because it is friendly." Secretary Hay said in part:

"I need not dwell upon the mournful and tragic event by virtue of which I am here. When the President lay stricken in Buffalo, though hope beat in our hearts that his life might be spared for future usefulness to his country, it was still recognized as improbable that he should be able to keep the engagement he had made to be with you tonight, and you do me the honor to ask me to come in his place. This I have sometimes done in his life time, though always with diffidence and dread, but how much more am I daunted by the duty of appearing before you when that great man, loved and revered above all even while living, has put on the august halo of immortality. Who could worthily come into your presence as the shadow of that illustrious shade?"

After an eloquent tribute to the memory of President McKinley, Mr. Hay said: "I dare to come to you because you have asked me, and he would have wished it, for he held that our personal feelings should never be considered when they conflicted with a public duty. And if I fall immeasurably below the standard to which he has accustomed you, the very comparisons you draw will be a tribute to his memory.

Tells of "Our Diplomacy."

"I am asked to say something about our diplomacy. You want from me nothing but the truth, and yet if I confine myself to the truth I cannot help feeling that I shall do my profession a wrong in the minds of those who have been in the habit of considering diplomacy an occult science as mysterious as alchemy and as dangerous to the morals as municipal politics. It must be admitted that this conception of the diplomatic function is not without a certain historical foundation.

"There was a time when diplomacy was a science of intrigue and falsehood, of traps and mines and countermines. It may be another instance of that credulity with which I have often been charged by European critics when I say that I really believe the world has moved onward in diplomacy as in many other matters.

"In my experience of diplomatic life, which now covers more years than I like to look back upon, and in the far greater record of American diplomacy, which I have read and studied, I can say without hesitation that we have generally told squarely what we wanted, announced early in negotiation what we were willing to give, and allowed the other side to accept or reject our terms. During the time which I have been prominently concerned in our foreign relations I can also say that we have been met by the representatives of other powers in the same spirit of frankness and sincerity.

(Continued on fifth page.)

SENIOR COED AN ELOPER.

BEULAH WATERS QUITS THE UNIVERSITY FOR HER LOVER.

Romance Begun Last Summer in Lexington, Ill., Ends in a Runaway Match, the Bride Giving Up Chance of a Degree at the Spring Convocation—Pair Return to the Campus to Find That Her Wardrobe Has Been Shipped Back Home.

Parental opposition was circumvented and a degree in the University of Chicago was thrown aside when Beulah Waters, a pretty 19-year-old "coed," slipped out from the girls' dormitory at Green Hall and secretly married N. Elmo Franklin, a young stockman from Lexington, Ill. The romantic pair are now waiting at the Wellington Hotel for a parental blessing, which they fear may be withheld.

As a result of the runaway match the telephone wires are busy between Chicago and Lexington to keep the express packages containing the bride's personal effects, shipped from Green Hall, from falling into the hands of her angry father.

The wedding was kept a strict secret until yesterday afternoon, not even the chums of the young woman dreaming that her absence from the dormitory meant that she had given up her prospect of a diploma to marry against her parents' wishes.

Romance of Last Summer.

The romance began in Lexington last summer, when Miss Waters went home to visit her family. Her father, Frank J. Waters, had just moved into the little city. During the summer the girl met young Franklin, son of Noah Franklin, a prominent landowner and stock raiser, and before she came back to the university in the fall there was a clandestine engagement. The lovers parted with hope of meeting during the Christmas holidays. The Waters family understood there would be no engagement until after the girl's graduation next March.

Franklin came to the city last week and induced his sweetheart to give up her college course and marry him. The university law forbids the marriage of students during their college course, the breaking of the law resulting in practical suspension.

Early on Sunday night a carriage drew up in front of Green Hall, and Miss Waters left the dormitory and went with her lover to the house of the Rev. Herbert L. Willett, acting university chaplain, where they were married. Mr. Willett did not know Miss Waters personally. The couple then went to the Wellington Hotel to wait until the clouds of parental opposition had blown away, so that they might go back to Lexington.

Her Clothing Sent Away.

The newly married pair returned to the university campus yesterday afternoon, and went directly to Green Hall to secure the bride's clothing and personal effects which had been left there since Sunday night. After she had hurriedly received the congratulations of half a hundred coeds, she rushed upstairs to find that all her property was gone. She was informed that the matron, hearing from the university chaplain that the girl was married, had hastily packed her belongings and shipped them by express to Lexington, in care of the girl's father. The startled pair, frightened at the idea of the bride's wardrobe held by a grim parent, rushed to a telephone and called up friends in Lexington to have the express packages intercepted before they reached the father.

ORDER BY CHIEF O'NEILL BARS POLICE FROM SALOONS.

Must Not Enter Such Places While Wearing Uniform and Are Forbidden to Appear in Plain Clothes.

Chicago policemen were shocked last night by the promulgation of an order forbidding them while in uniform from going into saloons.

Inasmuch as Chief of Police O'Neill recently issued an order that policemen must wear their uniforms both while on and off duty, unless by special permit to wear citizens' clothes, the latest ukase shuts the doors of saloons to Chicago "coppers."

Early this morning the patrolmen who have been in the habit of beguiling the tedium of traveling beat by leaning over the bar of some cozy saloon and taking a nip or two with friendly barkeepers were forced to get their stimulant by signaling from the outside and tossing off their "poison" brought to them from the inside.

Cigars were handed out in the same way.

"Why, that is a terrible order," said a down-town policeman. "It's bad enough now, but think of traveling beat at night when the thermometer registers around zero without our long established privilege of taking four fingers or a cigar with a friend in a nice warm saloon. We'll have to have a phony riot or something like that in our favorite resorts and rush in to quell it, not forgetting to 'have one on the house' before getting out on the cold walks again."

THREE CASES OF SMALLPOX.

All of the Victims Taken from the House at 704 Seventy-first Street—Two Are School Children.

Three persons, two of whom were attendants at the Parkside School, are suffering from smallpox at the Isolation Hospital. They were taken from a building at 704 Seventy-first street. They are Joseph Thomas, 10 years old; Frank Thomas, 6 years old; and C. A. Hall, a laborer. Five other persons who live in the building have been exposed to the disease.

A child who lives in the house next to the infected building was in attendance at the school yesterday, and a number of the parents withdrew their children from school. Superintendent Bodine of the Compulsory Education department assigned Dr. F. B. Harmison on the case, and this morning a thorough investigation will be made. The medical inspector will stay at the school until the department is assured that no danger exists.

Dr. J. R. Neely of the Health department maintains that the schools are the safest places in the city, as the general vaccination of the pupils makes spread of smallpox impossible.

The smallpox is supposed to have been brought to the Seventy-first street neighborhood by Hall, who formerly was employed in a sand pit at Rochester, Ill.

SEEKS MISSING OBERLIN MAN.

J. V. Darist of Cleveland After His Son, Who Is Thought to Be in Chicago.

John V. Darist of Cleveland, O., arrived in Chicago last night to search for his son Charles, 17 years old, who disappeared from Oberlin College on last Saturday night. He came to Chicago, it is said, to marry a young woman who lives on the South Side and whom he met last summer while visiting one of his classmates in this city.

ROB AS POLICE SIT NEXT DOOR.

Bold Thieves Carry Away Plunder Within a Few Steps of East Chicago Avenue Station.

OTHERS DO HIGH AIR ACT.

Gain Entrance to House of E. W. Winters by Climbing to the Top of Another Structure.

DARING ON THE WEST SIDE.

Within twenty steps of the East Chicago Avenue Station burglars entered the dental rooms of Dr. P. William Thorelius yesterday and carried away gold and instruments worth $200.

Another daring North Side robbery was when thieves climbed over the roof of an unfinished house at 471 Elm street and secured $90 worth of valuables from the residence of Edwin W. Winter, 469 Elm street, before they were frightened away by servants.

The two robberies are supposed to have been committed by the gang which has been robbing many residences and stores on the North Side.

These Burglars Are Bold.

The robbery of the dentist's office was one of the boldest of the series. Entrance to the front door of the suite of rooms was effected by breaking the glass in a door. The thieves extinguished the gas burning in the hallway and then went directly into the workshop, where they secured all the gold crowns and fillings, together with all the loose scraps of gold. In an adjoining room a safe containing money and gold was tampered with but not opened.

The robbers evidently were frightened away by the appearance of the janitor before they had time to complete their work. At 4:30 o'clock in the morning the janitor noticed that the window was broken and the light put out. He returned to the upper floor for a lantern and revolver and when he came back heard the sound of footsteps on the first floor. The police a few steps away were notified but no arrests were made.

Dr. Thorelius believes a man who attempted to rob him on Aug. 2 had something to do with the affair. On that day his assistant, Dr. J. Clarence Jones, heard a man in the laboratory and found that a thief was carrying away the same drawer that was stolen yesterday morning. Jones made the man replace the drawer, and when the fellow drew a revolver he knocked the weapon from his hand and started the man towards the police station. He pleaded for mercy, saying his family would be disgraced and his life ruined. Dr. Jones finally released him.

Servant Spreads Alarm.

The housetop robbery was the cause of a scare when a servant of the Winters house ran screaming into the dining-room and declared that burglars were in the house. The police were notified and a patrol wagon filled with policemen hurried to the place.

It was found the residence had been entered through the window in the rear of the fifth floor, the thieves having climbed over the roof of an unfinished house on the east side of the Winters residence.

Two small gold watches and small pieces of jewelry were taken. The thieves escaped the same way they had entered.

Bold West Side Robbery.

While Inspector Heidelmeier's men were seeking to catch the North Side robbers the police of the West Side were on the lookout for thieves who are equally as bold. At 6 o'clock in the morning the West Side robbers entered the tailoring establishment of William Jacobson, 286 West Madison street, and stole goods worth $1,700.

A steel door guarding the front of the place and a heavily bolted inner door were forced by the thieves and bolts of cloth that covered four tables in the brilliantly lighted shop were carried into Madison street, where they were loaded into a waiting wagon and driven away.

The store is located near the corner of Morgan street and, with several others in the street, is guarded by Private Watchman Delaney. At 5:30 a. m. the watchman declares he examined the fastenings of the doors and peered into the place, which is illuminated during the night by an arc light, and found everything secure. At 6:10 Policeman Mooney found the doors thrown open and the place ransacked. The cable cars were passing carrying loads of early morning passengers during the robbery, but no one can be found by the police who saw either the wagon or thieves.

Turns His Love to Profit.

Between Cupid and cupidity Otto Stolsman, 19 years of age, did not hesitate, and as a result has lost both love and liberty. For the last year Stolsman, who resides at 1003 Girard avenue, has been the accepted suitor of Bessie Wendt, 73 South Center avenue, and during his frequent visits to the home of his sweetheart has become familiar with the family arrangements of the household.

The location of the family treasure was related to Otto. Yesterday the father had occasion to use a part of his savings, and found that the money, amounting to $90, was missing. Simultaneously with the discovery Bessie remembered that her lover had sent her from the room on the previous evening, and that the door of the bedroom was open on her return.

The police were notified and Stolsman was arrested. He confessed that he had taken the money. Half the amount was given to a companion, Ernest Krause, a printer, who also was arrested.

Strikes Woman; Steals Purse.

Mrs. Anna Abrahamson, 127 Walnut street, was passing an alley, between Lake street and Park avenue, last evening when she was struck in the face by a man, who grabbed her pocketbook and escaped. The purse contained $6. Mrs. Abrahamson screamed for help, and a number of men on the opposite side of the street chased the robber through an alley, but he escaped.

Police Raid a Flat.

A raid was made on the flat of Mrs. G. Dempsey, 138 Thirty-fifth street, yesterday and goods valued at $2,500 seized. The property is believed to be the proceeds of burglaries outside of Chicago. In the flat with Mrs. Dempsey was Maggie O'Brien, daughter of Nellie O'Brien, who is serving a sentence at Joliet for larceny. Mrs. Dempsey is the mother of Mrs. O'Brien.

WRECKED IN DARK SUBWAY

MRS. C. F. GUNTHER, HER SON, AND GUESTS IN PERIL.

Carriage Damaged by Running into Abutment Under the Pennsylvania Tracks at Sixty-fourth and State Streets—Then, When Danger of Death in Runaway Is Past, Trolley Car Strikes the Vehicle and Crushes It—Driver Thrown Under Horses.

The carriage in which Mrs. Charles F. Gunther, wife of the City Treasurer, her son, Captain Burnell Gunther, and their guests were riding at 1 o'clock yesterday morning was wrecked and the occupants had a narrow escape from death.

The accident occurred at the gloomy entrance to the long subway under the Pennsylvania railway at Sixty-fourth and State streets.

The party, including Mrs. Francis Smith of Tacoma, Wash., and Miss M. Batchuluel of Chattanooga, Tenn., had been attending a reception at the residence of Mrs. Thomas F. Indermille, 6618 Lafayette avenue, in honor of Mrs. Richard Yates. They were on their way back to the Gunther home, 1602 Indiana avenue.

Drives Into Subway Abutment.

Howard Corbin, driver of the carriage, was unable to see the abutments on each side of the driveway converging sharply to the subway. Without warning the pole of the vehicle struck a projecting corner and the horses were stopped instantly. The occupants of the carriage were thrown from their seats and Corbin fell over the dashboard. The horses snorted and reared, but Corbin darted out from beneath their hoofs practically unhurt.

As Captain Gunther opened a door of the vehicle and grasped the bridles to prevent a runaway the driver went to his aid.

"Hold them," said Gunther, "while I get the ladies out."

Captain Gunther lifted the women to the pavement and assisted them to the sidewalk. Then, returning to the carriage, he recovered the cloaks and a diamond pin which Miss Batchuluel had dropped in the carriage. The horses were still threatening to break loose and Captain Gunther assisted in unfastening the traces. The animals were led a short distance under the viaduct by Corbin, while Captain Gunther rejoined the women. They had gone but a short distance when Mrs. Smith thought of a card inscribed with Mrs. Yates' autograph which had been left behind.

Trolley Car Strikes Carriage.

Again Captain Gunther returned to the carriage, and was about to step inside when he heard the driver shouting. Through the fog the headlight of an electric car came into view. The rear wheels of the carriage were on the rails. The motorman failed to see the obstruction, and the vehicle was lifted from the tracks and thrown to the side of the street, a wreck.

Captain Gunther had seen the car in time to retreat to the sidewalk, and escaped injury. The women were some distance in the tunnel. One of the splinters struck Corbin as he was holding the horses near by, injuring his leg slightly.

The car ran half way through the tunnel before it was brought to a stop. The motorman was uninjured.

FIVE-YEAR-OLD CHICAGO GIRL DIES MYSTERIOUSLY.

Hoboken Police Hold Body of Child Whose Mother Declares It Had Taken Strychnine Pills for Candy.

New York, Nov. 19.—[Special.]—The strange circumstance of the death of little 5-year-old Emeline Dale of Chicago at a Hoboken hotel today led the police to order that the body be held until detectives can investigate the case.

The child died from poison. Mrs. Dale says the little one got up in the middle of the night and ate a number of gelatine-coated strychnine tablets which looked like candy.

Hervey S. Dale, the child's father, will arrive here tomorrow night and until his coming the police will not allow the child's body to be moved. The tragic death of the little girl was the culminating event in the domestic differences of the Dales.

Russell Dale, uncle of the child, arrived from Chicago this morning to get little Emeline away from Mrs. Dale if possible and carry her back to Chicago. He came at the instance of his brother, who is an insurance manager for the Union Mutual Life Insurance company, with offices in the Dexter Building, at 86 Adams street.

Mrs. Dale arrived from Chicago on Saturday morning. With her was the little girl and E. Waller, a handsome young man, a foreigner.

They went to Busch's Hotel at Third and Hudson streets, Hoboken. Shortly after midnight this morning Mrs. Dale rang her bell and asked that a doctor be called. Dr. Kudlich came and staid two hours, and the child seemed to be out of danger, but died.

Mrs. Dale said the strychnine tablets were some she had been taking for an injury received in Chicago.

H. S. Dale is manager for the Union Mutual Life of Portland, Me. His directory address is 107 Thirty-seventh street. At that number last night it was said that he had moved some months ago, that previously his wife had been away, and that the daughter had been with her father.

AUSTRIA PLANS TO CONTROL DEALING IN GRAIN FUTURES.

Bill Introduced in Reichsrath Provides Strict Supervision of Board of Trade Dealings—Establish Gambling Limit.

VIENNA, Nov. 19.—The government introduced the long-expected produce exchange reform bill in the Reichsrath today. The bill does not prohibit dealing in futures on grain, but provides for a strict state supervision with the purpose of checking the unlawful use of the rules relating to futures. Quotations are to be made to sworn officials. Fictitious transactions with the object of affecting prices will be classed as felonies. Gambling beyond certain limits is prohibited.

MISS CORA FOX RETURNS HOME.

State Street Cashier's Latest Action Is as Mysterious as Her Disappearance—Won't Talk.

Cora Fox, the cashier of Rubel & Allegretti, who mysteriously disappeared last week, returned to her boarding-house at 431 Forty-seventh street yesterday afternoon. She went immediately to her apartment and declined to see any one.

"There is nothing to say about Miss Fox's disappearance and return except that she is well mentally and physically," said Mrs. A. Benjamin, who keeps the boarding-house.

It is said Miss Fox has not been away from Chicago.

ANTI-MACHINE IN HYDE PARK WINS.

Faction Opposed to the Lorimer Forces Successful in Numerous Precinct Club Elections.

JAMIESON IS DEFEATED.

Fails to Carry His Home District. A. R. Porter Also Meets His Waterloo in the Struggle.

SEVERAL FISTIC ARGUMENTS

Seventh Ward Is the Scene of Rows, in Which One Man Is Pounded and the Ballot Box Is Spilled.

COMPROMISE ON THE WEST SIDE.

Hyde Park revolted against the Lorimer-Jamieson machine last night. For the first time since the present constitution of the Republican party in Cook County was adopted there were spirited contests over the election of precinct club officers, and wherever they were held the anti-Lorimer people won.

In the Seventh Ward, to make things interesting, there were physical as well as political fights, and, while no serious injuries were inflicted, the situation was new to Hyde Park. In other wards the old program of perfunctory elections prevailed.

The Hyde Park results, however, were a marked victory for the anti-machine people, and it was only there any contests were had. The results were:

"Doc" Jamieson Is Beaten.

In the Sixth Ward the anti-machine people carried a majority of the precincts and defeated "Doc" Jamieson in his own, the Thirty-first, and A. R. Porter in his, the Fiftieth.

In the Seventh Ward the anti-machine men gained four precincts south of Sixty-third street and defeated Election Commissioner Malley in his precinct, the Twenty-fourth, and Town Collector Baird in his precinct, the Twenty-fifth.

The ward club elections, to which those of last evening were simply preliminary, will be held on next Tuesday. The results of last evening make the Hyde Park people believe they will carry the coming elections also.

"John the Butcher," Runs Things.

The two physical encounters in the Seventh Ward were in the Tenth and Thirty-first Precincts. The charge is made that both of them were provoked by the machine element.

In the Tenth Precinct, which was held at Skeels' Hall, 5127 State street, ex-Assessor Skeels was at the head of the machine forces and Thomas Marshall was holding the hat in which the ballots were being cast. It looked after awhile as if the anti-machine voters were getting the better of it, and Harry Skeels, in company with an importation from the west side of State street, familiarly known as "John the Butcher," attacked Marshall, knocked the hat from his hands and threw him out of the hall, after inflicting a black eye.

There was trouble at once and chairs and other things began to fly, but the machine faction under the leadership of Skeels and "John the Butcher" had possession of the hall and elected W. K. Woods as President while the opposition went across the street and chose Frank Pamby.

Some One Spills Ballot Box.

The election in the Thirty-first Precinct was held at Sixty-third street and Monroe avenue. This is a silkstocking territory and comprises the Republicans living in the best part of Woodlawn. There the candidates were R. F. Koip for the opposition and J. H. Wilkerson for the machine, and the contest was so close that at the finish the ballot-box was knocked out of the hands of the judges and there was a general row. The charge was made by the anti-machine people that the machine had imported a lot of outsiders not only to vote but to act in case [illegible] the physical row which ensued. Although no one was hurt, there were a number of blows struck and a breaking of glass in the front windows.

The four precincts in the ward which were carried by the anti-machine people in the face of opposition were the Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Forty-third, and Fifty-first. In the university precincts the machine made no fight and let the opposition have things their own way.

Sims May Be a Victor.

In the Forty-second Precinct, that in which County Attorney Sims, the President of the ward club, lives, there was a hard fight, and after it was over Sims claimed the victory by a narrow margin.

Reports from the Thirty-fourth Ward are that in the Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, and Tenth Precincts meetings were held in the homes of the machine men and only the Lorimer men were welcome. The anti-machine men say that at the home of F. B. Geiger, in the Sixth Precinct, the host was elected precinct President, and that nine votes were cast.

Results in Evanston Wards.

At the annual ward club elections of Evanston last night there was practically no contest except in the Seventh Ward. The results follow:

First Ward—President, R. B. Quinlan; Secretary, W. L. Conley.

Second Ward—President, L. E. Harding; Secretary, G. N. Woodley.

Third Ward—President, James Woods; Secretary, R. McKenna.

Fourth Ward—President, E. C. Crawford; Secretary, J. Whitfield.

Fifth Ward—President, J. F. Scott; Secretary, J. F. Sabasti.

Sixth Ward—President, James Mums; Secretary, G. N. Woodley.

Seventh Ward—President, E. H. Adams; Secretary, C. F. Stevens.

Moxley-Blount Fight Off.

In the Twentieth Ward the Moxley-Blount fight did not come to the surface. A compromise was effected whereby William J. Moxley will be permitted to name Charles Lichtenberger Jr. for President of the ward club and Fred M. Blount will be given his man, Homer K. Galpin, for secretary. This arrangement was told to the leaders in the various precincts, and there was no serious contest against the regular organization in any of the precincts. In the Eighth, however, some local feeling was expressed, re-

sulting in the election of precinct officers known to be anti-Blount. Here Charles L. Frey was elected President, William T. Miller secretary, and Harry F. Harvey secretary.

In the Seventh Precinct some anti-machine feeling was evidenced by the faction led by W. S. Maple. After considerable wrangling and charges of stuffing the ballot box on the part of the opposition to the machine the regular precinct ticket was declared elected.

In the other precincts there were local contests, but the Blount-Moxley controversy did not enter into the fight, owing to the compromise.

Contest in Twenty-seventh Ward.

In the Twenty-seventh Ward the only contest was between the followers of former Assistant State's Attorney McEwen and Alderman Henry Wulff. Both leaders are friendly to William Lorimer and are prepared to fight for his interests. Local differences were the only ones that figured in the few contests for control of the precinct clubs. Neither Wulff nor McEwen made any determined attempt to carry the ward, the fight being confined to a few precincts.

Wulff carried the elections in the majority of the northern precincts of the ward and McEwen leaders were successful in the southern portion. It is probable that a compromise ticket will be elected by the ward club.

The Organization committee of the County Central committee probably will be called upon to decide the fight in the Sixth Precinct, in which Alderman Wulff resides. In this precinct the Wulff people claim to have a decided majority. Paul Dinze, McEwen leader in the precinct, is said to have been aware of the fact. It is declared he failed to issue a regular call for a precinct meeting and the Wulff followers were unable to find where it was held. Every hall in the ward was visited by the Wulff leaders, but no signs of a meeting discovered.

Alderman Wulff finally assembled his followers in Thies' Hall. Those chosen were: Henry Wulff Jr., President; Emil Frisch, Vice President; L. P. Forrest, Secretary; Hugo Schoessling, Treasurer; and Henry Gerkin, Captain.

Alderman Wulff will ask the Organization committee to declare his precinct organization the regular one.

Paul Dinze was elected President and William Harmon Secretary of the McEwen faction of the Sixth Precinct club.

Two sets of officers were also elected in the Twentieth Precinct, where the Wulff people hold their election on Saturday night.

FAMILY OF THREE FOUND MURDERED IN RESIDENCE.

A. P. Wilcox, His Wife, and Their Two-Year-Old Son Killed in Mysterious Manner in Home at Downey, Cal.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 19.—The dead bodies of A. P. Wilcox, wife, and 2-year-old son were found in their home at Downey, twelve miles from this city, today. All the bodies were horribly mutilated, and the condition of the premises indicated that the murderer or murderers had met with a fierce resistance. Wilcox and his family had been shot and then cut to pieces with a knife.

The crime was discovered when a neighbor called at the house and found it evidently abandoned. On forcing the door he found the bodies on the floor. The woman had been shot while carrying a plate from the stove to the table. The baby lay in the middle of the room, while the body of the father was near the door. It is supposed the crime was committed two or three days ago.

WOMEN ON ST. LOUIS FAIR BOARD

National Commission Meets and Votes on the Appointments of Lady Managers.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—The National commission of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition met today. All the names of lady managers thus far submitted by the commissioners were voted on, the appointments being final. The list now consists of Miss Helen M. Gould of New York, Mrs. John A. McCall of New York, Mrs. John M. Holcombe of Hartford, Conn.; Mrs. Anna L. Dawes of Pittsfield, Mass.; Mrs. Pamela L. Porter of Atlanta, Ga.; Mrs. Frederick Hanger of Little Rock, Ark.; Mrs. W. E. Andrews of Hastings, Neb.; Mrs. Helen Boice Hunsicker of Philadelphia. Mrs. James L. Blair of St. Louis; Mrs. W. A. Roebling of Trenton, N. J.; Mrs. Jennie Gilmore Knott of Louisville, Ky.; Mrs. Belle Everest of Atchison, Kas.; and Mrs. M. H. De Young of San Francisco.

GIVES JEWELS TO ART SOCIETY.

Mrs. C. K. Adams Presents Madison, Wis., Association with $10,000 in Gems, Besides Paintings.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Mrs. C. K. Adams has presented the Madison Art association with her jewels, valued at $10,000. They will be sold and the proceeds applied to furthering the objects of the society. She also deposited with the Historical society the collection of paintings and other objects of art which she and Dr. Adams had collected. This collection, containing many rare and beautiful pictures, will form the nucleus of what the association hopes in time to make a large and representative art collection.

WOMAN UNABLE TO TELL NAME.

Taken to Harrison Street Station by Cabman After Failing to Find Her Home.

A well dressed woman, 40 years old, was taken to the Harrison Street Police Station last night in the cab of John Mahar in a dazed condition. She could give no account of herself or even tell her name. She appeared to have been drugged. Mahar told the police that he was standing in Monroe street, near Dearborn, when the woman staggered against his cab. She asked him to drive her to 3222 Calumet avenue, where she said she lived. There no one knew her.

ENGINEER DIES AT HIS POST.

Mischel Spaeth, Veteran Railroad Man, Ends His Career While Holding Throttle of Locomotive.

"I want to die before I grow too old to run an engine," Michael Spaeth often told his friends. Yesterday, 60 years old and growing feeble, Spaeth had his wish. With his fireman, Michael Lane, he was in the cab drawing a heavy freight train. Near Forty-fourth street he gave a gasp and fell forward dead. Spaeth had been in the employ of the Lake Shore railroad thirty-five years, lived at 3115 Wabash avenue, and was reputed worth $70,000.

POLICE RESERVES ARE CALLED.

Precautions Taken in New York to Protect Railroad Yards from Striking Switchmen.

New York, Nov. 20, 2 a. m.—[Special.]—Police reserves have been called out to protect the Mott Haven yards of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad. The switchmen struck last night on account of the discharge of one of their number. Special officers have been on duty in the freight yards all night, but to guard against possible outbreak it was decided to call out the reserves early this morning.

CHICAGOANS IN NEW VENTURE.

Grove City Oil and Gas Company, with Capital of $500,000, Incorporated in New Jersey.

Dover, Del., Nov. 19.—The Grove City Oil and Gas company of Chicago was incorporated here today with a capital of $500,000. The object of the company is to acquire oil lands in Kentucky. Incorporators, Benjamin Carney, Chicago; Elisa E. Cato, and Ida Mathrene, Oak Park, Ill.

LAW TO PREVENT "L" LINE WRECKS

Alderman Smulski, in View of Many Disasters, Will Ask Council to Act.

FOG COSTS THREE LIVES.

All Elevated Roads Have Collisions, the Victims Numbering Two Score.

WOES FOR SURFACE CARS.

As a result of a series of disastrous collisions on the elevated railroads of Chicago yesterday morning while a dense fog prevailed, an ordinance will be introduced next Monday in the City Council designed to prevent such accidents in the future.

The ordinance is being prepared by Alderman John F. Smulski of the Seventeenth Ward, and will provide for the compulsory introduction of a system of signaling the arrival and departure of all trains from stations during heavy storms or while the atmospheric conditions are such as to make traveling dangerous.

The deaths of three men and injuries to perhaps two score others resulted from accidents that happened during the time the fog was thickest early in the morning. All of the precautions taken by the roads for the protection of life and limb proved insufficient in the dense vail of mist.

No less than seven rear-end collisions happened within fifteen minutes on the Metropolitan, the Lake Street, the Northwestern, and the South Side Alley "L," causing a complete suspension of traffic for some time and creating scenes of wild confusion.

Fear Fog This Morning.

While Professor Cox, the weather forecaster, refused to venture a prediction as to the likelihood of a repetition of the fog this morning, conditions at 3 a. m. indicated that the atmosphere would become dense along about the hour of dawn.

Trainmen on both the elevated and surface lines were visibly nervous, and all declared that if another fog should come they would stop their cars rather than risk more horrors like the one of yesterday morning.

Signal Systems Useless.

During the dense fog which caused the accidents signal lights failed to convey any warning to motormen. The sounds of tooting whistles seemed to carry no further than the front of the trains. The block system of automatic signals proved useless for the reason that human vision would not penetrate the thick bank of mist.

Hampered by these conditions the elevated road employés practically were helpless and sought safety in bringing their trains to a standstill.

The adoption of this plan was followed by one of the fatal collisions on the Metropolitan Elevated, and the development of heroic qualities in Otto H. Lehnert, 941 North Wood street, a conductor on one of the trains involved in the crash. Lehnert's train had stopped for the fog to rise and he had taken his position on the platform of the rear coach with a lighted lantern which he waved as a warning to the motorman on the approaching train.

Sticking to his post until the crash came Lehnert was crushed between the trains and died soon afterward at the Presbyterian Hospital.

Finds Death He Fears.

Another victim of the morning, Thomas Meeny, an elevator conductor in the employ of the Union Traction company, whose mother resides at 213 North Wood street, went to his death with a premonition of impending harm. When he left his home Meeny remarked to his younger brother that he feared there would be a number of collisions on the elevated lines because of the fog. He deliberated whether to ride to his work on a surface car, and then for the sake of saving time he went to the elevated station.

He was riding on the rear platform of a Logan square train when the collision took place, and was killed instantly.

The third fatality to be ascribed to the fog was the death of John Travis, 1438 West Congress street, a motorman employed on the Harrison street electric line. Travis was switching his car at Kedzie avenue, when a west-bound car came along. In the darkness Travis could not see the approaching vehicle and was knocked down and run over. Both of his legs were cut off. He was taken to St. Anthony's Hospital, where he died last evening at 7 o'clock.

Wrecks Confuse Officials.

The officials of the railroad companies were at their wits' ends when report after report came pouring into their offices telling of disastrous collisions.

H. M. Brinckerhoff, general manager of the Metropolitan elevated, had telephoned from his residence to the general offices at 169 Jackson boulevard, giving orders for the most cautious movement of the trains, and was preparing to start down-town when he received the news of the first wreck.

Before he could reach his office two other collisions had taken place on the system.

Tells of "Safety" Devices.

"Every precaution known to railroading has been taken by our company to prevent such accidents as we had this morning," said Mr. Brinckerhoff. "We have the block signal system at every curve west of the Marshfield junction, and the line east from the junction is amply guarded by automatic appliances which will stop any train approaching too close to another train. In spite of all this the fog made it impossible for the trainmen to prevent accidents.

"One of the rules of the company is that a motorman must have a clear track for at least the length of two trains ahead of him. One of the men with whom I talked said he thought he had a clear track for the required distance, and that a moment later a bank of fog settled on the structure and left him in darkness.

"The next thing he knew his train had run into another which had stopped. He was running slowly at the time, but had no opportunity to stop his train before it was too late. I fail to see where any more safeguards can be found than we already have in use to prevent accidents."

"We cannot find a block signal system that will work perfectly on an elevated road," said Frank Hedley, General Superintendent Elevated lines. "Trains are running so frequently and the signals are called upon to act with such rapidity, as compared with steam railroads, that they cannot be depended upon.

"Our employes are under orders to keep their trains under such control that they can be stopped within the distance they can see ahead of them. This morning the motormen had stretches of track where they could see 300 or 400 feet ahead, and then they would suddenly run into a bank of fog where everything was blotted out of sight at a distance of twenty-five feet.

"Under such conditions it is a wonder more accidents did not take place, for the men were placed at a terrible disadvantage."

Fog Unusually Dense.

The fog was one of remarkable density and was accompanied by an unusually heavy frost. Observations at the weather bureau early in the morning showed a total precipitation of one-three hundredth of an inch, a record which Professor Cox stated was most unusual. The combination of frost and fog was against the safe operation of the elevated trains, the rails being so slippery that brakes were almost useless.

Worst of the Accidents.

The most disastrous of all the accidents took place on the Metropolitan road between Adams and Monroe streets, on the Logan and Humboldt Park branch, shortly after 7 o'clock in the morning. A Logan Square train had stopped south of Monroe street a short distance, and was being held by the motorman until the block signal guarding the curve at Adams street would permit him to proceed. While this train waited a Humboldt Park train left the Madison street station, in charge of Motorman Oscar F. Westman.

There is a down grade south from the Madison street station, and Westman shut off the electric current and allowed his train to run by its own momentum. Suddenly he saw the rear coach of the Logan Square train loom out of the fog, not more than fifteen feet ahead. He applied the brakes, but the wheels slid along the frosty rails and his train crashed into the one ahead.

Both trains were so crowded with passengers that the platforms were packed. On the platform of the Logan Square train stood a dozen or more young men, among whom were Thomas Meeney, William Upton, and Fred Jones.

Crash Kills and Maims.

Meeney died instantly, a portion of the broken framework crushing his skull. Jones was caught between two timbers of the platform and both of his legs practically were severed. Upton received internal injuries, and nearly every passenger on the platform was hurt more or less severely.

The passengers of both trains were panic-stricken. Men and women were hurled from their seats and thrown from their feet. The shattering of windows, the rending of iron and wood, the tremendous jolt of the coaches, all led the passengers to believe that the train was about to be thrown from the elevated structure to the ground. Many women made frantic attempts to leap through the windows, but were restrained by the men.

The conductors and guards had to call to their assistance some of the cooler-headed passengers before a semblance of quiet could be restored.

Conductor Gives His Life.

While the injured were being cared for and patrol wagons were hurrying to the hospitals with maimed, another wreck took place on the Metropolitan road at Chicago avenue and Paulina street. It was in this wreck that Conductor Lehnert of a Humboldt Park train lost his life in the performance of his duty. His train had gone but a short distance south of the Chicago avenue station when the motorman stopped on account of the dense fog, fearing an accident should he proceed further.

Lehnert went to the rear platform with a lighted lantern, intending to walk back to warn any approaching train. Before he could carry out his purpose a south-bound Logan Square train came through the fog. The conductor swung his lantern and shouted at the top of his voice, but the motorman on the approaching train did not see or hear the warning until he was within twenty feet. Then he shut off the current and applied the brakes.

Although the wheels of the train slid over the frost-coated rails with a barely perceptible diminution of speed, the motorman's efforts were not in vain, as only one passenger was hurt. When the crash came Lehnert was still on the platform waving his lantern. The vestibule of his train was crushed like an egg shell and he was caught in the wreckage. He died soon after his removal to the Presbyterian Hospital. He was 24 years old and had been in the company's employ three years. He leaves a widow and an infant son.

Lake Street "L" Collisions.

There were two collisions on the Lake Street Elevated, both within a space of fifteen minutes, but none attended by fatalities. The worst of these took place near the Homan avenue station. The fog had impeded the progress of the east-bound train in charge of Conductor H. F. Hannum, and it was just about to leave the Homan avenue station when another train following it came out of the fog not twenty feet away. It was too late to avert a collision, although the motorman made all possible efforts.

As in the other wrecks, the wildest excitement prevailed among the passengers. Flying pieces of glass were responsible for many cuts on the hands and faces of women and men, many of the former fainting.

The other collision on the Lake street "L" was at the Ann street station. This accident was less serious.

Alley "L" Suffers.

The Alley "L" collision was between two trains which were proceeding to the Stony Island terminus to begin their day's run. Neither was carrying passengers, and when one dashed into the other the result was a severe shaking up of the train crews.

Northwestern Has Woes.

The Northwestern Elevated had its share of trouble, but escaped without any of its patrons being injured. Two of its trains came together shortly before 8 o'clock near the Division street station and smashed a number of window panes besides jolting up the passengers.

While the elevated trains were running into each other the Police department was in a state of activity the like of which has not been witnessed at the stations for many days. Calls for ambulances and patrol wagons came into the West Side police stations with such rapidity that in the course of a few minutes the entire resources of the department had been exhausted.

Troubles of Surface Lines.

The surface lines did not escape. They, too, had their place in the list of fog disasters. A Rock Island suburban train had a rear-end collision with a Lake Shore suburban train at Thirty-third street, but as both trains were moving cautiously nobody was hurt and slight damage was inflicted. Illinois Central suburban trains also were in collision, but no one was hurt.

Two cable trains on the Madison street line collided at Paulina street while the fog was thickest, but no harm was done. Teams were run into and pedestrians had narrow escapes. No part of the city was free from accidents.

OLD MILL SAWS ITS LAST LOG.

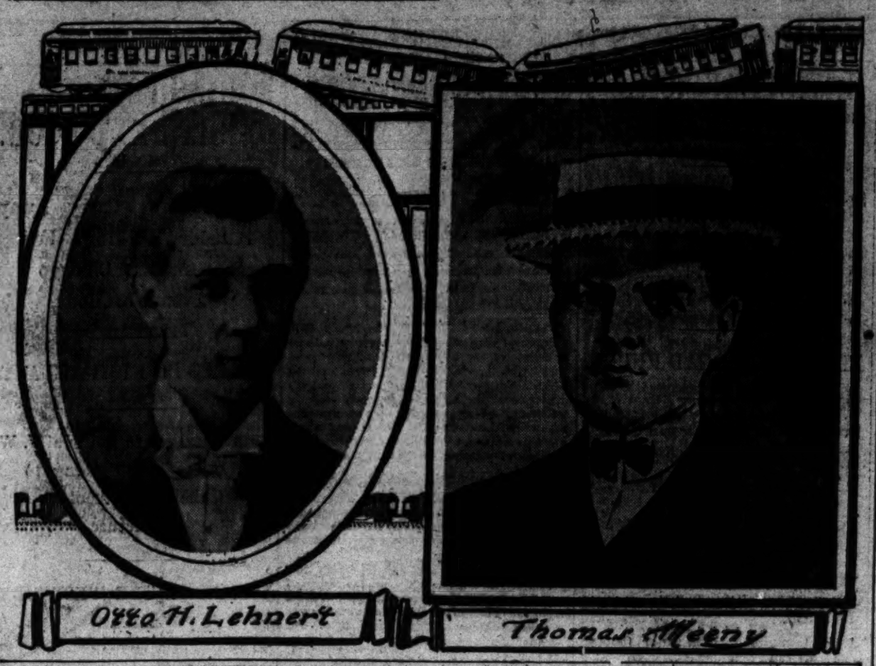
Flags Fly at Marinette, Wis., to Mark Closing of the Menominee River Lumber Company.

Marinette, Wis., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—This morning at 10 o'clock the Menominee River Lumber company, of which Jesse Spalding of Chicago is President and chief stockholder, sawed its last log. There was flying of flags and the boom of dynamite to mark the close of the lumber operations of a concern that has sawed logs for nearly fifty years on the Menominee.

At 10 there was only one log at the bottom of the sluiceway. The men stopped long enough to decorate it with flags and the log was hauled up into the mill and given over to the saws, while dynamite cartridges outside boomed the news.

A mill was located on the present site in 1851. Jesse Spalding was interested in the concern from its inception. The mill has cut over a billion feet of lumber, valued at over $15,000,000, from 150,000 acres of land.

TWO OF THE THREE MEN WHO WERE KILLED IN CAR LINE FOG DISASTER.



VICTIMS OF THE FOG ACCIDENTS ON ELEVATED AND SURFACE LINES.

THE KILLED.

LEHNERT, OTTO H., 941 North Wood street, conductor on south-bound Humboldt Park train; caught between rear car of his train and motor car of Logan Square train while waving a lantern to warn the Logan Square train; right leg crushed and internal injuries; died four fours later at St. Elizabeth's Hospital; accident occurred near the Chicago avenue station of the Metropolitan "L."

MEENY, THOMAS, aged 16 years, 213 North Wood street; crushed to death while standing on the rear platform of Logan Square train that was crashed into by Humboldt Park train near Adams street, on the Metropolitan "L."

TRAVIS, JOHN, 1438 West Congress street, motorman on Harrison street electric line; was switching at Harrison street and Kedzie avenue when a west-bound car struck him and cut off both legs; taken to St. Anthony's Hospital, where he died at 7 p. m.

THE INJURED.

Metropolitan "L," Adams Street.

Anderson, Peter, 20 years old, 645 West Chicago avenue; head and body bruised; taken to Presbyterian Hospital; critical.

Arehan, Edward, 21 years old, 911 North Hoyne avenue; left foot crushed; taken home.

Baumgart, A. E., 34 years old, 726 North Artesian avenue; left knee contused; taken to County Hospital.

Davis, Louis, 57 years old, 585 North avenue; head and body injured; taken to County Hospital.

England, Oscar, 33 years old, machinist, 911 North Hoyne avenue; left foot injured; removed to his home.

Field, W. E., guard, 1178 Armitage avenue; shoes torn from feet, flesh lacerated; taken home.

Gallagher, Charles, 17 years old, 463 Erie street; foot crushed; taken to County Hospital.

Gamaug, Howard, 440 Grand avenue; toes crushed; taken to Presbyterian Hospital.

Goldberg, Adolph, 2 years old, 750 North Rockwell street; tailor; left knee fractured; taken to County Hospital.

Lalip, Fred, 24 years old, 441 Winchester avenue; right arm and right leg fractured; taken to St. Elisabeth's Hospital.

Jones, Fred, 560 Austin avenue, both legs cut off; taken to Presbyterian Hospital.

Johnson, John, 17 years old, 922 North Maplewood avenue; back injured; removed to his home.

Sckweib, Fred, 40 years old, 960 Hanocck avenue; contusion of left foot; taken to Presbyterian Hospital.

Twohey, Harry, 13 years old, 514 Austin avenue; body bruised, leg fractured; taken to County Hospital.

Upton, William, 16 years old, 437 West Ohio street; internally injured; taken home.

Metropolitan "L," Chicago Avenue.

Weismuller, Miss Hattie, 18 years old, 305 North Armitage avenue; face and head bruised; fainted from fright; taken home.

Lake Street "L," Homan Avenue.

Button, F. S., conductor; struck on the head by flying splinters; slight bruises.

Carr, Miss Annie, 26 years old, 62 North Fairfield court; cut about hands and face; taken home; not serious.

Cheney, J. W., 38 years old, 327 Wisconsin avenue, Oak Park; hands severely lacerated by shattered glass; taken home.

Hannum, H. F., conductor; slightly cut about the hands and wrists; not serious.

Ireland, C. P., 34 years old, telegraph operator, 67 South Forty-third court; both legs broken between the knee and ankle, internal injuries; taken home; condition critical.

Jackson, Miss Esther, 17 years old, clerk, 1522 West Park avenue; severe contusion on forehead, slip lacerated; taken home; not serious.

Laflin, Annie, 2005 Carroll avenue; spine injured; taken home.

Laflin, Elsie, 2005 Carroll avenue; bruised and back injured; taken home.

Nunn, Frank, Motorman, 1476 West Lake street; cut about face and head.

Mangus, J. H., 39 years old, printer, 647 Carroll avenue; taken home.

Soderberg, Harold, 23 years old, clerk, 5044 Augusta street; right leg severely bruised and lacerated; internal injuries; taken home; condition serious.

Alley "L," Madison Avenue.

Bennet, Bert, motorman; cut on the chin.

Davis, H., 6222 Madison avenue; 43 years old; struck by piece of iron falling from the elevated structure.

Gillow, Edward, 6441 Evans avenue; motor inspector; cut about the head.

Johnson, Edward, motorman, 719 Sixty-third street; cut about the head and bruised.

Murtaugh, John, 719 Sixty-third street, conductor; cut with glass on right hand.

Murphy, John, bruises about the body and cut on the head.

Miscellaneous.

Blahm, Frank, teamster, 511 West Fourteenth street; struck by a west-bound Twenty-second street trolley car while driving during the fog in Paulina street; shoulder dislocated; taken home.

Traeger, W. C., 37 years old, 435 Roscoe street; fell while attempting to board a south-bound Lincoln avenue cable train at Wrightwood avenue; right foot crushed; taken home.

BUFFALO TREASURY SHORT

MAYOR REMOVES OFFICIAL AND $50,000 IS MISSING.

Accountant Finds Books False and Examination Still Continues—Accused Man Declares Money Is Not Gone—Friends Attempt to Replace Deficit and Attorney Claims Back Tax Collectors Did the Stealing and That His Client Is Victim.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Mayor Diehl this morning suspended City Treasurer Philip Gerst.

The notice of suspension is a brief document, which will be succeeded by a more lengthy one when formal charges are preferred. It rehearses briefly the findings of Expert Accountant Martin P. McKenna, who was put to work last week examining the affairs in Mr. Gerst's office. Briefly, it accuses Mr. Gerst of keeping inaccurate and false books of account, whereby he made it appear that the amount of money in the office was $50,000 greater than the actual amount in hand.

The plan of procedure now will be to have Accountant McKenna continue with his examination of the books and to make a final report to the Mayor, who will then formulate charges against Mr. Gerst, and as sole judge conduct a hearing. If Mr. Gerst can vindicate himself he will be exonerated and reinstated, if he cannot he will be relieved from office.

Mr. Gerst was seen in his office a few minutes after he had been officially notified of his suspension and made the following statement:

"I don't care to discuss the matter in detail at present. The books of my office are undergoing an examination by an expert accountant and the result of that examination will show that every cent of the city's money is in the banks or in the office of the Treasurer at this moment. Notwithstanding the charges of the Mayor the City of Buffalo will not lose a single penny through my administration of the office of City Treasurer."

PEORIA MAN TAKES LONG NAP.

James A. Harris, Who Fell Asleep on Nov. 7, Still Dreaming and Cannot Be Awakened.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 19.—James A. Harris, aged 67 years, a potter by trade and father of ten children, went to sleep on the morning of Nov. 7 and all efforts to awaken him have so far proved unavailing. He seems in a sound sleep and has been kept alive by milk and wine, which have been forced down his throat. Attending physicians are at a loss to understand the case, although they say they think it is a case of hemorrhage of the brain. Harris recently removed to Peoria from Orange Prairie, Ill.

Fixed the Minister and He Needed Looking After.

"In a minister's family in Los Angeles where I was visiting some time ago, the wife complained of serious indigestion and dyspepsia. She admitted that she used coffee and said she more than half believed that was the trouble. I told her that I knew it was the trouble, for I had gone through with the experience myself and had only been cured when I left off coffee and took up Postum Food Coffee.

"She said she had tried the Postum, both for herself and her husband, but they did not like it. With her permission, I made Postum next morning myself, and boiled it full fifteen minutes after the real boiling of the pot began. Then when it was served, it was a rich, deep brown color, and had the true flavor and food value that every Postum maker knows. It is all folly to talk about trying to make Postum with one or two minutes' steeping.

"You can't get something good for nothing. It must be boiled, boiled, boiled, and to keep it from boiling over, use small lump of butter, perhaps twice the size of a pea. That morning the minister and his wife liked Postum so well that their whole lives were changed on the question of diet, and they abandoned coffee at once and for all time.

"Now after a hard day's work, they are comforted, refreshed, and rested by a cup of well-made Postum for supper. They are both enthusiastic in its praise. The wife has entirely recovered from her dyspepsia. I will not go into the details of my own case, except to say that I was a desperate sufferer with dyspepsia, and discovered by leaving off coffee that coffee was the cause of it. I quickly got well when I took up Postum Food Coffee. I earnestly hope that many more coffee drinkers may get their eyes open." Name and address given by Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich

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Constipation & Piles *and will help you.*

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GROSSCUP HALTS THE EQUALIZE

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United States Marshal Hitch served a copy of the Grosscup writ on the members of the board tonight. It will be seen there is conflict of authority is imminent between State and federal authorities, unless Judge Grosscup and Judge Humphrey, who on Thursday, to grant the writ of injunction asked by the Union Traction company and the Consolidated Traction company against the State Board of Equalization.

The sessions here before the board today were of unusual interest, James F. Meagher appearing for the People's Gas Light and Coke company, and a brief by William G. Beale was read on behalf of the Chicago Edison company. Both attorneys declared the proposed assessments excessive and unjust in comparison with other property in the State.

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For the gas company Mr. Meagher suggested that a fair proposition would be to increase the assessment $9,768,000, of 20 per cent could be assessed as capital stock. This proposition was an unexpected concession and many members considered it worth consideration. It would add nearly 20 per cent to the taxes of the company.

The members of the Capital Stock committee spent the afternoon and evening in the upper chamber of the Leland Hotel preparing a report in accordance with the Thompson opinion, which requires them to assess twenty of the great corporations in Chicago. It is supposed that with these corporations credit for the amount of money which they paid under the findings of the board a year ago. The members are in a quandary, because they have not the slightest information or intimation as to what Judge Thompson wants or with what he will be satisfied. Last night the Judge ordered, in substance, that the decision was plain and the members of the board ought to know what to do.

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The speaker maintained that the Chicago corporations already were paying their share of taxation and that any additional tax was extortion, and he predicted that the whole fabric of government in Illinois would topple over if the board persisted in raising values beyond reasonable limits.

"The law contemplates," said he, "that you shall first equalize the different pieces of property in the State between the different counties, so that no one county will bear a particular class of property higher than another county. After this is done it is your duty to assess the property over which you have original jurisdiction in a fair and impartial manner and in reasonable uniformity with the assessment of all other property. All I ask for my clients is that your proportion of actual value other classes of property is assessed and then assess the people's Gaslight and Coke company on that basis."

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In describing the method by which Chicago corporations are asked to pay taxes on the value of their property by the decision of the Supreme Court, Mr. Meagher became indignant. "Asked to pay?" and his indignation was so great that he stopped a moment to recover his breath. "Asked to pay? We are driven with a club to pay, with a club. That's the way we look at it."

In his judgment the assessed price of Illinois cattle in 1900, which averaged $20 per head, was a travesty. Judge Wall and Tanner offered to deliver for one hundred Meagher all the cattle in Egypt, south of Baltimore and Ohio railroad, for an average rate of $20 a head. Mr. Works and Mr. Barnes charged that Mr. Meagher was basing his estimate on the sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange in Chicago, and then they confessed as much. Then he was asked if he was willing that the value put upon the nation's securities should be fixed by the prices on the Stock Exchange, 20 per cent of such value being taken as the assessed value for purposes of taxation. Mr. Meagher replied by stating that if he was assessed on 20 per cent of a fair proportion value he had nothing further to say.

Mr. Meagher left copies of his brief with the committee. In this he figures that the amount of capital stock of the People's Gaslight company at $28,668,800, the total indebtedness at $34,496,000, a grand aggregate of $63,164,800. He expressed a willingness to pay on a 40 per cent valuation, which would sum, or $25,265,000. He maintained that forty per cent was a fair valuation of all corporate property in the State.

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Chicago Edison Brief Rea

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In speaking of the values of the property stock of the Edison company Mr. Beale contends that much of it is valueless when connected from special uses. He says the value of the Chicago ordinance being void the company is unascertainable, declaring even would-be purchasers and sellers of the Commonwealth ordinance, suppose

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In speaking of the values of the capital stock of the Edison company Mr. Beale contends that much of it is valueless when disconnected from special uses. He says the value of the Chicago ordinance belonging to the company is unascertainable, depending, as would-be purchasers and sellers. The Commonwealth ordinance, supposed to be worth millions, was sold for $160,000. He speaks of the difficulty experienced in arriving at the value of the company's stocks, which are not listed stocks on an exchange.

The claim is made that higher taxes and lower stock market quotations must run together. Mr. Beale goes on to say:

"This company is entirely willing to pay its full, fair share of the public taxes, but it objects to paying more than its just share. It considers overtaxation to be an injustice in the case of a corporation as much as in the case of an individual.

"The equalizing function is one of the most important functions of the board, and it exists quite as distinctly with respect to capital stock assessments as with regard to any other work."

Declares Figures Exorbitant.

Mr. Beale presents comparisons in figures showing the enormous and exorbitant assessment on Chicago companies, as compared with similar institutions in smaller cities in Illinois. He holds that in 1900 property in the State was not assessed at one-fifth of anywhere near its full cash value. Mr. Beale goes on to say that, if the board shall construe the law as requiring it to take as the basis of capital stock assessment for 1900 one-fifth of a valuation of the total shares of the corporation, based wholly upon market quotations, the board ought to set forth in its proceedings and records that the assessment is made under the mandate of the court, and the board ought to state distinctly that, in its opinion, the assessment is not upon the same basis as the assessment of other property for 1900, so the corporations affected may be able to be heard. He continues:

"One of two courses should be followed—either the board should exercise its own honest, independent judgment concerning the amount of the assessment commanded for 1900 upon the few corporations concerned; or, if it thinks itself constrained by the judgment and writ of the court, it should honestly and frankly say so in connection with its action."

Valuations in Cook County.

He presents figures in Cook County, claiming the assessable property amounts to $1,200,000,000, as shown by insurance premiums. The land valuation added gives $2,450,000,000 as the fair total for all property. Chicago alone had in 1900 locals of $342,000,000, at least one-half of which comes from residents. All Cook County property is assessed on a valuation of $260,000,000, or one-fifth of $1,300,000,000.

In conclusion Mr. Beale waives no rights to contest the validity of the assessments.

GROSSCUP ISSUES THE ORDER.

Federal Judge's Action a Surprise to All Except the Traction Companies' Attorneys.

Traction interests scored their first point against the State Board of Equalization yesterday when Judge P. S. Grosscup in his chambers in the Monadnock Building issued an injunction under the petition filed recently at Springfield, temporarily restraining the State officials from making an assessment for taxes for 1900 against the Chicago Union and the Chicago Consolidated Traction companies.

Not even the clerks of the federal courts in the Monadnock Building knew that Judge Grosscup had issued the temporary order until the announcement was received from Springfield that notice had been served there on the members of the board. The order was secured by Attorneys Henry Crawford and W. W. Gurley, representing the Chicago traction companies. They had tried in vain to secure such an order from Judge Humphrey when he was sitting in the Federal Court of Appeals in Chicago last week. Judge Humphrey refused to take any action on an ex parte hearing, and he told the lawyers that they must give notice to the other side so that both parties might be represented in the arguments.

The lawyers explained to Judge Grosscup the State board members unless restrained by a temporary order would proceed to make the assessments without delay, and would thus accomplish what the traction companies are seeking to prevent.

Judge Grosscup read the petition through and then issued his writs.

Without delay notice of the issuance of the order was telegraphed to Springfield, and later in the afternoon a messenger was sent to serve copies of the order on the defendants.

These orders simply prevent the defendants from doing anything to change the status of the cases previous to the hearing at Springfield on Thursday.

Judge Grosscup probably will sit with Judge Humphrey during the arguments on the cases. The suits were filed in the jurisdiction of Judge Humphrey, and it is said to be unusual for a federal Judge in one district to enter an order applying to another.

Attorney Crawford was asked to tell the reason for securing the injunction without notice to the other side. He said: "It was not an ex parte hearing. The Judge was there, and so was I."

LEGAL NAME IS RAYMOND PARK.

Evanston City Council Takes Formal Action in Memory of Former Resident.

The City Council of Evanston took final action on the naming of the largest park of Evanston last evening. Hereafter the park, which lies north of Hinman avenue and west of Lake street, will be known as Raymond Park, in memory of the former President of Garrett Biblical Institute.

"Boro-Formalin" (Elmer & Amend) as an antiseptic, cleansing mouth and tooth wash, is unsurpassed.

CHICAGO UNIVERSITY "COED" WHO ELOPED.

Beulah Waters, a 19-year-old "coed" at the University of Chicago, gave up her diploma and braved her parents' anger in a runaway marriage to N. Elmo Franklin, a young stockman from Lexington, Ill. The pair are now in Chicago trying to intercept packages of the bride's belongings, sent from the girls' dormitory, before they reach the father of the bride.

BATTLE IN LAKE FEARED.

WARDEN AND FISHERS ON WAY TO DISPUTED WATERS.

Attempt to Remove Nets from Michigan Jurisdiction Almost Sure to Result in a Clash and Entire Fleet Will Act in Unison Against the Official from St. Joseph—Brewster Captures the Tackle, But Finds All Boats Outside of State's Control.

St. Joseph, Mich., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—A desperate battle in the lake between Deputy Game Warden Brewster's tugs and the fishing fleet is expected before morning. Marine men consider the situation serious and declare a combat practically inevitable.

The clash is likely to come before daylight, as it is understood that the fishers will attempt to take up nets which are illegally in Michigan waters near the Indiana line. These nets Brewster is anxious to add to a collection started this morning, and if he can catch the fishers in the act of raising them he will have a good case against the alleged law breakers.

Fleet Is Ready for Attack.

Report has it that the fishing fleet is in readiness for the officers' reception and will attempt to lure him into Indiana waters, where he has no authority, before making a united attack on his tug Dornabos. They hope to avenge the assault of yesterday when Brewster rammed one fishing boat and captured two others.

Of the three prizes—the Edwards, Cockle, and Ferry—only the Edwards put in at this port last night, as ordered by the Warden.

The fishers insist that they were in Indiana waters at the time of yesterday's raid, and that they have a case against the officer for illegally seizing vessels outside of his territory.

When the Warden's boat arrived on the fishing grounds just at daybreak today Brewster found the entire fleet of tugs lined up and operating in Indiana waters fully two miles from the Michigan line. The tugs remained motionless for some time, while Brewster with his ramming tug remained in Michigan water. Had the Warden's tug forced its way over the State water line, it is safe to say a struggle would have followed and in all probability the entire fleet would have made a savage attack upon the Warden's boat.

Brings in Captured Nets.

Brewster returned to this harbor at 5 o'clock tonight with a boatload of nets which were seized in Michigan waters during the day.

The nets still in the lake and which Brewster hopes to seize are valued at $5,000. The action of the fleet at Michigan City today is considered by the vessel owners of this city as a challenge from the tug commanders defying Brewster to follow them into Indiana waters.

EMPLOYER AT STRIKER'S LATHE.

H. H. Scoville Goes to Work in His Own Machine Shop—Popular with the Union.

H. H. Scoville, owner of the H. H. Scoville machine shops, 1088 Wilcox avenue, put on laborer's clothing yesterday morning and went to work as a machinist in his own shop. He had work to do and the International Association of Machinists had called a strike on his plant. To finish it he himself was forced to take hold of the lathes, and when the nine-hour day was over he declared his work had lifted years from his shoulders.

"I am a union man and I will remain one," said Mr. Scoville. "I am sorry, however, that my men have so little sense. I have but a small shop here, and work is hard to get. So when I had the chance to do the Allis-Chalmers work I took it and I will do it, union or no union."

"He is working, is he?" asked Secretary Ireland. "Well, he is a good fellow, and I hate to see him have to buckle down. He is one of the oldest and the fairest machinists in the city, but he touched work he knew would burn his fingers, and now he has to suffer."

LEGAL BATTLE OVER A DOG.

R. L. Taylor and Daniel Jackson Both Claim the Animal and Justice Underwood Must Decide.

Justice Underwood will decide this afternoon the ownership of an English pointer dog. Robert L. Taylor, clerk in the Election Commissioner's office, secured the dog on Sunday on a search warrant. The premises searched are owned by Daniel Jackson, undertaker at 2806 State street, and nominee at the last county election for Commissioner on the Republican ticket. Both men claim the dog and a bitter legal controversy is expected.

DIES WHILE MAKING ADDRESS.

Dr. Dwight W. Day Expires Suddenly on Platform at Eau Claire, Wis., Medical Society Meeting.

Eau Claire, Wis., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Dr. Dwight W. Day, ex-Mayor of Eau Claire, veteran of the civil war, prominent as a Knight of Pythias and Mason, dropped dead of apoplexy this afternoon while reading a paper before the Intercounty Medical society.

DEVISING PLAN FOR CITY LOAN.

McGann Hopes Water Bonds Can Be Declared of No Effect in Debt Limit.

WOULD BORROW $4,500,000

Expects Delay in Collecting Coming Tax Levy, and Wants Money Anyway.

DECISION ON COLLERAN.

Controller McGann wants to borrow $4,500,000 for the city, if he can. He figures that if the authority is granted him the money would be convenient should there be any delay in collecting the coming tax levy, and would tide the city over what might be an awkward financial emergency.

The plan the Controller has in view is to have the water fund declared a thing by itself and responsible for the $4,500,000 of water bonds now outstanding. This would relieve the city of that amount of indebtedness, and, under the constitutional limitation, allow it to issue that amount of bonds on its own account.

Letter to Corporation Counsel.

With this end in view Mr. McGann yesterday sent a letter to the Corporation Counsel in which he asked these questions:

"Should not consideration be given the bonded and floating debt of the city with reference to its right under the law to borrow money to be expended for corporate purposes?

"Is it not a fact that the proceeds of the water loan bonds, $4,500,000, was used on account of the Chicago Water Works, and should the Chicago water works be required to reimburse the City of Chicago for the full amount of credit so accorded the water works, and which prevents the city from borrowing money to the amount of $4,500,000.

"We have outstanding tax warrants to the amount of $3,400,000, payable out of the levy of 1900 when the taxes shall have been collected. These warrants are issued to be paid out of the taxes of a specific year when collected. Should the amount then be included in a statement of the city's debt affecting its right to borrow as limited by the constitution?"

Want New Decision from Court.

Mayor Harrison, when asked about the purpose of the letter, said:

"These water bonds were issued by the water fund and guaranteed by the city. Judge Tuley in his decision held they were a part of the bonded indebtedness of the city, but did not say whether it was because the city and the water fund were one, or because the city was an indorser. This is the point we want to have decided."

Controller McGann has also sent out to County Treasurer Raymond, as well as to all the other officers who collect money for the city, a request for a fortnightly report as to the moneys received and expended on account of the municipality.

To Announce Colleran Decision.

Members of the Civil Service commission announced last evening that the decision in the Colleran case would be given out today. Mayor Harrison urges an immediate decision.

Place for Lieutenant Joyce.

Desplaines Street Police Station is now slated as Lieutenant Joyce's destination. This is the result of a conference held by Mayor Harrison and Chief of Police O'Neill during the day.

Detective John J. Garrigan, found guilty of abusing a prisoner, has been transferred from Central to Chicago avenue after his ten-day suspension is over.

IOWA WOMAN SHOOTS TWO MEN IN ROW OVER A LEASED FARM.

Widow Living Near Creston Wounds Andy Nearly and Herman James and Takes Possession of Premises.

Creston, Ia., Nov. 19.—Mrs. Charles Edwards, a widow living three miles west of here, early today shot Andy Nearly, colored, and Herman James, white, who, she claims, were attempting to prevent her from occupying a leased farm, where the shooting occurred. Nearly may die, but James is not seriously hurt.

Mrs. Edwards and her children were ejected from the farm last Friday, and Nearly and James were put in possession. According to the story of James, Mrs. Edwards came to the house and asked to feed her poultry. She was permitted to enter the house, whereupon she drew a revolver and ordered the men to throw up their hands.

Nearly attempted to run and the woman shot him through the body. James then attempted to make his escape and Mrs. Edwards fired the contents of a shotgun after him, without serious effect.

The woman is in possession of the premises and the Sheriff has left for the scene.

DUNNING COMMITTEE FILLED: STARTS TO WORK TOMORROW.

President Hanberg Selects Mrs. G. M. Moulton and Dr. Hugh T. Patrick to Complete Inquiring Body.

President Hanberg announced last night that he had selected the two citizens needed to fill out the list of appointments to the Dunning committee. The two persons selected were Mrs. George M. Moulton of 2119 Calumet avenue and Dr. Hugh T. Patrick, with offices at 34 Washington street. The committee will meet at Dunning at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning to plan the details of the investigation. Besides Mrs. Moulton and Dr. Patrick the committee includes Dr. Frank Billings, Miss Julia Lathrop, Ernest P. Bicknell, and County Commissioners Walker, Flanagan, Beer, Busse, and Irrmann.

WIFE GIVES STRANGLER CLEW.

Mrs. Wilbur Sherwell of Evansville Says Husband Had Surrey Out on Night of Murders.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—The wife of Wilbur S. Sherwell, the policeman under arrest charged with the recent murder of two women in this city, broke down this afternoon and admitted Sherwell had their surrey out on the night of the murder, but had enjoined her to deny the fact.

Mrs. Sherwell's faith in her husband has begun to waver. The prisoner has employed counsel and will not talk. Rheinhold Pfhal saw a man and woman in a surrey on the night of the murder, resembling Sherwell and Miss Renner.

Other witnesses swore they saw Sherwell and Mrs. Railey, the other woman murdered on the evening of the double tragedy. It seemed he was trying to induce the woman to do something against her will. This fact may lead to showing that the policeman took Mrs. Railey riding first and after murdering her returned and got the Renner girl.

Rusty Nail Leads to Death.

James Hasche, aged 35 years, of 80 Kendall street, died yesterday at the County Hospital from lockjaw. Three weeks ago he stepped on a rusty nail at Ewing and Desplaines streets.

TELLS CLUB WOMEN THE SECRET OF PURE MILK

Members of the South Side club yesterday learned from two pupils of the Forrestville School how to dispose of garbage and how to care for cows properly. Gladys Hensel, 14 years old, told what she had learned about dairies in reference to supplying city homes with pure milk. Mary Wells, 12 years old, talked on the city's disposal of garbage in her ward.

The children had obtained their information through work done by the civics class in the Forrestville School under Mrs. Eckels, their teacher. The principal of the school, Miss Florence Holbrook, was instrumental in introducing this feature of school work.

"I'd much rather talk to grown up women," said Gladys Hensel, "than speak in school. The women are more interested."

Miss Gladys' paper would give pointers to the average farmer on how to take care of cows. She gave explicit directions as to how they should be fed and watered and housed for the winter. She recommended that they be turned out on pleasant days for exercise. She told of experiments on a certain farm where milk, when properly handled, had kept for six days without souring. She concluded by advising the club women that they need not use poor milk or be troubled by having it sour if they would insist on having it come from dairies where proper sanitary precautions were observed and see that it was handled with ordinary care after reaching the city.

Mary Wells, with other of her schoolmates, had been investigating the efficiency of the city garbage collectors and street cleaners in the ward. She said one cause for so much waste paper was that the garbage collectors did not use sufficient care in emptying cans. They allow the papers to blow away, she said. She also had seen that the city ordinance requiring metal cans was observed in her block.

WAR ON BRIDEWELL BRICK

UNION LABOR SENDS THREAT TO COMMISSIONER BLOCKI.

Says If City Does Not Stop Building Sewer with Prison Product All the Cook County Yards Will Be Tied Up—Telephone Cables Ruined by Driving Nails into Them—Barbers Form an Organization—Anti-Trust Aid for the Striking Mechanics.

Bridewell labor again is causing trouble, and this time it is the brick department that has aroused the union laborers of the city. The House of Correction, they say, has been turning out 50,000 bricks a day. Many of them have been sent to the Thirty-ninth street intercepting sewer, where union men have been placing them side by side with union brick. This fact has been called to the attention of Commissioner of Public Works Blocki, and he has been given until Thursday morning by the Brickmakers' union to stop using them.

Last week the Anti-Convict Labor league appointed a committee to investigate the conditions at the bridewell, and if they are found to be bad the attention of the city is to be called to them. This move of the brickmakers is to be the first step of a concentrated effort on the part of union labor to lessen the bridewell competition.

In the union brick yards union men are employed and they can tie up practically every yard in Chicago. This, they say, they will do if Commissioner Blocki does not accede to their demands. The work being done on the sewer where bridewell brick is being used is east of the Illinois Central tracks and the unions claims that union brick can easily be used.

'Phone Cables Spiked.

Telephone wires are now being cut and ruined by a different method than that used in South Englewood a few days ago. Nails are being driven into the cables, which contain 100 wires, soon making them useless. Within a few days seven cables have thus been treated. They are the toll wires in Lake View, Englewood, and Oak Park.

Secretary Stelss of the company says the striking linemen of the company will not be taken back, as the days of grace expired on Monday. He claims to have fifty gangs, 173 men in all, working on the lines, many of them formerly strikers.

"We have not had a defection from the ranks," said W. A. Jackson, President of the union. "We have money enough to last a year, for all the linemen in the country have taken hold and are making this their fight. They are out after Sabin, and so are we."

Barbers Form a Union.

With cries of "Next," the barbers of the Eleventh Ward organized the first local union in Chicago. There were twenty-five of them gathered in Pisen Hall, Eighteenth street and Ashland avenue, and in that locality, known as the strongest union locality in the city, they will make their fight. They will demand better hours, better pay, sanitary shops, antiseptic brushes and soap, and a State licensing committee, whose duty it shall be to see that only good men are given positions.

The meeting was addressed by James H. Payne, who has been the organizer of this district. The officers are as follows:

President—Vaclav Polka.
Vice President—Frank Prepejchel.
Secretary—Frank W. Vancek.
Financial Secretary—Max Stanicek.
Treasurer—Joseph Kubick.

Anti-Trust Aid to Strikers.

It developed yesterday that the fight against the Allis-Chalmers company by the International Association of Machinists is being aided by several firms of the National Metal Trades association which are opposed to the trust and the trust methods. Three days ago one of these firms sent in $100 as its monthly contribution and promised that the others would do likewise. Should the names of these firms become known it would cause a dissolution of the Metal Trades association, according to the strikers.

CLAIMS A PRESIDENT AS KIN.

Carroll Tyler, 11 Years Old, Comes from Utah and Lands in Desplaines Street Station.

Sitting in a cell at the Desplaines Street Station 11-year-old Carroll Tyler declared yesterday that he was a distant relative of John Tyler, once President of the United States.

"All I want is a chance," declared the boy. "I am only 11 years old, but I can do hard labor."

The boy made his way to Chicago from Ogden, Utah, on freight trains. He says he obtained work in a foundry, but was discharged because under age. Juvenile Officer Thorp is trying to find a home for him.

GOV. YATES IS SCORED.

MISSOURI LAWYER CALLS HIM POLITICAL TRICKSTER.

James L. Blair in Speech Before Missouri Charities Association Declares His Management of Illinois Institutions Can In No Way Be Defended—Accuses Executive of Trading Principle and Pledges for Self-Advancement.

Columbia, Mo., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Governor Yates of Illinois was severely criticised today by Attorney James L. Blair of St. Louis in an address before the Missouri State Conference of Charities.

Mr. Blair's charges were unexpected and were resented by some of those who heard them.

Speaking of the general condition of charitable institutions in Illinois and the way Governor Yates looks after them Mr. Blair said:

"It is not too much to say that Governor Yates used the State institutions as if they were his private assets. His appointments were made principally, if not altogether, upon the basis of the Governor's obligations to the appointee, or to the appointee's claim upon the party. One of his first acts was to remove from office the Secretary of the Board of Charities and appoint in his stead a man whose only claim to office was that he was a son of a former Governor and who was admittedly without experience or special fitness.

"The resignation of Dr. E. G. Hirsch and Miss Julia Lathrop in consequence of this flagrant abuse of power was a splendid protest against an infamous prostitution of public service to partisan ends. In that State there is an annual expenditure of $2,500,000 for the care of 10,000 sick and helpless human beings. Without proper care from those having adequate training and intelligence the unfortunate inmates of these institutions are the ones who must suffer. The mailed hand of the conquering spoilsman falls with brutal force upon the friendless, unresisting pauper.

"In Miss Lathrop's words, on resigning from the board, go to the front of the matter. No attempted explanation from the Illinois Chief Magistrate has met the case, because it was not established that the change was made for any other than purely partisan reasons."

STOCK FIRM FORCED INTO COURT

Tamblyn & Tamblyn of Kansas City Subject of Involuntary Bankruptcy Proceedings Over Cattle Deal.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 19.—Involuntary bankruptcy proceedings were instituted in the federal court late this afternoon against Tamblyn & Tamblyn, live stock commission merchants, trading at the Kansas City Stock Exchange. The petition states that the firm's liabilities are $250,000. It is filed by the Llano Live Stock company and the Texas Cattle Raisers' association. No assets are given.

The list of creditors is large. The sum of $30,000 is claimed by one firm and $10,000 by another.

Mistake Starts Run on Bank.

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 19.—The Metropolitan Bank, P. V. Cæsar, President, closed its doors today after standing against a run all day yesterday. The run began as the result of a misunderstanding, the small depositors believing that a suit filed on Friday against the receiver of the Metropolitan Savings Bank, which failed five days ago, had something to do with the present Metropolitan Bank. About $40,000 was withdrawn yesterday, and today the bank applied for a receiver. Dwight Phelps was appointed, with a bond of $10,000. The Metropolitan's total deposits are about $500,000. The failure is due entirely to the misunderstanding.

IMPORTS AN ITALIAN PALACE.

Mrs. Charles F. Sprague Buys Venetian House and Will Rebuild It Near Boston.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Mrs. Charles F. Sprague, a member of the Weld family, and wife of the ex-Congressman, now in an asylum, is about to outdo Mrs. "Jack" Gardner in the fad of importing Italian palaces to Boston.

Mrs. Sprague has bought outright one of the handsomest of the palatial piles in Venice. It was razed a few weeks ago and the parts carefully prepared for transportation.

The entire building and its furnishings, which also were purchased by Mrs. Sprague, are now on their way to Boston. The materials thus secured are to be used in transforming Mrs. Sprague's country home at Brookline into an Italian palace.

LEVEE STARTLED BY SECOND BOMB.

Another Mysterious Explosion at No. 311 Clark Street Causes Havoc.

TIME FUSE WAS USED.

Infernal Machine Hurls Bits of Iron in Every Direction and Shatters Door.

CHINESE GAMBLERS ACCUSED

For the second time in ten days an attempt was made at 6 o'clock last night to wreck the building at 311 South Clark street with dynamite or some other high explosive. No one was injured, but the rear door, against which the charge was placed, was wrecked and blown inside the building. Some portions of the door were blown the full length of the building crushing through the front window into the street.

No one was found by the police who had seen any one going or coming from the rear of the building before the explosion, and the whole affair remains as much of a mystery as the first attempt to wreck the place.

Bomb Loaded Like Canister.

This time the explosive used was more dangerous than before. The bomb or receptacle in which the explosive was placed was loaded with slugs and small pieces of iron and other metals. They cut and scarred the door frame and the planks in the shed, located a few feet away. Scraps of iron were found buried in portions of the door, that were thrown in every direction, and proved that the makers of the bomb or infernal machine intended that any person who happened to be near at the moment of the explosion should not escape.

Patrol Sergeant Mooney of the Harrison Street Station, with several detectives, made a close examination of the premises a few minutes after the explosion. Not a particle of evidence was found, but several things convinced the police that the work is that of some Chinaman who has, or thinks he has, a grievance against the owner or tenants of the building.

Rival Gamblers Are Suspected.

The basement of the building is occupied by Wo Kee, and the police say there is frequently a crowd of Chinese gamblers in the resort playing hungaloo and fantan. The main floor was once a saloon, but now vacant. The second floor is used by McGinnis and O'Connell, who operate a Chinese gambling-house. The proprietors declare their belief that the explosion is the work of Chinamen interested in small games, a number of such being in the same block.

Charles Schmidt is the custodian of the building for J. A. Arnheim, the owner. He was three blocks away at the time of the explosion, but heard it and at once ran to the place. No trace of the robbers could be found, and the police concluded that an infernal machine with a time fuse had been used.

SAFE BLOWER FOUND DEAD WHERE ROBBERY WAS DONE.

Station at Hutchinson, Kas., Entered and One of Gang Supposed to Have Been Murdered by Others.

Hutchinson, Kas., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—The Missouri Pacific depot here was found wrecked this morning, and a dead safe blower lay in the waiting-room. It is supposed that robbers quarreled or that one was crippled by the explosion and was shot by his confederates so that he could not inform on them. The robber killed has been identified as Charles Kinney of Larned. Kinney is well known in Larned and was not suspected of being a burglar.

Mondovi Bank Looted.

Mondovi, Wis., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—The First National Bank of this city was entered by burglars last night, the safe blown, and $6,000 in currency and gold and $800 in silver was stolen.

REOPENS DAVIS WILL CASE.

Chicago Heir Brings Suit Against His Brother at Butte, Mont., to Get Interest in Bank.

Butte, Mont., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—George W. Davis of Chicago, one of the heirs of the Davis estate, today brought suit against his brother, Andrew J. Davis, for a large interest in the First National Bank of Butte.

While the Davis will contest was on Andrew J. Davis made the claim that his uncle, over whose estate the fight was made, had made a verbal gift of the bank, now valued at $2,000,000. The Chicago man says he disputed the claim, and with his mother, also of Chicago, intended to contest the brother's claim, when the latter agreed to divide with them in proportion that she would receive in case his claim should be defeated by them, provided they would abandon the threatened contest, which they consented to do.

It is now alleged that the young banker repudiated the contract after he was permitted to take the bank.

WOMAN MAKES JAIL ESCAPE.

Lizzie Ruthven, Wife of Electrocuted Murderer, Sets New Record for Columbus Penitentiary.

Columbus, O., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Lizzie Ruthven, serving five years in the penitentiary from Cuyahoga County for receiving stolen property, wife of Edwin Ruthven, the Cleveland murderer, who was electrocuted on June 28 last, escaped from the penitentiary this morning.

Mrs. Ruthven was locked in her cell on the second floor at 6 o'clock, as usual. Some time during the night she removed the lock from her cell door with a screwdriver which had been taken from the drawer in the machine at which she had been working during the day. She then went through the dining-room, down the side stairway, and into the laundry.

There she secured a clothesline and two stepladders, which she carried to the entrance of the female department in the west wall. She placed one of the ladders against the roof over the passageway to the wall, crossed, drew the other ladder up after her, mounted again, and then lowered herself to the roof, and then to the ground. Once on the ground she was aided by a confederate.

IVORCED FROM HUSBAND OF DAY

Mrs. Ella Wittigg, Who Married in Chicago and Was Robbed and Deserted, Gets Decree.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Mrs. Ella Wittigg has secured a decree of divorce from Henry F. Wittigg in Judge Fawcett's court by showing that her husband married her solely for her money.

The Wittiggs formerly lived in Chicago, where their wedding took place in April, 1900. The young woman had some property left her by a relative and $5,000 in money. Wittigg was employed in a wholesale house. He induced the young woman, the day before their marriage, to take her little fortune from the bank and carry it on their honeymoon trip.

The trip did not extend farther than a Chicago hotel, as Wittigg got the greenbacks in his possession and his wife never saw him after the wedding day.

WANT NO TARIFF TINKERING NOW.

Reciprocity Convention Approves Principle, but Cannot Decide as to Details.

CHANGE NOT APPROVED.

Business-Men of High Standing in Attendance Disposed to Seek Fair Terms.

ROOSEVELT AS AN ADVISER.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—"Let the tariff alone" was the constant text of the business-men who spoke today at the national reciprocity convention, held in the Hotel Raleigh. The general sentiment of the convention undoubtedly was in favor of the broad principle of reciprocity, but the protection element was at no time lost sight of.

On the other hand, the sentiment of the convention seemed to be rather strongly against all the reciprocity treaties now negotiated. Each individual interest which would suffer the slightest cut under these treaties was present in the convention to protest that any such action meant ruin.

As is usual in any such cases, each manufacturer was quite willing to have reciprocity tried on any article which he was not engaged in making, and particularly on the raw material of his product. The general sentiment of the convention undoubtedly appears to favor some system of reciprocity which can be put in operation only after each conflicting interest has had an opportunity to be heard.

Secret Negotiations Opposed.

The greatest objection to the pending reciprocity treaties appeared to be today that they were of necessity negotiated in secret and that the manufacturer, who is the person most concerned and who knew his own business, had no opportunity to be heard. The papers read in the convention today were somewhat vague, but they all seemed to tend towards a general system of reciprocity so carefully elaborated that there should be no harm done to any American industry, and particularly no breaking down of the protection theory in any direction.

The tendency of the convention is to recommend the creation of a reciprocity commission or tribunal of some kind, and more particularly the establishment of a department of commerce under the supervision of a member of the Cabinet. The convention held here today is an outcome of the National Manufacturers' association meeting in Detroit a year ago. Today's convention starts off under the best possible auspices. There were in attendance over 200 solid businessmen. They were an extraordinarily intelligent body, and while they represented extremely diverse interests were evidently unanimous in the belief that means must be devised to give Americans better markets abroad.

The Beet Sugar Manufacturers' association filed a protest and then withdrew from the convention because the association had not recognized agricultural bodies.

Illinois Men in Evidence.

James Deering of the Deering Harvester company and C. F. Quincy of the Railroad Supply company were the Chicago representatives on the Committee of Arrangements for the convention, and among the other delegates from Chicago were George M. Sargent and Ralph A. Waggoner of the National Association of Manufacturers, E. B. Swift and William Butterworth of the Illinois Manufacturers' association, W. C. Barker, O. W. Johnson, A. C. Chase, and Robert H. Foss of the National Association of Agricultural Implement and Vehicle Manufacturers, F. K. Copeland of the Sullivan Machinery company, Ward H. Willits of the Adams & Westlake company, William H. Jones of the Plano Manufacturing company, P. W. Gates of the Gates iron works, and others.

The convention today was taken up with the reading of papers, chiefly on the subject of reciprocity with the Spanish-American countries. The papers, however, dealt more with the general subject than with its relation to South and Central America. There was a good deal of heated discussion today in one way and another and the proceedings at times degenerated into a mere tariff debate.

Alleged Free Trader in Fold.

This was largely provoked by the paper read by A. B. Farquhar of York, Pa., whose radical views in regard to reciprocity provoked a good deal of feeling in the convention, it being said that Mr. Farquhar is and always has been an avowed free trader. His speech was so radical that it served to solidify the friends of a high protective tariff, who have complete control of the convention.

Many Speakers Are Heard.

Charles Heber Clark of Philadelphia made a strong plea to the convention for protection. Frank Leake, representing the Manufacturers' club of Philadelphia, favored the creation of a department of commerce and manufactures to avoid extensive fluctuations in business conditions, brought about by ill-advised agitation. George J. Seabury of New York advocated the upbuilding of a strong merchant marine and construction of an isthmian canal as paramount in importance to reciprocity treaties. He advocated reduction in the war revenue tariff, but not in the Dingley tariff.

George A. Loughlin of Wheeling, W. Va., interested in the manufacture of steel billets, arraigned the United States Steel company. Others who made addresses were: George H. Barbour, Detroit; William L. Bass, Brooklyn; Henry Dalley, New York; and S. O. Bigney, Attleboro, Mass.

Let Well Enough Alone.

The watchword throughout the proceedings has been and probably will be, "No tinkering with the tariff," but the delegates have generally failed to explain how there can be any extensive system of reciprocity with foreign countries without a general change in tariff rates on all the commodities which it is supposed to trade off.

There was a strong undercurrent of sentiment in opposition to Mr. John A. Kasson, the reciprocity expert, who negotiated the pending treaties. This current, of course, did not concern Mr. Kasson's integrity nor even his personal ability, but the delegates were almost unanimous in the belief that no one man, however, skilled, could by any possibility so inform himself upon all the different manufacturing industries as to be able to cut down tariff duties indiscriminately without doing serious injury to the industries directly interested.

Will Confer with Roosevelt.

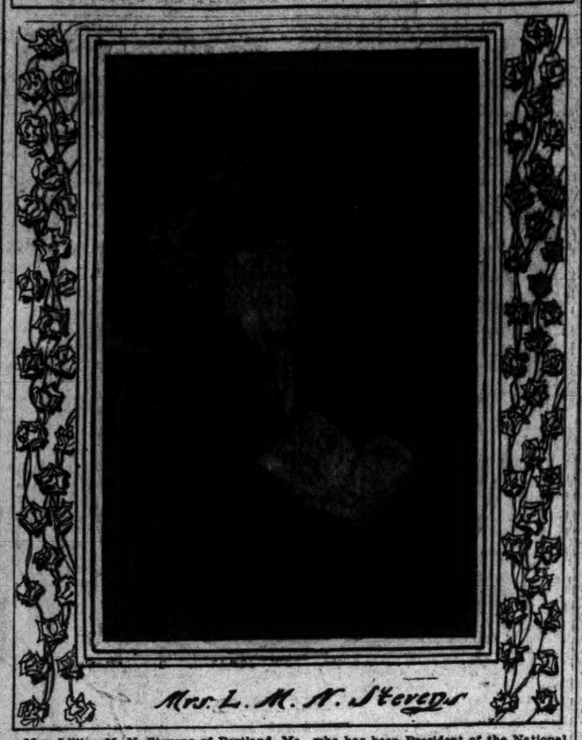
A delegation, including the officers and a special committee, will visit the President tomorrow, listen to what he has to say on the subject, and express the views of the convention, so far as they can be determined at this early stage of the proceedings. Chicago is represented on this committee by Mr. George M. Sargent, and the city is further distinguished in the convention by having Mr. James Deering as one of the Vice Presidents.

The program of the convention is to have a series of papers on the general subject of reciprocity tomorrow, and on Thursday an attempt will be made to agree on a series of resolutions expressing the views of the convention as to the best method of securing reciprocity between the United States and other nations.

Oddfellows End Encampment.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 19.—The Grand Encampment of Oddfellows closed its annual session tonight. Grand Patriarch Pemberton appointed the following officers: W. R. Humphrey, Chicago, Grand Master; T. H. Thompson, Grand Outside Sentinel; R. S. Chilcott, Denver, Grand Inside Sentinel.

RE-ELECTED PRESIDENT NATIONAL W. C. T. U.



Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens of Portland, Me., who has been President of the National Woman's Christian Temperance union since the death of Miss Willard in 1898, was elected for her fourth term in the office at the convention in Fort Worth, Tex., yesterday.

YERKES MAY QUIT LONDON

IS SAID TO ABANDON PLANS IF DECIDED AGAINST BY BOARD.

Sails for United States for Business Trip of Six Weeks' or Two Months' Duration—Director in Company Asserts That in Event Direct Current System Is Rejected the American Promoter Will Withdraw from the Field.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The steamer Kronprins Wilhelm, sailing from Bremen today by way of Southampton and Cherbourg for New York, will have among its passengers Charles T. Yerkes, who will spend six weeks in the United States.

It is currently reported here that Mr. Yerkes is dissatisfied with the delays and opposition he has encountered in getting his underground railway plans into operation, and one of the directors of the Charing Cross, Euston and Hampstead company is authority for the statement that, should the Arbitration commission decide against the direct current system advocated by him, Mr. Yerkes will withdraw altogether from the field.

Mr. Yerkes, in an interview, said he was going to the United States for two months on business connected with underground transit construction in London. He says he expects the decision of the Arbitration commission concerning the electrical system will be announced shortly, and it is understood that Mr. Yerkes is ready to place his contracts for equipment at once if the decision is to his liking.

AMERICAN CONSUL INSULTED.

Ambassador White Demands Reparation for Treatment of Mr. Schilling by the Zittau Police.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Nov. 19.—Mr. Schilling, the American Vice Consul at Zittau, Germany, has arrived here for the purpose of making a complaint. He says the local police arrested him last Friday and seized his private papers. They also confiscated the consular moneys. The trouble arose through a mistake in identity.

Mr. Schilling was arrested by a policeman who believed him to be a defaulting preacher of the name of Matthes, who had fled from Magdeburg. Explanations and official documents proving his identity being of no avail, Schilling was led through the streets to the jail, followed by gaping crowds. The prison guards compelled him to give up his valuables, including several hundreds marks in funds belonging to the consulate.

When Schilling resisted the attempt to seize his wallet of private papers, the guards overpowered him and threw him into a cell.

His identification was made by telephone from Leipsic, where his father is stationed as the representative of the American News company. Then he secured his release.

Ambassador White has demanded reparation from the German government.

Schilling was formerly a resident of Chicago, where he attended the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

WANT TO TAX WINANS ESTATE.

British Authorities Seek to Establish Domicile of American in England to Apply Inheritance Law.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 19.—In the Court of Appeals today the question of domicile raised by the administration of the estate of the late W. L. Winans, formerly of Baltimore, Md., came up for consideration. The English crown authorities seek to exact a legacy duty on his British estates, which cost $500,000 yearly to maintain. As against this, a witness gave evidence today that Mr. Winans was one of the most genuine Americans he had ever known. He declined to call peers by their hereditary titles and even Dukes he would address by their Christian names. The case is proceeding.

FRENCH CHINA BUDGET DEBATED

Government Bill Asking for $53,000,000 in Rentes Strongly Advocated by Officials of Ministry.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—The Chamber of Deputies today continued the discussion of the bill authorizing a loan of 265,000,000 francs ($53,000,000), in 3 per cent perpetual rentes, to reimburse the treasury for the Chinese expedition and the indemnification of French in China.

M. Caillaux, Minister of Finance, defended and explained the government's plan. He demanded the amount originally asked for and asserted that he did not know the reasons which actuated the budget commission in proposing the reduction to 210,000,000 francs ($42,000,000) until he saw the report of M. Hubbard. He declared that he had no opportunity to oppose the reduction before the budget committee.

M. Sembat asked that the report of General Voyron regarding the military questions in China be submitted to the Budget committee.

M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the Premier, made a forcible reply, defending the policy of France in protecting French missionaries in China. With reference to General Voyron's report he said that, as France was not alone in China, portions of the report had been marked confidential and would never be published.

The Premier's speech produced a great effect in the Chamber, and will probably result in carrying the government's scheme practically unchanged. The debate was adjourned to Thursday.

BULGARIA ISSUES STATEMENT.

On Subject of Stone Kidnaping It Says Government Will Recognize Properly Identified Messengers.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

SOFIA, Nov. 19.—An official statement has been issued here in explanation of the relations of the Bulgarian government and Mr. Dickinson, the special diplomatic agent of the United States, who is trying to secure the release of Miss Ellen Stone, the American missionary, who was captured by brigands several months ago.

This statement says it is not entirely correct to say that Mr. Dickinson sent a note to the Bulgarian government to the effect that it would be held responsible for the abduction. Mr. Dickinson complained that his messengers who were sent to the brigands were interfered with.

To this the Foreign office replied that the messengers would be recognized if their names were communicated to the government, but hitherto this has not been done.

In the future the government would prosecute everybody who attempted to communicate with the bandits, except those whose names had previously been sent in, and, the circular concludes, if the brigands entered Bulgaria the government would "do its duty."

GERMAN ANGER UNAPPEASED.

Soldiers Continue to Hold Anti-Chamberlain Meetings and Reichstag May Take Up the Discussion.

BERLIN, Nov. 19.—In spite of the remonstrance, issued officially by the Deutscher Kriegerbund, the Society of Veterans of Berlin today held a large and enthusiastic anti-Chamberlain meeting, in which the utterances of Mr. Chamberlain at Edinburg were heartily denounced.

Other meetings are to be held at Cologne, Mulheim, Brunswick, Bonn, Celle, etc., and students' meetings of a like character will be held at Bonn, Wurzburg, Leipzic, Halle, and Munich, while popular meetings are announced in Bochum and Brunswick and other places.

The Post, speaking semi-officially, says the government sees no reason to identify itself with the vehement utterances at irresponsible meetings, or to take action against Mr. Chamberlain's accusations, but if the subject is broached in the Reichstag matters will assume an entirely different course.

In this event the government would find occasion to express itself befittingly.

SEES MORE POWER IN AMERICA.

Jules Siegfried in Paris Lecture Predicts Domination of United States and Advises Closer Friendship.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—M. Jules Siegfried lectured tonight at the Musée Social on his recent tour in America, repeating in extended form the opinions already expressed. He predicted that the present century would see the United States the greatest and most powerful commercial and industrial nation in the world. "If France is wise," he said, "she will not delay to take advantage of America's traditional friendship in order to secure the means by a give and take policy to get a fair share of this vast, unlimited, and ever increasing field of commercial enterprise beyond the Atlantic."

HOLD SUSPECTED STEAMER.

British Government Detains Vessel with Munitions and Guns Supposed to Be Meant for the Boers.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 20, 3 a. m.—The morning papers give prominence to a news agency report that the customs authorities are detaining at the Victoria dock, London, an unnamed steamer on which they found contraband of war, including four field guns and a quantity of charcoal and saltpeter. Moreover, the vessel was arranged so as to accommodate 500 men. The ship's officers are quoted as saying that it was intended that the vessel should start on a pleasure trip a week ago today. It was to have gone to Hamburg first and afterwards sail under sealed orders.

Orders Improvements in Cuba.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Nov. 19.—Today Governor General Wood and Mrs. Wood entertained Mayor Bacardi, Adjutant General McCrassatie, and several prominent Cuban officials at luncheon on the government yacht Kanawha. General Wood gave directions for the carrying out of many new public works, involving an outlay of hundreds of thousands of dollars.

WAR BLAMED ON PARTY IN POWER

British Liberal Leader Says Dutch Colonists Everywhere Are Turned to Enemies.

ROBERTS HOLDS PRESTIGE

Reception at Horse Guards Made Occasion of Most Friendly Demonstration.

ARMY REFORM STILL REMOTE

[Copyright, 1901: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 20, 3 a. m.—Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader, strongly attacked the government's war policy last night. The Jameson raid was, he argued, the main determining cause of the war, and if the Liberals had been in power that raid would not have occurred, and unless the government changed its methods in south Africa the Dutch in all the British colonies would become permanently and violently alienated. That was the great peril of the hour, he asserted.

The Liberal leader's decided anti-war attitude is regarded by supporters of the government as justifying Lord Salisbury's taunt that England is the only country in which, during a great war, eminent men write and speak publicly as if they belonged to the enemy.

The morning papers all criticise Campbell-Bannerman's speech in anything but favorable tones.

Roberts Visits Horse Guards.

Lord Roberts' reception by the Horse Guards was well attended yesterday, and he was heartily cheered by the crowd outside, and there was no evidence that England had another Dreyfus affair in the Buller episode. Courtesies and compliments were exchanged and good feeling prevailed. Military officers have not held Roberts responsible for Buller's downfall, since his removal was Brodrick's act, sanctioned with reluctance by the King.

Libel Suit Talk Abandoned.

The talk about a libel suit has dribbled out, and the military experts are beginning to doubt whether the War office will publish the text of the Colenso heliograph message to Ladysmith. The official class asserts that there is no precedent for a disclosure of this kind while war is in progress, and that Gatacre, Warren, and other Generals who have been unfortunate are equally entitled to have the full correspondence relating to their cases published. While there is force in this contention, it is fairly certain that the text of the spatchcocked message will be forced out when Parliament meets, and that Brodrick will act in removing the real grievance on the part of Buller without delay.

The problem of an army reorganization has not been worked out, however, when military men are tempted to lay stress on the point that only Generals of ample fortune can afford to accept command of an army corps owing to the necessity of lavish entertaining. General French, who will command the First Corps at Aldershot, is not a wealthy officer, nor is Evelyn Wood what is known as a society General. So that Brodrick has not been influenced by considerations of entertainment in the two appointments.

Buller spent money freely at Aldershot in dinners, receptions, and dances, and was a generous provider, so Aldershot naturally misses him.

Split on Financial Issues.

The Cabinet meeting has given rise to fresh rumors of dissension over the financial policy. No explanations are authoritative, but two of the strongest wills in the Cabinet, those of Chamberlain and Hicks-Beach, are pitted against each other. This has happened before, and a modus vivendi has been arranged. Old Tories would hardly know where they were if Chamberlain were to succeed Hicks-Beach.

Charles Francis Adams' address on the analogies between General Lee's surrender and the guerrilla warfare in south Africa is reprinted by the Times, and is attracting much attention. It supplies the government press with an effective answer to Lord Harcourt's recent letters in justification of the Boer tactics. The Imperial South African association is reprinting the article on a large scale.

High Commissioner on Way.

The high commissioner from Canada is expected today by the Oceanic, and J. G. Colmer, the secretary of the Canadian commission, will meet him at Liverpool.

Henry White, with his wife and daughter, has gone to Hatfield to spend several days with Lord Salisbury. I. N. F.

BLAME WILHELMINA'S SPOUSE.

Prince Henry and Queen Said to Have Quarreled Over the Payment of Husband's Debts.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 19.—There is a rumor in circulation that the condition of Queen Wilhelmina is due to the conduct of Prince Henry. The creditors of the Queen's husband kept dunning him so constantly for his debts that Queen Wilhelmina finally refused to pay any more, and, according to the story, a painful scene followed. Prince Henry left at once for Germany and only returned to Holland at the request of the Queen's mother. It is said he has not visited Queen Wilhelmina since. The story, naturally, cannot be verified, but it gains credence hourly.

Queen's Health Causes Worry.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

THE HAGUE, Nov. 19.—Queen Wilhelmina is reported to be progressing favorably. The people are anxious about her condition, owing to the reticence of the court officials.

AWARDS CONTRACT FOR CABLE.

Commercial Pacific Company Arranges for First Section from United States to Honolulu.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Commercial Pacific Cable company, recently organized in New York to lay a cable from San Francisco to the Philippine Islands, has awarded the contract for the manufacture and laying of the first section, from San Francisco to Honolulu, to an English company, which guarantees to complete it in ten months. The contract price is nearly $5,000,000.

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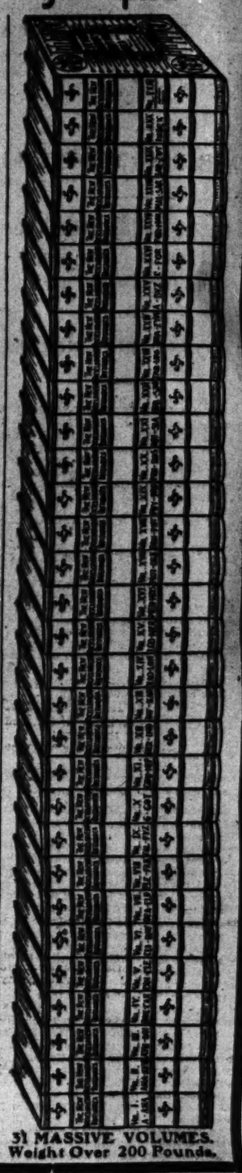

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CROKER DEFIES HIS OPPONENTS

Challenges Enemies to Prove Charges and Denies Wearing Golf Breeches.

LOW SENDS FOR PLATT.

Mayor-Elect Invites Senator to Confer with Him Regarding Ruling of City.

GENERAL NEW YORK NEWS.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE.
New York, Nov. 19.

Squire Croker talked today at the Democratic club to the newspaper reporters. His subjects were various. He denounced some of the newspapers for accusing him of wearing golf breeches on O. H. Belmont's links. Then he talked about clergymen.

"Haven't they always got it in for me?" he asked. "They and the reform slanderers attacked me all during the campaign. They called me a common thief, said I had never earned an honest dollar, and made me responsible for every crime committed in the city. Now, I want to tell them and all the people of New York that I defy them. I hereby challenge them to prove the charges.

"When they said I had no business never earned an honest dollar they lied. I have two different kinds of business—honest legitimate business, and every dollar I have I earned honestly. They know it, too, but that makes their lies all the worse."

The squire did some more pacing and then began to laugh.

"What's the joke?" somebody ventured to ask.

"Ain't it funny?" Mr. Croker resumed. "This reformer's talk about opening saloons on Sunday? The preachers, the ... element, the whole reform crowd are for opening the saloons on Sunday. Suppose Tammany tried that thing, suppose 75 many came out for Sunday opening, ... an uproar there would be. The newspapers, the pulpits, and the reformers would put me off the earth. The people who are calling for Sunday opening would denounce us as the biggest rascals on earth."

Peter Reid, a wealthy milkman, has given $5,000 for the erection of a public library in the City of Passaic, N. J. The municipality has formally accepted the gift.

Senator Platt has accepted an invitation from Seth Low to call on him Thursday morning and talk over public affairs. Mr. Low made the following announcement of his conference this afternoon: "I have invited Senator Platt to confer with me on matters relating to the city. First of all I want to thank him in person for the strong support he has given to the fusion movement at all times, and, secondly, I want to secure his co-operation if I can in all matters where his influence can be of service to the city." Senator Platt said: "I am going to call on Mr. Low on Thursday morning. It was good of him to invite me. There is no misunderstandings between Mr. Low and myself."

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William E. Hardt, trustee in the ... ruptcy case of Worthington, Smith & ..., was arrested today for alleged embezzlement in connection with his trust. Seaman Mi... referee in the bankruptcy case, claimed the total embezzlement by the extended system of check-raising would reach $30,000.

While lecturing Lulu and Edith Bond, alias the Dawson sisters, two women whose previous ... cations of immorality had been disproved, Magistrate Crane said today that, the police court that, unusual, the lack of veracity of their sex has asserted itself. "I think you are as abnormal a pair of liars as ever came before me," he said, "and yet you stand by your means alone. I believe ninety-nine men out of a hundred will tell the truth when I ask. If they have been arrested before. The average woman, on the other hand, will lie deliberately to my face, and not only that, but she will cling to her lies, although she is perfectly aware that I know she is lying."

Magistrate Says Again Women Are Untruthful.

The Magistrate discharged the women with a warning, and they hurried out of the court without taking time to wipe away the tears.

Esther Fée, the American violinist, ... this morning that she had had no trouble with Emil Paur, the orchestra leader, and that she was not suffering from pneumonia. Her American début, which was to have been made last night at Carnegie Hall, has been postponed until the latter part of this month or the early part of December.

Colonel Meade Before Court-Martial.

Colonel Robert L. Meade of the United States Marine Corps, commanding officer of marines at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, was placed on trial today before a general court-martial, on charges of drunkenness, false swearing, and making false accusations against brother officers, before a court of inquiry held last summer to investigate the charge of drunkenness.

Colonel Meade's uncle was General George G. Meade of Gettysburg fame. Colonel Meade himself has been twice brevetted for bravery. Colonel Meade pleaded not guilty to the charges.

Colonel Denny told of his visit to Colonel Meade's office on March 18. He said he had found Colonel Meade under the influence of liquor and unfit for duty.

On his visit on April 30 the witness said Colonel Meade could not walk steadily. He described his condition then as being "unfit for duty either in the office or in the field."

William A. Boring, an architect, testified he believed Colonel Meade to have been under the influence of liquor on the dates mentioned. He said he had not seen him stagger.

Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. today engaged $500,000 gold for export by Thursday's French steamship; the same amount was taken for exporters not yet announced, but was later countermanded. It is expected that the engagements for Thursday's steamer will amount to $3,000,000 or $4,000,000. This is in addition to the large exports of more than $7,000,000 which went out today.

Dr. Albert C. Barnes of Philadelphia, who has been much employed in bringing about the proper preparation of vaccine virus in Philadelphia vaccine factories, via this city today to ... sent some of the ... which has been collected by the Board of Health of Camden with regard to the recent outbreak of lockjaw in that city. Dr. Barnes attended the sessions of the investigation as an expert. In discussing the investigation and its results he said:

Says Vaccine Virus Did Not Cause Lockjaw.

"The results may be summed up thus: In no case did tetanus appear until at least nineteen days after the vaccination. In every case the wound had been allowed to become polluted and had been neglected with utter disregard for all considerations of tetanus contagion. The virus was found to be absolutely free from tetanus germs."

The blue diamond that was brought to this country about a month ago by Dreicer & Son, jewelers, has been sold. Mr. Dreicer confirmed this today, further admitting that the price was $100,000, but he would not

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"Get-Rich Quick" Brokers Close Offices.

C. E. MacKey & Co., a firm long looked upon with suspicion by reputable brokers and investor in this city, closed their offices at 32 Broadway and their branch office at 45 Montgmery street, Jersey City, on Saturday night after paying off the employés, and have not opened since. The firm operated a discretionary pool, which it called an "investors' fund." MacKey is said to have come from Chicago.

Several months ago the company "guaranteed" investors 56 per cent, but at that time the game seems to have been in its infancy. Since then the fund has developed, and on Oct. 18 last a circular was sent out practically promising investors 320 per cent.

How the company figured, and, when to all appearances it quit doing business, is not yet definitely known, because the customers of the concern have not yet added up. There were those today who put the figures at $2,200,000. A number of victims haunted the office today. One had lost $4,000.

Hayman K. Reuben, once a wholesale dry goods dealer here, was arraigned today charged by David C. Tiebout, Vice President of the National Citizens' Bank, with the larceny of $15,300.

Postmaster of Brooklyn Quits After Quarrel.

The report that Postmaster Francis H. Wilson of Brooklyn had tendered his resignation, to take effect on the appointment of his successor, was verified today by a dispatch from Washington in which it was stated that Mr. Wilson's action was the result of a controversy between him and one of the assistants to the Postmaster General over the retention of an employé in the Brooklyn office.

District Attorney Philbin announced today that he will resubmit to the grand jury this week the cases of Fire Commissioner John Scannell and William L. Marks, indicted last June, but which indictments were dismissed. Commissioner Scannell was indicted on the charges of conspiracy and neglect of duty and Marks on the charge of conspiracy.

The members of the Historical society celebrated the ninety-seventh anniversary of the founding of the organization tonight. The principal address was made by Charles Francis Adams of Boston.

Guard Huge Gold Shipment with Care.

The $7,000,000 and odd gold withdrawn from the assay office on Monday sailed on the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse today, contained in an armor plate compartment of the vessel. Captain Hogerman said the gold would be under guard night and day by seven armed men, and admitted that among the ship's passengers were several detectives. The men who guard the treasure will go on and off watch in regular relays, and each relief of seven men will have in it one of the ship's officers, who will be in charge. The door to the compartment cannot be opened without the consents of the Captain, the First Officer, and the Purser, each of whom holds a key which is useless unless the other two keys are applied to the locks at the same time.

WINNERS AT GOTHAM'S SHOW.

Close Contest for Honors in the Class for Brougham Horses, Lawson's Entry Winning.

New York, Nov. 19.—[Special.]—The class for brougham horses at the horse show this afternoon made a hot and close fight through the time that the horses were in the ring, the old favorite, Glorious Red Cloud, exhibited by Thomas W. Lawson, finally winning over about as fine a collection of animals as ever went into the Madison Square ring, J. E. Widener's Gold Crest getting second place and C. K. G. Billings' Logan Star third.

The four-in-hands made a fine show, but the placing of the exhibit was a comparatively easy matter, the Lawson four, superbly handled by Richard F. Carmen, winning in pronounced style, with C. K. G. Billings' four, driven by D. Donnelly, as easily second.

The evening show started off with the sharpest sort of a competition in the class of saddle horses, the twenty-three exhibits including one animal exhibited by a woman, Miss Florence Blair, who, with Mrs. L. Trowbridge Martin's Elevation, remained in the ring almost to the last, but finally was directed to the gate, the first prize going to a remarkably fine and well mannered horse, Mrs. William Stanton Eilbrath's Flashlight. In the tandem class Frank J. Gould scored against Alfred G. Vanderbilt by winning his first prize of the show with the old prize-winners and one time champions, Birmingham and Burlingham. Richard F. Carmen, who drove them, aided materially in the victory, which was won by no great margin from Eber D. Jardon's Western Star and Lord Belfast, second; and C. K. G. Billings' Brown Boy and Marcus Logan.

BRIDE-ELECT GUARDED FROM A JILTED SUITOR.

MISS MATILDA D. JACOBSON.

Miss Matilda D. Jacobson will become the bride of Adolph G. Larsen at Kenosha this evening unless Chris Jensen, a rejected suitor can prevent the ceremony. For the last three weeks the prospective bride has been closely guarded to prevent Jensen from getting her away.

The whole affair is peculiar and has aroused much interest in Kenosha. A year ago the girl was engaged to marry Jensen, who is an attorney. Then the engagement was broken off and in a few weeks it was announced that she had been betrothed to Mr. Larsen. Jensen refused to accept the new order of things and has tried constantly to win her back.

The lawyer says that the girl is in love with and willing to marry him. Since the announcement of her approaching wedding was made he says Miss Jacobson has offered to marry him.

With this as an incentive Jensen has made repeated efforts to secure the girl, but her parents have been too vigilant thus far. Jacobson says that Jensen has prowled about the house frequently seeking a chance to carry the girl off. Miss Jacobson says nothing more than to express disapproval of the lawyer and to assure every one that she is happy at the prospect of marrying Larsen tomorrow evening.

BONING TRIAL IS BEGUN.

WOMAN ACCUSED OF MURDER PLEADS "NOT GUILTY."

Jury Not Completed When Court in Washington, D. C., Adjourns for the Day—Prisoner Sits Beside Her Husband During the Preliminary Work—Attorneys Clash Over Challenge of One Man Who Says He Has Formed an Opinion on the Case.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—The trial of Mrs. Lola Ida Bonine, on indictment for the murder of the young census clerk, James Seymour Ayres Jr., in the latter's room at the Normore Hotel in this city last May, began today before Justice Anderson in Criminal Court No. 1, and a jury had not been secured at the hour of adjournment.

Mrs. Bonine appeared in the court room at 10:10 o'clock, accompanied by the veteran guard, James W. Springman. She walked in so quietly that her entrance was scarcely noted, and took a seat beside her husband, just back of her counsel and in front of her sister. She smiled as she greeted her sister, and the latter placed her arms gently about her as she sank into her seat.

After the preliminaries of calling the names of witnesses and of jurors were disposed of Mrs. Bonine was asked to stand and plead to the indictment. She listened calmly to the reading of the document, and when it was concluded pleaded "not guilty" in low but distinct tones.

After a brief statement of the case by Judge Anderson the examination of jurors was begun, and when the court, at 12:30 o'clock, adjourned for the day the panel was exhausted. There were twenty-six members of the panel, and of these fourteen were excused, leaving twelve in the box. Of the fourteen jurors who were excused three were relieved by the court on account of ill health, seven upon challenges by the defense, and four upon challenges by the District Attorney.

The first contention between opposing counsel arose in connection with the calling of a juror of the name of Smith, a colored man and an undertaker. He stated that he had formed an opinion in the case, but that it was not so firmly fixed that it could not be modified by new testimony. Douglass of Mrs. Bonine's counsel challenged "for cause." District Attorney Gould antagonized the challenge, and Mr. Douglass addressed the court, pleading for liberal construction of the law because of the importance of the case.

The challenge, however, was overruled. Mr. Douglass noted an exception, the first of the trial, and then peremptorily challenged the juror, who was excused. It is expected there will be other challenges when the court convenes tomorrow.

HEAVY LOSSES FROM FIRES AND DEFICIENT WATER SUPPLY

Business Blocks in St. Paul, Assumption, Ill., and Other Cities Destroyed—Steel Tug Boat and Lumber Lost at Ashland

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 19.—Fire in the five-story brick building at the corner of Ninth and Wabasha streets caused a loss of $150,000. The ground floor was occupied by stores, while the upper stories were used as a warehouse by the People's Storage company, and were filled mostly with household furniture. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

Tug and Lumber Burned.

Ashland, Wis., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—The east tramway of the Keystone Lumber company caught fire tonight from a burning tug and all the firemen in the city were fighting the flames. Three million feet of lumber was destroyed. The steel tug Keystone, the finest tug at the head of the lakes, is burned, and the loss to the tramway and lumber company, together with the tug, amounts to $75,000. Most of the lumber belongs to the Keystone Lumber company of Ashland. The fire was visible up the bay for miles, and thousands of people lined the banks watching it.

Flour Mill in Ashes.

Lake Crystal, Minn., Nov. 19.—Fire caused by spontaneous combustion destroyed Graff Bros.' flour mill this morning. The loss on the building is $60,000; on grain and flour, $15,000, with a total insurance of $24,000. The electric light plant, water works, and telephone system also burned, increasing the total loss to over $100,000.

Takes Back His Gift; Is Arrested.

Otto W. McCloskey was arrested yesterday by Detectives Connell and Lee of the Lake Street Station charged with purloining a coat from Mrs. John Sherman, 719 West North avenue. McCloskey declares that the coat was presented by him to Mrs. Sherman, together with an avowal of his affection. Later, he asserts, he found that only the former gift was appreciated at its true value, and, awaiting his opportunity, he removed the gift.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25 cents.

HAY TALKS ON DIPLOMACY

SECRETARY SPEAKS IN PLACE OF DEAD PRESIDENT.

Delivers Address at Banquet of New York Chamber of Commerce, Outlining Plans Made by McKinley Which His Successor and Aids Are Carrying Out—Many Well-Known Men Present—Choate, McLaurin, Cummins, Low, and Odell Respond to Toasts.

(Continued from first page.)

"As to the measure of success which our recent diplomacy has met with, it is difficult, if not impossible, for me to speak. There are two important lines of human endeavor in which men are forbidden even to allude to their success—affairs of the heart and diplomatic affairs.

"But if we are not permitted to boast of what we have done we can at least say a word about what we have tried to do, and the principles which have guided our action. The briefest expression of our rule of conduct is perhaps the Monroe doctrine and the golden rule. With this simple chart we can hardly go far wrong.

"I think I may say that our sister republics to the south of us are perfectly contendent of the Northwestern and Lake Street vinced of the sincerity of our attitude. They know we desire the prosperity of each of them and peace and harmony among them. We no more want their territory than we covet the mountains of the moon. We are grieved and distressed when there are differences among them, but even then we should never think of trying to compose any of these differences unless by the request of both parties to it. Not even our earnest desire for peace among them will lead us to any action which might offend their national dignity or their just sense of independence. We would endow them with all the consideration we claim for ourselves.

Aim for Peace and Commerce.

"As to what we have tried to do—what we are still trying to do—in the general field of diplomacy, there is no reason for doubt on the one hand or reticence on the other. President McKinley, in his messages during the last four years, has made the subject perfectly clear. We have striven, on the lines laid down by Washington, to cultivate friendly relations with all powers, but not to take part in the formation of groups or combinations among them.

"A position of complete independence is not incompatible with relations involving not friendship alone but concurrent action as well in important emergencies. We have kept always in view the fact that we are preeminently a peace-loving people; that our normal activities are in the direction of trade and commerce; that the vast development of our industries imperatively demands that we shall not only retain and confirm our hold on our present markets but seek constantly, by all honorable means, to extend our commercial interests in every practicable direction.

As to Trade in Orient.

"It is for this reason we have negotiated the treaties of reciprocity which now await action of the Senate; all of them conceived in the traditional American spirit of protection to our own industries, and yet mutually advantageous to ourselves and our neighbors. In the same spirit we have sought successfully to induce all the great powers to unite in a recognition of the general principle of equality of commercial access and opportunity in the markets of the Orient. We believe that 'a fair field and no favor' is all we require; and with less than that we cannot be satisfied. If we accept the assurances we have received as honest and genuine, as I certainly do, that equality will not be denied us, and the result may be safely left to American genius and energy.

Rights in the Pacific.

"We consider our interests in the Pacific Ocean as great now as those of any other power and destined to indefinite development. We have no fortresses to the people of Hawaii; we respect the independence of the Philippines which Providence imposed upon us; we have put an end to embarrassing condition in which we were involved in Samoa, and while abandoning none of our commercial rights in the entire group, we have established our flag and our authority in Tutuila, which gives us the finest harbor in the south seas.

"Next in order will come a Pacific cable and an isthmian canal for the use of all well-disposed peoples, but under exclusive American ownership and American control—of both of which great enterprises President McKinley and President Roosevelt have been the energetic and consistent champions.

No Surrender of Rights.

"Sure as we are of our rights in these matters, convinced as we are of the authenticity of the vision which has led us thus far and still beckons us forward, I can yet assure you that so long as the administration of your affairs remains in hands as strong and skillful as those to which they have been and are now confided there will be no more surrender of our rights than there will be violation of the rights of others.

"The President to whom you have given your invaluable trust and confidence, like his now immortal predecessor, is as incapable of bullying a strong power as he is of wronging a weak one. He feels and knows—for has he not tested it, in the currents of heady fight, as well as in the toilsome work of administration?—that the nation over whose destinies he presides has a giant's strength in the works of war, as in the works of peace. But that consciousness of strength brings with it no temptation to do injury to any power on earth, the proudest or the humblest.

No Wantonness; No Fear.

"We frankly confess we seek the friendship of all the powers; we want to trade with all peoples; we are conscious of resources that will make our commerce a source of advantage to them and also profit to ourselves. But no wantonness of strength will ever induce us to drive a hard bargain with another nation because it is weak, nor will any fear of ignoble criticism tempt us to insult or defy a great power because it is strong or even because it is friendly.

"The attitude of our diplomacy may be indicated in a text of scripture which Franklin—the first and greatest of our diplomats—delivered at the court of Versailles. It was a text his father used to quote to him in the old candle shop in Boston when he was a boy: 'Seest thou a man diligent in his business, he shall stand before Kings.' Let us be diligent in our business and we shall stand—stand, you see, not crawl, nor swagger—stand, as a friend and equal, asking nothing, putting up with nothing but what is right and just, among our peers, in the great democracy of nations."

After he concluded Secretary Hay was obliged several times to acknowledge the applause accorded him by the diners.

Odell, Low, and Choate Speak.

Governor Odell spoke to the toast, "The State of New York," and Mayor-elect Low replied to the toast "The City of New York."

Joseph H. Choate, Ambassador to the Court of St. James, was next introduced. After the applause had subsided he spoke with his usual eloquence, dwelling mostly on the recent visit of the delegates of the New York Chamber of Commerce to London. He enlarged on the sympathy that had been shown by the British people at the time of the death of President McKinley.

Mr. Choate was followed by Senator McLaurin of South Carolina, who spoke to the toast of "The Monroe Doctrine of the Twentieth Century." The address was well received and he was frequently applauded. He declared that the ruling question today with all nations, and the one to which all political questions are subordinated, is, What can be done to further industrial development and obtain substantial business prosperity?

A. E. Cummins, Governor-elect of Iowa, spoke on the subject, "The Present Prosperity of the Republic—What are the essentials to its continuance?"

Joliet Boy Killed by Car.

Joliet, Ill., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Thomas O'Hara, an 8-year-old boy, was run over and killed by a Joliet and Chicago electric car in this city while attempting to cross in front of it.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A New Collar.

[E. & W. "LUBECK." "LUBECK." E. & W.]

SEEKS LEGAL AID TO FIGHT ROADS.

Governor of Minnesota Sends Messengers to Woods for Attorney General.

MONTANA PLANS ACTION.

Statute There Same as in Other States and Officials Believe It Is Applicable.

ATTACK FORMS IN EARNEST.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 19.—Governor Van Sant has sent a special messenger to find Attorney General Douglas in the northern Minnesota woods and request him to return to the city, so that a consultation may be held with regard to the railway situation.

Governor Van Sant is determined not to have a consolidation or combine between the Northern Pacific and Great Northern or any other competing lines in the State.

It is expected that the fight will be taken up in all the Northwestern States, several of which have laws similar to Minnesota, prohibiting the consolidation of parallel and competing lines of railroads. The laws of North Dakota, Montana, and Washington are said to be identical with those of Minnesota.

Montana Will Take Action.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—The constitution of Montana absolutely prohibits the consolidation of parallel or competing lines of railways.

In an interview today Governor Toole said he had not given the subject of the amalgamation of three lines that do business in Montana sufficient consideration as yet to express an opinion upon what action he would take. "I expect to have something to say upon the subject in a few days," he said.

Governor Rogers Undecided.

Olympia, Wash., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—It was rumored here today that Governor Rogers was considering the question of calling an extra session of the Legislature to act in the matter of the proposed consolidation of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railroads. The Governor's only reply to a query on the subject was: "I have nothing to say."

Thinks Idaho Law Deficient.

Boise, Idaho, Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Governor Hunt, in the course of an interview on the action of the Minnesota Governor, said he indorsed it, and would take the same action, except for the fact that practically all of Idaho's business was interstate and not local, and, therefore, the State could not reach the case.

NON-UNION MINERS BADLY BEATEN AT VINCENNES, IND.

Works of the Protest Hill Coal Company Attacked by Strikers, Who Closed the Shaft and Burned the Tools.

Vincennes, Ind., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Three hundred union miners from Washington, Princeton, Petersburg, Sullivan, and Dicknell came here during the night and at 3 o'clock this morning marched to the shaft of the Protest Hill Coal Mine company, where non-union miners are employed, and closed the shaft. They destroyed property, assaulted a number of miners, and are still in the vicinity of the mine. The entire city is excited, and more trouble is feared.

Owing to a strike, the mine has not been operated at night recently, and only the watchman, Dick Axbell, was on duty. He was seized by the leaders of the miners, who picked him up, and, marrying him to the furnace door, threatened to burn him alive. Axbell declares this would have been done had it not been for older men, who succeeded in quieting the leaders.

He was then beaten and placed under guard, while fifty of the crowd went to a shanty occupied by half a dozen miners, where a pitched fight resulted, in which Perry Collins, an attorney of Washington, who was visiting the owner of the shanty, and William Scott and Joseph Devine, non-union miners, were badly beaten and left in a serious condition.

After the union men had finished their work at the shanty they returned to the mine, stopped the pumps, burned all the tools they could find, and, after leaving instructions that they would return in case the mine was started and the scale not paid, marched back to town and disbanded.

HOT SPRINGS IN TWENTY-ONE HOURS.

Through Sleeper from Chicago.

Commencing Nov. 17, the Wabash will run a daily sleeper from Chicago to Hot Springs, Ark., without change, leaving Chicago at 11:08 a. m., and reaching Hot Springs next morning at 8 o'clock. Write for illustrated booklet. Ticket office, 97 Adams street.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.

GOOD LAKE VIEW. USABLE CHICAGO AVE. USABLE 14th ST. USABLE HYDE PARK.

Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Twenty-ninth street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth street, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT THE CHICAGO Postoffice today, Nov. 20, as follows:

For Switzerland, Roumania, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Belgium, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.

For Jamaica, via New York, 12 p. m.

For Costa Rica, 5 p. m.

For Cuba, via Tampa, 6 p. m.

For Alaska, 9 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Illinois and Indiana—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, variable winds.

Ohio—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, light northerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Partly cloudy Wednesday, Thursday fair, light northerly winds.

Wisconsin—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, light west to north winds.

Place of observation.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation 24 hours.	State of weather.
Time taken: Nov. 19, 8 p. m.					
Abilene	50	60	N.E.	....	Clear
Albany	42	52	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Alpena	34	42	N.W.	.01	Clo'dy
Atlanta	56	58	N.E.	.48	Clo'dy
Bismarck	32	40	S.E.	....	Clear
Battleford	22	36	N.E.	.02	Clear
Bismarck	32	40	S.E.	....	Clear
Buffalo	44	50	E.	.02	Clear
Boston	54	56	N.	.04	Clo'dy
Cairo	60	68	N.	....	Clear
Calgary	24	36	N.W.	....	Fair
Charlotte	58	66	S.	....	Clear
Cheyenne	34	44	S.W.	....	Clear
Chicago	40	46	E.	.01	Clo'dy
Cincinnati	58	60	N.	....	Clo'dy
Cleveland	48	56	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Concordia	54	68	Calm	....	Fair
Davenport	44	52	W.	....	Clear
Denver	40	50	W.	....	Clear
Des Moines	40	48	W.	....	Clear
Detroit	38	46	W.	....	Clo'dy
Dodge	44	52	S.E.	....	Fair
Dubuque	40	48	W.	....	Clear
Duluth	36	42	N.W.	....	Clear
El Paso	54	64	S.E.	....	Fair
Edmonton	26	30	Calm	....	Clo'dy
Galveston	62	64	N.	....	Clear
Grand Haven	36	46	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Green Bay	32	38	S.W.	....	Fair
Havre	34	46	N.E.	....	Clear
Helena	30	40	N.E.	....	Clear
Huron	40	46	N.E.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	52	60	N.W.	....	Fair
Jacksonville	56	60	N.W.	.07	Clo'dy
Kansas City	44	52	N.W.	....	Clear
Little Rock	48	58	N.W.	....	Clear
Los Angeles	54	56	N.W.	....	Fair
Marquette	34	36	N.W.	....	Fair
Memphis	54	60	N.W.	.10	Clear
Medicine Hat	20	42	S.	....	Clear
Minnedosa	28	34	E.	....	Clo'dy

One of the most prominent hat manufacturers in this country is reported to have met a friend at the club, who queried: "How much does your label on my $3 Derby cost me?" To which the style-maker responded: "About $1, I guess." He should have guessed again; hat labels cost about 1 cent apiece, and the probabilities are that the buyer really paid from $1.50 to $2 for the label he was stuck on.

Our $3 Derby hats are the exact replicas of the styles of three leading $5 hat makers, and guaranteed to give just as good service. How much royalty are you willing to pay for some swell hatter's label?

In soft hats at $2 and $3 we have the Alpine, Panama, Duke of York, Florodora shapes, and the new University telescope hat that is quite a novelty.

If you could identify our overcoats as you pass their wearers on the street you would be surprised to know the large number of our best-dressed citizens—business and professional men, especially—wearing our clothes.

$15 to $50 overcoat satisfaction here.

F. M. ATWOOD,
THE ROGERS, PEET & CO. CLOTHING
We fill orders by mail.
"ATWOOD BLDG." Cor. Madison and Clark Sts.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

Montgomery	44	46	E.	1.11	Clo'dy
Montreal	40	48	S.	.36	Clo'dy
Nashville	50	54	N.W.	....	Clear
New Orleans	54	58	N.	.12	Clear
New York City	42	48	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Norfolk	52	60	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
North Platte	32	42	N.E.	....	Fair
Oklahoma	44	54	N.	....	Clear
Omaha	42	48	N.	....	Clear
Oswego	40	46	N.E.	.34	Clo'dy
Palestine	60	66	N.E.	....	Clear
Parkersburg	54	62	N.	....	Clo'dy
Philadelphia	44	52	N.	....	Clo'dy
Pittsburg	46	52	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Pueblo	44	48	N.	....	Clear
Qu' Appelle	22	36	N.	....	Clo'dy
Rapid City	36	46	E.	....	Clear
St. Louis	42	44	W.	....	Clear
St. Paul	36	42	N.W.	....	Clear
Salt Lake City	44	52	W.	....	Clo'dy
Ste. Marie	34	36	N.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Springfield, Ill.	46	54	W.	....	Clear
Springfield, Mo.	42	46	W.	....	Clear
Vicksburg	56	64	N.	Tr.	Clear
Washington	50	56	N.	....	Clear
White River	30	34	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
Williston	20	42	N.W.	....	Clear
Winnipeg	30	42	N.W.	....	Fair

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 46 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 35 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 37; 10 a. m., 39; 11 a. m., 41; 12 m., 42; 1 p. m., 42; 2 p. m., 42; 3 p. m., 41. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.60; 6 p. m., 29.66.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the Health department:

Appel, Clinstopp, 52; 2710 Wallace-st., Nov. 18.
Anderson, Frieda, 21; 2230 Orleans-st., Nov. 18.
Borchert, Helen, 20; 25 47th-st., Nov. 17.
Burns, William, 45; 627 Dexter-av., Nov. 18.
Burke, Agnes, 21; 3442 Lowe-av., Nov. 18.
Borne, Catherine, 69; 3714 5th-av., Nov. 17.
Colliott, Maria, 27; 106 Hammond-st., Nov. 18.
Dowling, Patrick, 45; 176 Grand-av., Nov. 18.
Donovan, Bessie, 21; 194 Sebor-st., Nov. 18.
Fitzgerald, Otho B., 16; 5444 Kimbark-av., Nov. 18.
Gustafson, Cecil, 1; 620 Addison-av., Nov. 18.
Hangen, Hans, 48; 127 Huron-st., Nov. 16.
Hansen, Peter, 27; 746 18th-st., Nov. 17.
Havel, Karel, 29; 746 18th-st., Nov. 17.
Hartwood, Jr., F., 32; 732 Wilson-st., Nov. 18.
Heimanson, Frank, 38; 5424 Mackinaw-av., Nov. 18.
Jamsen, Emma, 73; 24 Nutt-st., Nov. 18.
Kreps, Martin, 17; 8 Fremont-st., Nov. 18.
Kegan, Thomas J., 45; 3051 Michigan-av., Nov. 18.
Kadow, William, 29; 242 Southport-av., Nov. 17.
Lindner, Ferdinand, 70; 514 Blue Island-av., Nov. 18.
Lindner, Bern, 79; 245 Seminary-av., Nov. 17.
Maloney, Patrick, 29; 2340 Emerald-av., Nov. 17.
Meyers, William F., 23; 663 N. Western-av., Nov. 17.
Mohl, Edward, 61; 1264 Lyman-av., Nov. 17.
Nelson, Charles, 22; 574 N. Campbell-av., Nov. 17.
Nelson, Richard, 17; 37 18th-st., Nov. 18.
O'Brien, Margaret, 34; 2813 Parnell-st., Nov. 16.
Peters, Wilhelmine, 41; 280 Clybourn-av., Nov. 18.
Pierrot, Harry, 45; 1841 66th-st., Nov. 18.
Smith, Charles J., 30; 1106 Wilcox-av., Nov. 18.
Satterlee, Daniel S., 65; 1320 Michigan-av., Nov. 18.
Simpson, Amelia, 39; 92 Ogden-av., Nov. 17.
Schwerr, Henry, 42; 1222 N. Halsted-av., Nov. 17.
Salesel, Caroline, 76; 3102 Prairie-av., Nov. 17.
Sampson, Mathilda, 69; 1222 Lytle-st., Nov. 17.
Sutro, Piera M., 2; 2244 Lasalle-av., Nov. 18.
Treiler, Mary, 64; 2341 Cottage Grove-av., Nov. 18.
Verdier, Leo, 21; 6237 Archer-av., Nov. 19.
Woodrow, William, 71; 111 Morgan-st., Nov. 19.

DEATHS.

CADY—At New London, Conn., Nov. 19, Sarah W. Cady.

EDGEWORTH—Lauraine Elizabeth, aged 1 year 5 months, beloved daughter of James J. and Julia F. Edgeworth, Nov. 19, 1901, at residence, 6054 Greenwood-av. Funeral Saturday, Nov. 23, from residence, at 9:30 a. m., by carriages to Calvary.

FOX—Flora J. Fox, wife of George H. Fox. Funeral from her late residence, 5256 Prairie-av., Friday at 2 o'clock p. m. Interment at Oakwoods. Burial private. No flowers.

GOODFELLOW—Alfred Edmund, beloved husband of Mary Davis Goodfellow, Nov. 18, at the residence of his mother, Mrs. Robert Goodfellow, 3453 N. Hermitage-av. Mavenpond, aged 38 years. Funeral private. Green Bay and St. Paul papers please copy.

HATCH—John Hatch, at Presbyterian Hospital, Nov. 18. Funeral Friday at 1 p. m. from his late residence, 1525 W. Monroe-st.

KEANE—Thomas J. Keane, beloved husband of May Keane, nee Riley, at his residence, 3031 Michigan-av., Nov. 18. Funeral at 9:30 a. m., by carriages to Calvary.

McKENNA—Marian McKenna (nee Scandlon), beloved wife of Charles McKenna, mother of Winnette and the late Lottie McKenna. Funeral Friday, Nov. 22, from her late residence, 604 Fulton-st., to St. Columbkill's Church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

MUTHER—Lottie May Muther, oldest daughter of Charles and Elizabeth Muther, Nov. 19, 5:15 p. m. Funeral from residence, 5711 Ontario-st., Friday, 2 p. m. New York, Philadelphia, and Denver papers please copy.

SMITH—C. W. Smith, 25 years old, suddenly, at 8 a. m. at his residence, 1051 Wilcox-av. His remains will be taken to Nunica, Mich.

SPIEGEL—Caroline F. Spiegel, aged 68 years 4 months, widow of Colonel M. M. Spiegel. One hundred and twenty-fifth regiment. Daughter of Hamlin Spiegel, Mrs. Martin Barbe, and Mrs. T. A. Nerney. Funeral Wednesday, Nov. 20, 1 p. m., to Graceland. From residence, 3220 Prairie-av. Starke, Holmes, Wayne, and Richland County, O., papers please copy.

TREILLER—Mary, beloved wife of Charles Treiler and mother of George Treiler, at her home, 2341 Cottage Grove-av. Funeral from her late residence, Wednesday, Nov. 20, at 2 o'clock, by carriages to Forest Home. Detroit and Toledo papers please copy.

WALSH—Nov. 19, 1901, Mrs. Mary Walsh, at her residence, 3752 Wabash-av. Funeral Thursday, Nov. 21, at 9 a. m. to St. Elizabeth's Church

MAY PATCH UP WITH PRINCETON.

Harvard Said to Be Negotiating for Renewal of Athletic Relations.

WANTS TWO "BIG" GAMES

Pennsylvania's Slump Leaves Crimson Team Without a Test Before Yale.

FEELING IS AGAINST ELI.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Among the season's football sensations, the biggest is the probability of a match between Harvard and Princeton next year, to be played in Cambridge.

The Pennsylvania game next fall can no longer be regarded as a "big" game. It would not suit Boston patrons to be deprived of a real "championship" battle. Not only would attendance be greatly diminished, but the Harvard eleven will be in need of a tougher test in preparation for Eli. The disintregation of Pennsylvania has been going on for four years, with the result that Coach Woodruff can no longer be depended upon to furnish such a test.

A game with Princeton is the probable result. A Harvard coach, when conversing with a friend on the football situation, hinted that Pennsylvania's collapse was a new factor in Harvard athletics, much to be regretted, and said a game with Princeton might be the best way out of it.

Since 1890 Harvard has played Princeton only twice and lost both times, in 1895 and 1896, Princeton scoring 12 points to 4 the first game and 12 to 0 the second. It will be observed that it was in those two years that athletic relations between Harvard and Yale were suspended.

Coolness Toward Yale.

What bearing a Princeton game may have on the Yale game and on the renewal of the five-year agreement is not at present clear. It is sufficient to say that Harvard managers have spoken definitely about a few points upon which they would insist before continuing the series of contests with Yale. The latest reports from Yale have not increased good feeling, either.

Pending the Glass case last week the baseball and crew captains postponed negotiations about the games and races next spring. Nothing has yet been done to insure the race and baseball games. If, however, Harvard desires to play Princeton in football, there there would be, perhaps, no reason why a series of three games should not be played. From every standpoint a Harvard-Princeton baseball series would be desirable. The Harvard manager is in communication with Princeton on the subject. The announcement of the baseball schedule will be awaited with uncommon interest.

In the preoccupation of the present week no Harvard official has any time to confirm or deny any rumors. The nature of the negotiations for a football game with Princeton is such that publication of details is to be avoided until every detail is agreed upon.

Crimson Team's Practice.

Two days only remain for Harvard to put her eleven through its paces, as the coaches have planned to give the players a rest Friday.

This afternoon's work was hard and fast from start to finish, and the men seemed to enjoy it, notwithstanding the fact that it was snowing hard. At times the turned to rain, making the ball particularly hard to hold. Little fumbling was done, as the team is now determined to prevent this. Cutts was found at right tackle and Blagden took the signals from left tackle's position. Lawrence, Jones, and Wright were also played at left tackle.

HARDEST WORK OF THE WEEK.

Yale Varsity Gets Long Scrimmage Against Strong Scrub—Arrangements for Harvard Game.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—What will be the longest and hardest practice of Yale's varsity this week was taken today, the first and second teams playing thirty and twenty-five minute halves. With two exceptions the regulars were all in their places. Weymouth and De Saulles, who were forced to do four men's work in Saturday's game, did not play, De Saulles not reporting at all and Weymouth sprinting around the ends of the gridiron a few times to keep in condition.

The scrubs were the most formidable second eleven which ever lined up at Yale. Glass, the giant, whom a technicality keeps off the varsity, lined up opposite Hamlin. Bloomer, last year's tackle, went in against Hogan, Coffin and Corbin. The presence of this crowd of stalwarts gave the regulars an object lesson by defeating them, scoring twice, while the varsity was able to get the ball across the scrub goal only once.

Bloomer stopped most of the varsity's strong plays. Goss played only a short time, as he is severely bruised. The first half of the practice was secret. Ex-Captain Corbin, '98, and Chamberlin, '96, arrived today, joining former Captains McBride, '99; Rodgers, '97; Hinkey, '95; and Rhodes, '91, who will constitute the coaching staff this week.

The referee for the game will be M. A. McClung, and the umpire P. A. Dashiel, both of Lehigh. Ex-Captain W. H. Whiting of Connell has been selected as timer, Talcott B. Hull of New Haven lineman for Yale, and A. F. Lee for Harvard. Manager Frances will go to Harvard tomorrow, and it is believed the case of Cutts, the Harvard tackle, will come up for discussion.

WOLVERINE REGULARS REST.

Yost Plays Subs on Varsity and the Scrubs Score Twice—No Move to Play Wisconsin.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Coach Yost wears a grim expression tonight as a result of this afternoon's practice on Regents Field. During the course of a half hour of scrimmage the scrub shoved the pigskin over the goal line twice, and even the tongue lashing Yost dealt out to his charges did not seem to brace the varsity to any degree.

The varsity is nursing its discomfitures, and tomorrow's practice should be the fiercest in many days. The regular lineup was not in the field, however, today. Graver was in Weeks' place at quarter, Forest at left tackle instead of White, and Heston went to right end for a time. Southworth supplanted Gregory at center. In the back field Reddiner, Shaw, and Jones, the promising substitutes, did the honors, but their inexperience proved fatal to the varsity's offense.

Manager Baird is busy securing officials for the Beloit game. There promises to be the same difficulty as the Chicago match. Rumors of dickering for a post-season game have been creating no little stir on the campus. Baird still holds out stoutly that there has been no move by Michigan in the matter. It is understood the Chicago alumni are loud in their demands for a tryout between the Wolverines and Badgers, but beyond that there are no developments in the situation as far as Ann Arbor is concerned.

TRY TO SOLVE GOPHER PLAYS.

Northwestern Scrubs Are Taught Minnesota Formations and Tear Up the Purple Varsity with Them.

The Northwestern eleven was out for practice yesterday for the first time since the Beloit game. Dr. Hollister drilled the scrubs in the Minnesota style of playing for a short time before the varsity came out. The varsity was expected to solve the plays and stop the gains. While the scrubs did not score they made several large gains and completely outplayed the varsity offensively.

Peckum, who played right end in the Illinois game, was knocked unconscious by a blow on the head. He was revived and was able to take his place on the scrubs again. G. O. Diets was the only man of the varsity eleven who was not out for practice.

Dr. Hollister gave no indication of what he was intending to do with offense, but used the entire afternoon on defense. It is certain the coach will have to make an entirely new defense to meet the playing of Minnesota. The scrubs tore holes in the center of the line.

Tangle Among High School Teams.

At a stormy meeting of the High School Athletic board yesterday an attempt was made to straighten out the "championship" tangle in the Cook County league. The principal trouble was between West Division and English High, both of whom claim the leadership of the Western division, Hyde Park has won the first honors in the Eastern division, with North Division second. It was finally fixed by a vote of the managers of the four teams that West Division and English High play next Saturday, and that the winner of that match will meet North Division on the following Saturday, the loser to play Hyde Park on the same day. But who the winner of the West Division honors are not pitted against the leaders of the East Side is not made plain. North Division starts tomorrow on a trip which will include games with high school teams at Minneapolis, St. Paul, and Culver Institute. Hyde Park is trying to arrange a game with Englewood High for the championship of the State.

Light Work on Marshall Field.

The marooned were given another light day's work on Marshall Field yesterday without any scrimmaging. The lineup of the varsity was the same as the day before, with Garvey at half and Maxwell at quarter, and Coach Stagg devoted the greater part of the time to drilling the players in charging, with a view to correcting the chief fault exhibited in the Michigan game. It is said that the conclusion of the work that there was a considerable improvement, and that with the present material he expected to work up some kind of an offense which would gain ground against Illinois, though a victory was, of course, far beyond his expectations. Perkins was in the practice, but neither Horton nor Maclub was out. They are pretty certain to be at work the first week, however. Captain Sheldon was outdoors for the first time since his injury in the Beloit game.

Notre Dame Seeks Post-Season Game.

Notre Dame, Ind., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—The varsity has arranged a game with the Chicago Physicians and Surgeons for next Saturday to keep the men in good condition for the Thanksgiving game in South Bend with Pat O'Dea's aggregation of university stars. This is the strongest team in the history of Notre Dame and all due to O'Dea's coaching. There will be a change of signals before Notre Dame meets the South Bend team. Notre Dame looks for a standing among Western eleven. So practically tied Northwestern and defeated Beloit, while Beloit tied Northwestern and Northwestern defeated Illinois. Captain Fortin says a post-season game will be sought with either Northwestern or Illinois.

Beats the South Side Scrubs.

The Hyde Park High School branch defeated South Side Academy scrubs at Washington Park yesterday afternoon in an interesting game by a score of 10 to 0. This is the second game these teams have played, South Side winning the first.

Won by Hyde Park Scrubs.

The Hyde Park High School scrubs defeated Stearns Academy at Washington Park yesterday afternoon by a score of 11 to 0. Hyde Park scored the first touchdown on an eighty-yard run by McKillip. Lineup:

Stearns [0].		Hyde Park [11].
R. E.	Thackery	Lussky R. E.
R. T.	Boone	Stearns L. T.
R. G.	Gallagher	Haager L. G.
C.	Wilson	Gilbert C.
L. G.	Wilson	Hammond R. G.
L. T.	Wells	Blumenthal L. T.
L. E.	Perry	Blumenthal R. E.
Q.	Maynole	Becker Q.
R. H. B.	Hager	McKillip L. H. B.
L. H. B.	McCarthy	Wilson R. H. B.
F. B.	Clark	Crosby F. B.

Touchdowns—Wilson, McKillip. Goal—Lussky. Timekeeper—Hammond. Linesmen—Beaudry and Moyer. Time of halves—20 and 30 minutes.

"RUBE" COMES TO TOWN AGAIN.

Waddell May Go to Coast with All-American Team—Endeavor to Patch Up Differences with Hart.

"Rube" Waddell, who deserted the remnants near the end of the season and has been rusticating up in Wisconsin ever since, arrived in the city yesterday and at once agreed to become a member of the All-American team which starts for the Pacific coast next Sunday. "Rube" will be one of the four pitchers who will make the trip—that is, providing he does not change his mind before Sunday, which is what Win Mercer and Umpire Joe Cantillon, who are managing the trip, half expect. The personnel of the tourists is: Harry Davis, first baseman; LaJoie, second base; Charley Irwin, shortstop; Bradley, third base; Carey, right field; Barrett, center field; Pickering, left field; Billy Sullivan, catcher; Bernhard, Garvin, Mercer, and Waddell, pitchers.

Each member of the party puts up the price of railroad fare and berths for a round trip in the hands of Mercer. This is to prevent any one becoming dissatisfied and deserting before the trip is ended. The profits will be divided pro rata. The first game will be played on Thanksgiving day and the trip will end about Jan. 15. The opposition will be furnished by a picked team made up of players who live on the coast, among whom are Jimmy Hughes, Frank Chance, "Sandow" Mertes, E. K. Harvey, and George Van Haltren.

Waddell had other business in Chicago. He steered carefully into President James A. Hart's office on the fourteenth floor of the Fisher Building and began to cast out lines to find where he stood. Before his desertion "Rube" had signed for next season, and, according to President Hart, he was willing to accept a little advance money. Up to a late hour last night Mr. Hart had not decided whether to give "Rube" another chance.

Virgil Garvin is also in town. He is much dissatisfied with his American league treatment. He signed with Milwaukee, but not with St. Louis. Promises were made him by the Brewers and he doesn't know where to go to realise on the promises.

MATCHED TO FIGHT AGAIN

GEORGE GARDNER AND KID CARTER WILL BATTLE ONCE MORE.

Contest Is Arranged to Take Place in San Francisco in December, Taking the Place of the Proposed Battle Between Jeffries and Sharkey—Resolution Against Boxing Events in Chicago—Young Gilmore to Battle with Billy Rotchford.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Late tonight the San Francisco Athletic club directors came to a decision regarding the December fight. George Gardner and Kid Carter are to be brought together for a final and decisive match. They will meet to sign articles of agreement tomorrow. This will dispose of Sharkey's chances of meeting Jeffries in California for some time at least.

ANOTHER SETBACK TO BOXING.

Council Judiciary Committee Deprives Alderman Fick's Resolution of Its Effectiveness.

Boxing in Chicago was given another solar-plexus blow yesterday at a meeting of the Council Committee on Judiciary. Alderman Fick's ordinance, designed to renew boxing, was carefully deprived of its pro-boxing provisions and recommended for passage. His ordinance contemplated the repeal of Alderman Thompson's Athletic committee ordinance and of Alderman Patterson's anti-boxing resolutions. The part relating to Alderman Patterson's resolution was stricken out, but the repeal of the Thompson ordinance was left in.

The ordinance, as recommended for passage, reads as follows:

"That an ordinance passed by the City Council of the City of Chicago on the first day of January, 1901, and printed on pages 712 and 713 of the Council proceedings of said date, providing for the appointment of a Committee on Athletics and prescribing the duties of said committee, be and the same is hereby repealed and declared null and void and of no further effect."

Boxing, if this committee's recommendation is favored by the Council, will be left just where it was when, after the McGovern-Gans fight of last December, Alderman Patterson had passed a series of resolutions condemning boxing and forbidding it and ordering the Mayor and Chief of Police not to allow any boxing or sparring matches. The action of the committee was unanimous.

NEW CLUB TO PROMOTE BOXING.

"Chicago Jack" Daly and Charley Burns Will Meet in Windup on Friday Night Before Pyramid Members.

The Pyramid club will give the first of a series of weekly boxing shows on Friday night at the new Ahambra Hall in Archer avenue, near State street. "Chicago Jack" Daly and Charley Burns of Cincinnati will meet in the windup.

The Pyramid club will operate on the membership plan, each member being privileged to take two friends to each entertainment, and the membership eligibility test will not be too rigorous. Morris Rauch will act as matchmaker and Jimmy Bardell will be the official referee. "Kid" Pascoe is one of the promoters.

The other bouts for the first night are: "Kid" Cross and Jack Gill, at 135 pounds; Jimmy Ritter and Willie McNamara, at 118 pounds; "Con" Suffield and Dick Fitzpatrick, at 125 pounds; Jesse Shipp and Cincinnati and Jack Martin of Louisville. Shipp claims to have ample backing for a match with Benny Yanger.

Young Gilmore to Meet Rotchford.

Young Harry Gilmore has been matched to meet Billy Rotchford in the semi-windup of the Chicago Athletic association show on Dec. 7 at 118 pounds. Gilmore does not intend to follow boxing as a profession, but the match grew out of a bit of joking. While the youngster was boxing at his father's school a bystander remarked he would like to see the boy pitted against Rotchford. "O, I guess he doesn't take after his old man. Don't believe he lilly the gaff," chimed in another. This was too much for Gilmore Jr., who at once arranged the bout.

Hart Is After Bonner.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Captain Bonner of the Toronto baseball league team received two contracts, one from the Chicago National league club and the other from Cleveland. Bonner is reported to prefer the Cleveland offer, as he gets a bonus of $500 for signing it. If he goes to the American league city the Toronto club will get nothing for his release. It is said Cleveland offers him a salary of $2,500 and the cash bonus, which is equivalent to the Chicago offer of $3,000.

Spears Defeats Hatley.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 19.—In one of the most sensational billiard contests between professionals ever witnessed in Minneapolis, George Spears, the Minnesota champion, defeated H. F. Hatley, the champion of the Northwest, tonight by a score of 300 to 292. It was the second game of the Minneapolis series in the Northwest billiard tournament, in which the championship of the Northwest is involved. The contest for second place and money is now between Spears and Clow.

Three-Cushion Tournament.

Thomas (50) defeated Irwin (40) in the only game played yesterday in the three cushion tournament at Mussey's. The score was: Thomas, 50; Irwin, 36. The evening game was postponed. This afternoon Adams and Le Valley will meet, and in the evening Harris and Metcalf.

JOCKEY WHO EARNED $40,000 THIS YEAR.

From unofficial sources it is learned that Danny Maher has earned more money during the season just closed than any other jockey in either England or America. Maher's winnings are placed at $40,000. Lester Reiff is said to have earned $30,000 before his retirement; little Johnny Reiff made $25,000, and Jenkins $15,000. These boys rode in England. On the continent Taral, who a few years ago was the star American rider, but is now too heavy for riding in this country, is said to have accumulated $25,000. Among the American riders, O'Connor and Shaw are said to be the biggest winners, the amount being placed at $25,000 each. Burns is said to have made $20,000.

TROPIC TEAM WINS AGAIN.

TAKES THREE STRAIGHT GAMES IN WEST CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Chalmers' Men Shut Out the Premiers and Now Have a Record of Twenty-three Victories and Only One Defeat—Strong Quintet Averages 947 for the Series, Getting Margins of 26, 131, and 43—Doolittle Leads the Losers.

Tropic rollers in the West Chicago league again got away with three straight games, their victims being the Premiers, who were defeated by margins of 26, 131, and 43.

The winners went over the 900 mark on each occasion and averaged 947 for the series. Strong led in individual work with an average of 201¼. Out of twenty-four games the winners have only lost one. Scores:

Premiers.	1.	2.	3.	Tropics.	1.	2.	3.
Chisholm	171	176	206	Eddy	167	176	200
Doolittle	223	162	224	Wood	152	180	179
Deiner	153			Chalmers	191	195	180
Edington		190	142	McLaugh'n	214	194	
Geissler	168	172	180	Strong	196	196	212
Guston	164	156	179				
Totals	881	829	931	Totals	907	960	974

NORTH CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Standard.	1.	2.	3.	Webster.	1.	2.	3.
Berlin	192	142	164	Miller	164	181	223
Richter	159	181	171	Curtis	171	200	135
Winship	171	189	192	Ritchie	168	200	156
Hull	153	210	174	Linderman	159	172	189
Peterson	203	169	221	Jaeger	194	188	183
Totals	878	891	922	Totals	856	941	871

WHITE CITY LEAGUE.

Grands.	1.	2.	3.	Malcolms.	1.	2.	3.
Schmidt	187	136	165	Swissler	142	151	134
W. Leonard	141	118	143	McAuley	182	180	158
Rea	170	185	127	Dean	196	140	159
Johnson	169			Malcolm	149	178	130
O. B. Leo'd		172	171	Kennedy	107	168	165
Kiose	181	247	222				
Totals	848	838	831	Totals	716	816	745

METROPOLITAN LEAGUE.

Remnants.	1.	2.	3.	Rounders.	1.	2.	3.
Conroy	138			Lewis	183	228	190
Shepherd		191	163	Pudewa	196	195	148
Tompkins	207	135	146	Tore	217	171	149
Hoffman	166	184	135	Curry	169	161	158
Woodbury	151	183	160	Steers	161	179	212
Trumbull	153	182	142				
Totals	813	875	746	Totals	920	934	897

SOUTH SIDE LEAGUE.

Jackson. P.	1.	2.	3.	Unity.	1.	2.	3.
Woodbury	184	137	190	S. Wolfe	145	173	177
Brady	170	183	170	Herschman	151	177	177
Rockwell	195	141	170	Schmidt	158	178	197
Bandmeyer	161	156	183	H. Wolfe	142	156	161
Collier	145	177	171	C. Lyons	163	196	158
Totals	855	773	879	Totals	774	845	770

SOUTH CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Rosalands.	1.	2.	3.	Standards.	1.	2.	3.
Helt	160	186	201	Hudson	180	190	190
Nelson	181	167	190	Dietrich	155	170	180
Vand'gyde	212	177	152	Hahn	158	158	168
Philpott	186	174	181	Shoreen	156	163	140
McRill	200	181	154	Myers	171	168	191
Totals	939	885	878	Totals	811	871	864

UNITY LEAGUE.

Stars.	1.	2.	3.	Monarchs.	1.	2.	3.
Hobe	143	151	163	Linz	192	213	193
McHenry	201	179	161	Baker	185	185	190
P. Wall	181	144	156	Young	145	166	200
Otte	163	192	151	Davidson	160	160	151
Hennessy	176	172	149	Benaman	227	132	153
Totals	826	828	794	Totals	840	863	851

ENGLEWOOD LEAGUE.

Ashlands.	1.	2.	3.	Parks.	1.	2.	3.
M. Murphy	134	145	124	McGuire	153	140	153
Riley	136	150	217	Browning	166	135	132
Baker	155	152	177	Krollman	135	152	122
Olsen	117	144	105	Bruck	131	142	148
P. J. Mur'y	134	98	168	Friedman	162	180	161
Totals	734	696	796	Totals	735	782	828

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Tigers.	1.	2.	3.	Stars.	1.	2.	3.
Taylor	212	198	191	Etell	192	157	154
G. Taylor	168	191	177	Hoffman	166	199	154
Roach	133	188	181	Branton	169	179	157
Rafferty	142	179	199	Powers	176	132	181
Mooney	153	170	161	Perry			181
				O'Connor	148	176	204
Totals	777	882	867	Totals	874	846	853

SOUTH END LEAGUE.

Cowboys.	1.	2.	3.	Oakwood.	1.	2.	3.
Nicholson	128	157	151	Patterson	168	170	175
Healy	167	171	172	Marienthal	112	147	146
Sargeant	148	196	117	Miller	145	147	158
Modberg	158	108	128	Rogers	170	189	153
Melody	116	168	165	Weckler	138	167	180
Totals	707	800	733	Totals	731	840	848

GARDEN CITY LEAGUE.

Cervenkas.	1.	2.	3.	Cechs.	1.	2.	3.
Pavlik	182	179	170	Pankrazek	178	178	178
Klingsporn	116	178	170	Florian	207	201	197
Kohut	169	186	165	Zech	147	178	170
Kaspar	151	171	171	Hanzlik		147	175
E. Ruther	186	180	273	S. Pankrazek	186	124	178
Totals	796	812	880	Totals	892	790	887

PLZEN CYCLING CLUB LEAGUE.

Zeronas.	1.	2.	3.	Grays.	1.	2.	3.
Koukolik	142	184	197	Slibanek	133	194	140
Fried	182	140	162	Trnka	112	156	125
Voitowsky	124	147	159	Hanzlik	116	133	178
Doubeck	126	137	157	Karadat	172	161	184
Friends	207	129	184	Chleboun	148	123	159
Totals	780	748	765	Totals	675	757	724

CHERRY CIRCLE LEAGUE.

Association.	1.	2.	3.	Doctors.	1.	2.	3.
Rudhart	152	150	147	Watkins	198	158	177
Walter	168	151	145	Hamilton	118	133	178
Clark	162	178	140	Mitchell	168	178	183
Price	145	168	158	Wheater	159	199	172
Welch	158	158	218	Wilder	130	139	140
Totals	783	790	838	Totals	784	789	826

Gus Steele again defeated Captain A. C. Anson, winning the match played last night at Steele & Bensinger's alleys by 189 pins. Anson led at the fourth game, but in the remaining three could not maintain the pace set by his opponent. Scores:

Anson	163	216	180	206	201	116	155	—1	217
Steele	202	248	196	189	189	189	—1		356

Averages—Steele, 193 5-7; Anson, 172 6-7.

WHOLESALE GROCERS' LEAGUE.

Hoyt & Co.	1.	2.	3.	D. B. & L.	1.	2.	3.
Ryan	206	158	146	Coleman	158	154	152
Winkley	194	157	180	Stafford	150	166	174
Breis	137	183	106	Lindquist	139	135	165
Ainger	148	191	201	Macalister	190	179	158
Stein	197	161	151	Dailey	122	178	178
Totals	785	765	694	Totals	704	769	775

Durand K.	1.	2.	3.	R. M. & Co.	1.	2.	3.
Bruening	171	199	161	Spear	211	211	170
Matthew	172	156	180	Brunner	158	172	180
Hirsch	153	149	159	Bille	149	188	164
Biederman	145	179	154	Bille	164	164	164
Feller	133	153	173	Hawes	178	170	164
Totals	794	829	879	Totals	840	910	778

COMMERCIAL LEAGUE.

Wordens.	1.	2.	3.	Smooth R.	1.	2.	3.
Worden	200	202	170	Randolph	182	166	179
McClean	171	210	208	Scott	156	158	145
Rothermel	184	179	168	Dyson	242	178	187
Barton	182	123	180	Huhn	189	159	155
Rooney	179	158	181	Morton	127	160	162
Totals	916	868	907	Totals	893	831	828

DRUG TRADE LEAGUE.

S., S. & Co.	717	775	768	Parke-Dav.	787	713	781
Lord-Owen	823	660	750	Buck & R.	647	695	682
Sargent Co.	725	724	697	Foster Co.	664	642	603

WEST SIDE LEAGUE.

Ft. Sherm.	763	872	784	Uneeda	825	824	778

UNION LEAGUE.

La Salles	875	867	807	Ashlands	808	872	826
Flora	772	774	857	Halls	821	784	802

New $250,000 Gymnasium for Tigers.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—The plans for the new $250,000 gymnasium at Princeton have just been completed and accepted. The building will be two stories high and will occupy the space between the Stafford Little Hall and the Brokaw Memorial Building. The main entrance will be in the northern side and will open into the trophy-room, 48 by 65 feet in size. The main floor of the gymnasium will be 168 feet long and 101 feet wide. There will also be rooms for sparring, wrestling, and fencing. The second floor will be taken up by a running track of twelve laps to the mile. Work on the new structure will begin in the near future.

A decision of great importance to owners of bowling alleys and bowlers in general was yesterday rendered in the United States Court of Appeals at New York in favor of the Brunswick-Balke-Callender company, who are the owners of the bowling alley device known as the Reisky drop chute return alley. This appliance is used in all modern make of bowling alleys, and the patent is worth many thousands of dollars.

Suits for infringement have been pending in many of the principal cities of the United States during the last four or five years. A test case was finally carried into the United States Court of last resort, where it has been decided in favor of the big billiard concern.

The utility of the device originates in the speed with which it makes return of the bowling balls from the pit end of the alleys to the players, carrying them down an incline close to the floor line at the pit end and elevating them at the approach end to a convenient height for the bowlers.

Inquiry at the main offices of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender company in Chicago elicits the information that their attorneys have been instructed to bring suit against all manufacturers and owners of bowling alleys in which this device has been made unauthorized use of, not only in Chicago, but elsewhere throughout the United States.

The decision will not affect the principal roomkeepers in the down-town district, as their alleys were built by the owners of the patent.

WILL TRANSFER LA BELLE STUD.

Whitney Leases Famous Rancocas Farm to Breed Horses in New Jersey.

WANTS PLACE NEAR HOME

Millionaire Thinks Kentucky Is Not the Only State for Thoroughbreds.

MOVE IS AN EXPERIMENT.

New York, Nov. 19.—[Special.]—William C. Whitney will not buy the Rancocas stock farm from Mrs. Lillian Barnes Aitken, for it is not for sale. But he has acquired control of the property for a term of years and intends making an experiment which will determine whether a New Jersey farm can turn out a racing thoroughbred of as high a class as those of Kentucky and Tennessee.

Mr. Whitney believes he can make his plan a success. He will accordingly bring up from Kentucky the stud he has maintained at La Belle and domicile it at Rancocas. The stud includes the great Hamburg, the imported stallion Meddler, also Lissak, Jean Beraud, Loki, Ballyhoo Bey, and others; the noted mares Lady Reel, Ballyhoo, Kildeer, Black Venus, and a number of valuable yearlings.

"Mr. Lorillard and I talked over the possibilities of Rancocas farm many times," Mr. Whitney said today, "and both of us were of the opinion that it could turn out as great horses as any place in the United States. We understood the advantages of the Blue Grass region of Tennessee and Kentucky, and admit that it has cut a bigger figure in turf history than New Jersey, but we thought that New Jersey had not had a fair trial.

"I would be perfectly content to leave my stud in Kentucky if Kentucky were closer to New York. The objection to La Belle farm is that it is so far away I can't see my stallions and mares more than once a year. A man as fond of his horses as I am wants to see them oftener than that. Rancocas is close by. I can run over there almost any day and make the trip comfortably.

"I think I will be able to show Rancocas grass is as nutritious as blue grass. Mr. Lorillard cultivated grass in a scientific way, and Rancocas produces the best in New Jersey. If we find after a fair trial that Rancocas farm can't turn out high-class winners we will have to change."

WATERCURE IN A SOFT SPOT.

Morris Horse Wins the Handicap at Oakland—Jockey Ransch Is Thrown and Injured.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Hard rains over night discounted what on paper appeared to be the best card offered this year at Oakland. The heavy track, however, did not affect the attendance, and it was the best betting crowd of the season. Only two favorites got the money, but all of the winners were backed and the books lost again.

Jerry Ransch practically threw away the first race with Bernota after the Burns & Waterhouse colt had been backed from even money to 3 to 5. He broke flat-footed while the others were away running, and by overconfidence failed to go on about his business, letting O'Connor put one on him with Dunblane, who got a perfect ride.

Joe G. had to be fifteen pounds the best in the second to win under the bungling ride given her by Howson. She beat Rosewar a head. Dean Swift was third and will win when he is fit to race.

Matt Hogan was played as though the third race had already been run. From 2 to 1 he quickly went to 7 to 5. While going easily on the stretch turn Ransch tried to pull him in next the rail and the horse went heavily to the ground. Ransch broke his collar bone and won't ride for some time. Orlana had to make up a lot of ground but she beat Herculean out by a neck.

Watercure, the best handicap horse in California, went to the post at the false price of even money in the three horse race next on the card, presumably because he did not fancy the going. Favonius and Goldone were completely outclassed and Watercure won as he liked by two lengths.

The fifth, an open race, went to Meehanus, who galloped to the wire four lengths in front of Obia. Janice had no speed and was lucky to be third.

John McGurk, the post choice, got home a neck in front of Billie Moore in the last race. The latter should have won, but Matthews pumped him out in the early part of the race by chasing Nellie Forest and then was outridden on the end by Birkenruth.

Oakland Summaries Nov. 19.

Weather cloudy; track heavy.

First race, ⅞ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fn.
8-2	Joe G., 107 [Howson]	1	2½	1½	1½	1¾
11-5	Rosewar, 107 [J. Ransch]	3	6½	5½	3½	2½
6-1	Dean Swift, 110 [Bullman]	2	3½	3½	2½	3½
7-1	Time, 1:30. Educate, 100 pounds [Birkenruth]; Sol, 102 [Hoar]; Rosario, 97 [Winslett]; Lapidus, 110 [O'Connor]; and Buzz, 97 [Fauntleroy], finished as named. Winner, br. f., by Boanbury—Czarina. Start bad. Won driving. Rosewar was waited with too long and was forced against the rail under a badly judged ride. Phyllis was crowded in the stretch. Lapidus showed early speed.

Third race, ⅝ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fn.
4-1	Orleana, 99 [Winslett]	6	5½	5½	2½	1½
12-1	Herculean, 104 [J. Woods]	1	2½	4½	3½	2½
8-1	Ned Dennis, 109 [O'Connor]	3	3½	3½	1½	3½

Time, 1:16⅘. Nazra, 104 pounds [Howson]; Lief Prince, 102 [Hoar]; Matt Hogan, 109 [J. Ransch], finished as named. Decapo, 107 [Stuart], left at the post. Winner, r. g., by The Chevalier—Florine. Start fair. Won driving. Ned Dennis swerved at the end. Nazra G. showed early speed. Matt Hogan appeared to be a certain winner when he fell.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fn.
1-1	Wafer Cure, 114 [O'Connor]	8	8½	8½	1½	1½
2-1	Favonius, 114 [J. Woods]	1	1½	1½	2½	2½
13-5	Goldone, 112 [Bullman]	2	2½	2½	3½	3½

Time, 1:51. Winner, ch. g., by Watercress—Lena's First. Start good. Won in a canter.

Fifth race, ⅞ mile, purse $500, free handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fn.
6-1	Meehanus, 115 [Hoar]	7	5½	5½	3½	1½
4-1	Obia, 108 [J. Woods]	5	3½	3½	2½	2½
8-1	Janice, 118 [O'Connor]	1	1½	1½	1½	3½

Time, 1:30. Frank Bell, 124 pounds [Winslett];

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FALLS AFTER RACE IS OVER.

Jockey Burns Is Hurt in a Peculiar Accident at the Bennings Track.

HORSE IS DESTROYED.

Sadducee and Dewey Have a Great Duel in the Handicap for High Weights.

M'CAFFERTY ENTRY IS BEST.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—At Bonning's today the second race, in which seventeen maiden 2-year-olds ran, was full of incidents. Successunah and Trauer ran a dead heat. Flying Colors broke his back by colliding with Queen's Messenger, and T. Burns, the rider of Flying Colors, had his shoulder injured, while Redfern, the rider of Queen's Messenger, was shaken up.

The collision between Flying Colors and Queen's Messenger took place after the finish, when the boys were pulling up. Redfern thinks Queen's Messenger too quickly, and is doing so got in the way of Flying Colors, who was in between two horses which essayed. Flying Colors received such a bad fall that he broke his back, and he will have to be destroyed. Burns was thrown heavily, and at first it was thought he had broken his collar-bone, but it was afterwards discovered only the ligaments of his shoulder were strained, but it will keep him out of the saddle for several days.

In the handicap at seven furlongs Sadducee, who was carrying the colors of his new owner, John J. McCafferty, for the first time, was installed the favorite, even though he had the top weight of 122 pounds. The 2-year-old Dewey was backed from 6 to 1 to 5 to 2. Lady of the Valley from 12 to 1 to 7 to 1, while Selfre and Man-o'-War did not lack for supporters. Sadducee and Dewey furnished one of the prettiest races of the year. Each took turns at leading, but neither had an advantage of more than a head. The last furlong saw them running like a team, and in the manner they finished, and it was so close that only the judges were in a position to tell which was the winner, and they decided in favor of Sadducee.

First race, 6 furlongs, purse $400—Sadducee, 122 pounds (Michaels), 8 to 5, won; Dewey, 104 (Odom), 5 to 2, second; Lady of the Valley, 115 (Hess), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:16.

Second race, 5 furlongs, purse $300—Successunah, 95 pounds (Rice), 15 to 1, and Trauer, 105 (H. Burns), 8 to 1, ran a dead heat; Genesee, 108 (Odom), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:04.

Third race, 1 mile and 70 yards, purse $400—The Pontiff, 104 (Michaels), 1 to 15, won; Palima, 108 (Smith), 20 to 1, second. Time, 1:50.

Two starters.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs, purse $300—Extinguisher, 95 pounds (H. Cochran), 3 to 10, won; Possum, 105 (J. Martin), 4 to 1, second; Irrasious, 107 (Henderson), 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:15¾.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs, purse $400—Lady Godiva, 94 pounds (Henderson), 4 to 1, won; Prince Richard, 110 (Hooker), 8 to 5, second; Shoreham, 110 (H. Moody), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:30 1-5.

ENTRIES

First race, 9½ furlongs—Scannell, 115 pounds; Lord Conder, Death, Federalist, 112; Tasty, 110; Pianos, Tomicum, Tartar, Delmarch, 107; Flourtown, 104; Historian, 101e Ways, Weller, 102; Rollo, Morn, Elizabeth Moon, Chiboka, 99; Prussia, Rosecourt, 97. Also eligible—Certain, 107; Shamin, Carlovingian, 90.

Second race, 5½ furlongs—Flying Buttress, Colonel Bill, Corsway, Dragoon, Justice, Hot, Golden Rod, Barricade, 107.

Third race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Chaseease, about 2 miles—Boisterous, 122; Cousin Jess, Conover, 100; Sir Modred, G. W. Hopkins, Kate Spotswood, 97.

Fourth race, 1 mile and 100 yards—Mayhew, 111 (Talat, 107; Curiosity, Surmise, Carter Ban, Marothea, 97; Willard B., 91; Little Ted, 90.

Fifth race, 7 furlongs—Mayhew, 120 pounds; Dyer, Rightsway, Khaki, Rocky, 95; Tentagra, Lord Wynnaker, Rose of May, The Goldsmith, Water, Pondoloca, 92; Hot, Little Arrow, 88; Sadducee, 122.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—The Puritan, 128 pounds; Ben Brush, 125; Carbuncle, 123; Criterion, 110; Lady of the Valley, A. Vargrave, 98; Handicapper, 90.

Richard and Huggins to Return.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Atlantic transport liner Minneapolis, leaving London for New York next Thursday, will have among its passengers Trainer Richard and John Huggins, trainer for W. C. Whitney. It is doubtful if either returns here, although in each case a return to Great Britain is contingent upon arrangements that may be made in the United States. The Minneapolis will also carry J. Mackey, who has bought in Great Britain a large number of horses for J. B. Haggin's California and Kentucky stud farm.

Pay the Fiddler Case in Court.

The ownership of the horse Pay the Fiddler, which has long been in dispute, was settled out of court yesterday by agreement of the parties who appeared before Judge Burke for trial. Lobina A. Landry and George C. Blamers both claimed ownership, with half a dozen constables and a receiver or two thrown in to complicate matters. According to Attorney Jacob Bowen, Landry agreed to take the horse and pay $500 as satisfaction in full to all parties concerned.

Eastern Offer for Crusados.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—It is reported Lucky Baldwin is considering a fancy offer made by a New York turfman for the crack colt Crusados, son of Imperator of Norfolk and Atalanta II. Nobody knows what Crusados cannot do, and he has won his races like a racehorse of the first flight. Horsemen here consider him the finest colt ever foaled in California. If sold he will go for at least $25,000.

Notes of the Racetracks.

John Brenock will winter his string at the big barn at Forsyth.

There was no marked change in the condition of Robert Waddell, the Derby winner, yesterday. Waddell is one of about twenty horses still left at the Lakeside track.

No horses are at Harlem, but Pat Dunne is still at Hawthorne, where he lives in one of the cottages within the racetrack inclosure. Dunne will keep his horses here until about Jan. 1 and then go to Memphis and prepare for the spring meetings.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 19.—Thomas H. Williams, Jr., is a believer in the theory that horses should not be put on the track until they have reached their maturity. He believes 2-year-olds are too young enough to do themselves justice. Williams, therefore, intends buying a number of yearlings and colts and sending them to Oregon. It is his intention to allow the horses to browse on the rich grass and gain strength roaming over the country. He will not permit them to grow wild, but will simply have them ridden from time to time for the purpose of accustoming them to what they will have to do in later years on the track. He is confident, they will demonstrate the correctness of his theory.

NATIONAL FOX HUNTERS MEET.

First Day's Trials at Kentucky Course Result in Nothing Definite—Will Be Repeated Today.

Hall Springs, Ky., Nov. 19.—The eighth annual meeting of the National Fox Hunters' association opened here today under unusually favorable circumstances. The attendance is better than in years, and the weather is perfect for hunting. The Derby for puppy hounds 18 months old or under was the event today, and since it could not be determined which of the entries was entitled to the prizes, another trial will be given by the same class tomorrow. There were seventeen entries.

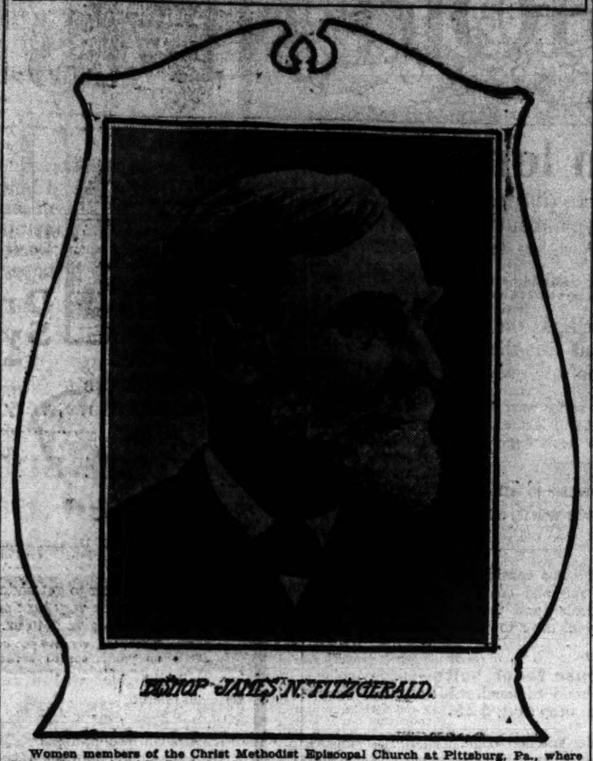
At sunup the puppies were released by Master of Fox Hounds R. D. Williams one mile from town, at the same point as last year, when such a fine race was witnessed. For an hour they hunted faithfully, but, striking no trail, they were called in and again cast near the Hamilton farm, three miles down the Kentucky River. They were soon on a hot trail, which they carried for two hours. Losing this, they were again called in and again cast near the Witt schoolhouse. Here they could find no trail of a fox, and they were finally called off.

Among the sportsmen from a distance were: W. L. Campbell, St. Louis; Dr. W. E. Sturgill, West Virginia; James Swann, New York; L. C. Campbell, Rhode Island.

Hull House Community Growing.

Hull House is to have an addition for the accommodation of persons wishing to become connected with the work of the settlement. The quarters at the Hull House have been too limited to permit the accommodation of all who have wished to be associated with the work of the settlement, and it is expected that some profit can be derived from the new building which is being erected. It is to be a three-story brick apartment building to cost $25,000.

BISHOP CRITICISED FOR PLAYING CHESS.



BISHOP JAMES N. FITZGERALD.

Women members of the Christ Methodist Episcopal Church at Pittsburg, Pa., where Bishop Fitzgerald of St. Louis has been attending a missions meeting, have created a stir over the Bishop's chess playing while in Pittsburg. The Bishop is a proficient player and could not resist the temptation of trying his skill against Pittsburg experts. He learned the game through playing with his blind son.

GLASS MEN IN SESSION.

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARRANGING PRICES HERE.

Hold Long Conference at the Auditorium Annex and Are Expected to Reach an Agreement Today—Large Discounts Are Asked and Probably Will Be Granted—Move Against the Independent Plants Talked of—Wages of Employes Not Involved.

The plate and window glass manufacturers of the country and the Executive committee of the National Jobbers' association, controlling the wholesale glass trade, held a long conference at the Annex yesterday to fix the price of glass for 1901-2. It is expected that a decision will be reached this morning. The discount to the plate glass trade has been 5 per cent in the East and 10 per cent in Western territory. The proposition now is to increase the discount to 10 and 15 per cent.

The only independent companies of importance not represented at the conference were the Heidenkamp Plate Glass company, near Pittsburg, and the Allegheny Plate Glass company of Allegheny, Pa. The American Window Glass company, Independent Window Glass company, Western Union Cooperative Window Glass company, controlling 75 per cent of the output, are all represented.

These plants are now in operation, and the rate of wages in plants of the glass combine fixed for the year. Consequently the price of glass will not affect the earnings of the glass workmen.

The rate of discount to the wholesale trade, at the factory, on window glass is now 16 per cent, and applies to orders from all over the country. The jobbers want this increased to at least 20 per cent. They are fighting hard for cheaper window glass and the manufacturers are inclined to grant the demand. For several weeks back the jobbers have been holding back orders, cutting down and exchanging stock with each other so as to fill immediate orders without buying from the factories.

It is understood that a proposition was advanced before the combine manufacturers to make a cut from the manufacturers' prices of 35 per cent. While it was discussed at length, it is hardly likely, according to a manufacturer present, that such a plan will be adopted. Its object would be to strike at small, independent, and cooperative factories that draw many skilled workmen to them and make it almost impossible to fully man some of the big factories. These outside factories are also credited with shading prices to jobbers.

Speaking of the glass trade of the country, Harry Holbrook of New York, secretary of the National Jobbers' association, said: "We have no fear of foreign competition in the glass trade. The coming readjustment of prices is an annual occurrence, and the demand for both kinds of glass is good."

Bottle glass manufacturers from Pittsburg, Washington, Pa., and Salem, N. J., met at the Auditorium Hotel with President John Ralston in the chair. Experiments are being made with a new and cheaper process for making glass bottles, and the result of the test is expected today.

PLASTER COMBINE IS FORMED.

Consolidation of All Gypsum, Cement, and Stucco Plants Under Single Management Lacks Only Final Touches.

Lawrence, Kas., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—The arrangements are practically completed for the consolidation of the gypsum, cement, plaster, and stucco plants into one corporation, to be known as the United States Gypsum company.

The company will have a capital stock of $10,000,000, divided into $5,000,000 preferred, which will pay dividends at the rate of 7 per cent a year, and a similar amount on common stock.

A large percentage of the capital invested in gypsum plaster plants at present is owned in Kansas, and the majority of the large plants are in Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas, where immense gypsum beds are found.

The consolidated company will control the entire plaster industry of the country. Its only competitors of consequence will be firms which import gypsum from Nova Scotia.

The combine expects to produce 500,000 tons of plaster, cement, and stucco a year to start with, and it will open new beds and establish new plants as fast as they are discovered and can be profitably worked.

The combined plants employ at present about 50,000 people.

The plants included in the combine now number about thirty-four in all.

One of the organizers of the United States Gypsum company says there will be little, if any, stock offered to the public. There will be no bond issue unless the company seeks to develop new gypsum deposits and build new mills. It is asserted that the purpose of the combination is to centralize management, and to dispose of the product to better advantage. It is stated that none of the plants will be dismantled or abandoned.

New Sleeping Cars—St. Paul-Minneapolis.

Fine new sleeping cars, containing new features, which promote the comfort of our patrons, now run through between Chicago and St. Paul-Minneapolis on limited fast mail, leaving Chicago daily 10 p. m., arriving St. Paul 8:30 a. m., Minneapolis 9:05 a. m., via the Northwestern line, the pioneer line West and Northwest of Chicago, and the best of everything. Ticket offices, Chicago and Northwestern railway, 212 Clark street, and Wells Street Station.

GAIN FOR STATE PAWNERS

PRESIDENT FARWELL REPORTS EARNINGS 12.72 PER CENT.

Capital Will Be Increased to $200,000 and Branch Offices Opened—Second Annual Meeting Finds Association in Prosperous Condition — Auction Sale of Unredeemed Pledges Show Large Net Profit—Total of Nearly 40,000 People Have Borrowed.

At the second annual meeting of the shareholders of the State Pawners' society of Chicago, held in Room 808 of the Tacoma Building yesterday afternoon, President John V. Farwell Jr. presented a report for the year ending on Oct. 31, showing earnings of 12.72 per cent on the present capital invested in loans—$160,000.

The earnings for the first year were 8.8 per cent, so that a net gain of 3.92 per cent is recorded for the second year of the institution. The total number of people making loans were 39,173, and the average individual loan $16.80. The second semi-annual dividend for the year of 3 per cent has been declared payable on Dec. 31, which makes the annual dividend 6 per cent.

The directors are now arranging to have the capital increased to $200,000 by the issue of stock, which will bring the society up to the original capitalization of $200,000. Directors Edwin G. Foreman and Nelson P. Bigelow, whose terms expired, were reelected to serve until 1904. In the near future the directors will take up the original plan of establishing branches in different parts of the city.

Report of President Farwell.

"The State Pawners' society of Chicago," says President Farwell in his report, "has reached a point where its financial success seems to be assured, and we soon hope to establish branches in conjunction with the main office at 88 Washington street. Our society is in every way prosperous. Comparing this year with the last the total amount of loans made increased from $257,790 to $400,475, and the number of loans from 17,161 to 22,012, making since the society opened a total of 39,173 loans, amounting to $656,265. In these figures, renewals, which are frequent, are not counted as new loans. The gross profit has increased from $13,619 to $28,451, and the net profits from $5,476 to $20,862.

Profit from Auction Sales.

"Two sales have been held, one in May, when the gross proceeds were $8,214.95; the loss of the society from 20 pledges $11 and the surplus from 167 pledges $1,675; the other on Oct. 15, when the gross proceeds were $5,457, the loss from 41 pledges $44, and the surplus from 265 pledges $1,697. These surpluses must be held for two years by the society subject to the call of the ticket holders. What is not called for within that time becomes the property of the society."

SMOKE MEANS PROSPERITY.

Illinois Manufacturers' Secretary Protests Against War on Violators of the Ordinance.

"Smoke and prosperity go hand in hand," says Secretary John M. Glenn of the Illinois Manufacturers' association in a letter to Health Commissioner Reynolds. Mr. Glenn deplores the announcement of the Health department that it is to commence a vigorous campaign for the suppression of the smoke nuisance.

"It is to be hoped that the announcement of the department is a mistake," Secretary Glenn states. "There are people in Chicago burdened with time and money who are worrying themselves sick about smoke, and there are those who have given careful consideration to the subject. An honest effort has been made by hundreds of manufacturers to reduce the annoyance to a minimum, and every device that will aid has been tried.

"Chicago, during the last few years, has become one of the greatest manufacturing centers of the world, and in ten years will be the greatest manufacturing center on this continent unless its progress is stopped by the unfavorable construction of existing laws or the enactment of adverse legislation.

"Expert medical testimony shows that smoke in the air is not injurious. It is true that it does destroy a garment occasionally and is hard on white gloves and lace curtains, but there are few houses in this city that would have the luxurious draperies they now possess had it not been for bituminous coal. Manufacturers of Illinois cannot meet the prices of the manufacturers of New York and Pennsylvania if they are forced to use anthracite coal.

"The continual agitation regarding the so-called smoke nuisance is only one of the many foolish agitations now being directed against the manufacturers of the State. It is earnestly hoped your department will not assume a radical position. Smoke and prosperity go hand in hand."

Commissioner Reynolds is absent in St. Louis, but Smoke Inspector Schubert said in reply:

"If there were no Smoke Inspection bureau in Chicago we would never see the sun. We do intend to carry on a vigorous campaign against the smoke nuisance. What we object to is dense smoke, which often is made when not necessary. If manufacturers do the best they can, we ask no more."

LOW ROUND TRIP RATES

For Thanksgiving Day.

Via the Michigan Central. Tickets on sale Nov. 27 and 28, good returning leaving destination not later than Nov. 29. City ticket office, 119 Adams street, Chicago.

WHY WOMEN ARE SO GOOD

JANE ADDAMS SAYS THEIR YIELD FOR BADNESS IS SMALL.

Lack Same Opportunities as Men for Bribing Legislators, Etc.—Address Before the Chicago Business Woman's Club on Philanthropy—Speaker Holds That Lack of Franchise Gives an Excellent Opportunity to Work Among the Poor Down-Town.

"Women consider themselves better than men," said Miss Jane Addams last night, in addressing the Chicago Business Woman's club, "but they forget the possible reason that they have not the same chance to be bad. Women, we are fond of saying, never corrupted Legislatures or accepted bribes from railroads. They haven't had the chance."

Miss Addams went on to tell the business women that they could do much for philanthropy without being suspected of political ambition or selfish interest.

"We should take advantage of our unfranchised condition," she said, "and exert our influence for the benefit of those who belong particularly to the down-town district. You who spend your days here come in daily contact with those who need help and can become acquainted with them, which is the best basis for philanthropy.

"There is more tendency in society to talk for the sake of talking than there is among business women. Your observation of child labor in the down-town district would be more likely to result in your doing something as well as talking.

"An investigation was made some time ago of a number of down-town stores and in one of them we found a number of boys under the legal working age. We were surprised at the explanation the proprietor gave for employing them. He said he did not care to take boys so young, but he had taken them at the earnest solicitation of some charitable women who explained the needs of the family. They wanted the boys to get wages."

Miss Addams said she had become more opposed to child labor than she was when she first went into settlement work. It is because she has seen the boys and girls, who were employed then, grow up to men and women, and found out what premature work means. It is premature work, she says, that is largely responsible for tramps.

Miss Addams said one trouble in Chicago is that the compulsory education law sadly needs enforcing. It is a difficult thing to do, she said, and the department uses its influence to try to keep children in school. She prophesied that within twenty-five years people would wonder that boys of 7 and 8 years were ever allowed to risk their physical lives, their moral welfare, and their future prospects by selling papers on the down-town streets.

CITY HOMES ELECTS OFFICERS.

Association Members Hold Annual Meeting at Kinsley's and Discuss Plans for Future.

Members of the City Homes association held their annual meeting at Kinsley's yesterday afternoon, and after discussing the work of the organization during the year elected officers and laid plans for future activity.

Mrs. Emmons Blaine, President of the association, presided. The officers chosen were: Treasurer, Leslie Carter; Secretary Albert Kales; Executive committee, Mrs. Joseph T. Bowen, Miss Jane Addams, Mrs. Cyrus McCormick, Charles L. Hutchinson, Nelson Bigelow, Professor George E. Vincent, Edward B. Butler, Mrs. Emmons Blaine, and Cyrus Bentley.

A President will be elected later.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

Spiering Quartet.

For eight years the Spiering quartet has struggled for existence, and only the indomitable will of its founder has kept it from the dissolution to which the indifference of the public would have consigned it. Its founder would not give up, however. He believed that in time he could attract a number of chamber music admirers sufficient to enable his organization to live, and he felt that Chicago, as a music center, must needs have such an organization.

Eight years of sacrifice, of labor, and of money seem now to have brought the reward he believed would come—this season the quartet concerts promise to be self-supporting. The condition is a most gratifying one, and, although the music public's duty can scarcely be called done until patronage sufficient to do more than merely meet present expenses is accorded, yet one can but congratulate Mr. Spiering on the success which he seems finally to have won through his determination and courage. He, too, has learned by the past years, however. He has learned that programs of string quartets alone will not find favor here, at least not yet, and he has wisely conceded to public preference, and now offers chamber music evenings varied in character.

The first of these evenings attracted an audience of exceptionally choice musical quality to Music Hall last evening, and the size of the audience, as well as the appreciation it lent the performance, told that the seeds sown in years past now are beginning to bear good fruit.

The quartet has undergone a change in personnel since last season. Mr. Adolf Weidig, the able violist of previous years, has withdrawn and is replaced by Mr. William Diestel. The program opened last night with Mozart's C major quartet—No. 465 in the Koechel catalogue—and served to show in its first movement that Mr. Spiering and his associates were in good form. The clear, pure beauty of the work was enjoyably revealed, technical adequacy, coupled with thorough musicianship, being brought to the performance. Especially admirable were the Andante and the Menuetto. A Waltz in G major (op. 73) by Friedrich Kiel was the other quartet number on the program, and was played for the first time here. It is not a work especially burdened with evidences of inspiration, but is commendably made, and certain portions of it, that suggest a Tyrolean waltz, are quietly pleasing.

Mr. Sydney P. Biden was the vocalist of the evening and chose six Schumann songs, all of which are gems of lieder art, but the majority of which are too intimate in character to appeal to the general public. He sang them, however, with nice appreciation of their poetic delicacy and with enjoyable revealment of their exquisite musical beauty. Mrs. Frank Hoffmann merits hearty commendation for the discreet and neatly finished manner in which she accompanied the singer.

Grieg's Sonata, op. 36, for piano and 'cello, was played by W. C. E. Seeboeck and Herman Diestel. A little more spirit in the final allegro would have been acceptable, but the performance, as a whole, was praise-meriting.

Irving Sends Order of Plays.

As was surmised a few days ago "Charles I." will not be the opening play of the Irving engagement. The actor has preferred to trust instead to "The Merchant of Venice," familiar but of certain popularity. His manager telegraphed the following arrangement of plays for the first week from Philadelphia last night: "The Merchant of Venice" on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesdays evenings and Saturday afternoon; "Nance Oldfield" and "The Bells" on Thursday night; "Mme. Sans Gene" on Friday night; and "Louis XI." on Saturday night. Of this number "Mme. Sans Gene" is the only performance with which Chicago theater-goers have not had long acquaintance, and the Sardou-Moreau play is itself well known through its use by other players. Nothing is known about the plays for the second week, but "Charles I." presumably will be presented at its beginning.

Fables in Slang for Stage Use.

It was said last night that George Ade was to dramatize some of his "Fables in Slang" for Ward and Vokes. Manager Sturgis, representing the players, had a conference with Mr. Ade during the afternoon.

No Distinctions.

A millionaire's credit is no better than an honest salaried man or woman's with us. We trust you for diamonds and let you pay monthly. Open evenings. Loftis Bros., 103 State street.

VOTE TO MEET SOO CUT RATES.

Chicago-St. Paul Lines Agree to Sell Tickets to New York at $27.

OVER MICHIGAN CENTRAL

Other Eastern Roads Expected to Join in Pro-Rating the Reduction.

NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

Chicago-St. Paul lines at a meeting held here yesterday agreed to sell first-class tickets in connection with the Michigan Central and New York Central railroads at a rate of $27 from the Twin Cities to New York via Chicago. This is only $2 more than the $25 rate heretofore made by the Soo Line.

The regular standard line rate is $31.50 and the differential $29.50, but owing to the Soo Line competition the differential lines have been making a $25 rate. It is understood that the Michigan Central has agreed to prorate with the Chicago-St. Paul roads at the $27 rate, which is a deviation from the arbitrary position heretofore held by the Eastern roads when they declined to prorate at all with their Northwestern connections.

Now that the ice has been broken in the Michigan Central case the other standard lines want to make the same arrangement with the Chicago-St. Paul lines.

New Rules for Baggage.

Chairman MacLeod of the Western Passenger association has issued a circular relating to the uniform baggage rules recently adopted by the Western lines, to become effective on Jan. 1 next. No piece of baggage (except foreign emigrant baggage) weighing over 250 pounds will be accepted or checked as baggage. One hundred and fifty pounds of baggage will be checked free for each passenger presenting a full ticket and seventy-five pounds on each half ticket.

Queen and Crescent Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific (Queen and Crescent) railroad was held in Cincinati yesterday. Reports covering operations for the year ended June 30, 1901, were submitted. They showed that the company operated 338 miles of road, on which the gross earnings were $5,045,593, a decrease of $121,831 from the previous year, of $78,645; net earnings were $1,299,826, a decrease of $121,831. The freight earnings were $3,734,816, a decrease of $172,822. Passenger earnings were $874,159, an increase of $76,817. There was expended in maintenance of way and building improvements $1,063,997, and in maintenance of equipment $846,900.

Transportation Notes.

John Player has resigned the position of Superintendent of Machinery of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé railroad, but has agreed to remain with the company in an advisory capacity, and will have the title of Consulting Superintendent of Motive Power. George R. Henderson has been appointed Superintendent of Motive Power.

Traffic officials of the roads between Chicago and the Ohio River had another conference in this city to see what could be done to stop rate cutting.

Important changes in the Burlington's time tables will be put in effect next Sunday. The time of the St. Louis-Denver trains will be shortened more than three hours.

Milwaukee and St. Paul earnings for the second week of December were $342,373, against $344,236 for the corresponding week last year, an increase of $101,037.

Chicago Great Western earnings for the second week of November made an increase of $12,474 over those for the corresponding week last year.

Gross earnings of the Chicago Terminal Transfer railroad company for the second week of November show an increase of $2,383 over those for the same week last year.

Chicago and Eastern Illinois earnings for the second week of November were larger by $14,700 than those for the same week last year.

MILLER TO DIRECT TRAFFIC.

Great Northern Vice President Agreed Upon as Officer in the New Combine.

New York, Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Darius Miller, Vice President of the Great Northern railway, has been agreed upon by the Morgan, Hill, and Harriman interests to be the traffic director of the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific, and the Burlington lines. He will bear the same relation to this Northwestern group of roads that J. C. Stubbs bears to the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, and the Oregon Short Line.

FROM THE INSURANCE FIELD.

Life Underwriters Devote Last Session of Year to Question Box Discussion.

Questions of live interest were discussed last night at the last meeting for the year of the Chicago Life Underwriters' association, held at Kinsley's.

Desiring to make the organization of practical value to the members, each was invited to propound any insurance question, which was referred to the person best qualified to answer it. The greatest interest was shown in the advisability of allowing a change of beneficiary under the policy.

Six new members were elected.

Complaint will be made today to Manager Glidden of the Chicago Underwriters' association of violations by many offices of the brokerage rules and those restricting writing in the congested district. Several managers have been complaining of abuses.

Owen & Frazer were appointed general agents of the Massachusetts Mutual for Texas, with headquarters at Dallas.

The Union Mutual Accident and Health Insurance society of Madison, Wis., has consolidated with the Northwestern Accident and Benefit association of Oshkosh, with headquarters in the latter place.

The annual meeting of the Iowa Mutual Tornado, Cyclone and Wind-Storm Insurance association was held at Des Moines yesterday. Today and Thursday the twenty-first annual convention of the Iowa Mutual Insurance association will be held. The anti-compact and valued policy laws, both of which will be up before the coming session of the Legislature, will be discussed.

URGES SAFEGUARDS IN ASYLUM.

Coroner's Jury Acts in Case of Child Who Plunged to Death Over Stair Railing.

A Coroner's jury yesterday afternoon recommended that the officials of the Chicago Half Orphan Asylum and Nursery, at 175 Burling street, construct screens or other devices on the stairway railings in the asylum to prevent children from falling over. The recommendation was the result of an inquest held over the body of 9-year-old Mabel Bowker, who was killed by falling over a railing at the asylum several days ago. The inquest was conducted by Deputy Coroner Flanagan and was held at the asylum. The officials said they would comply with the recommendation at once.

Negro Kills Man and Woman.

Pueblo, Colo., Nov. 19.—Lizzie Allie, wife of an employe of the steel works, and William White, both colored, were shot and killed today by Robert Hicks, a negro porter. Jealousy was the cause.

The Bad Boy's Bowel Blessing

Nature punishes every student, not only of the bad boy, but of ourselves as well. Over-eating, over-drinking, under-sleeping result in bowel troubles liable to become serious.

Every good, healthy, hearty boy is sometimes a bad boy—bad to himself; and will do things in the green apple, mince pie or other over-eating line that will twist his bowels. Men are only boys grown tall. In such a case what is needed is not a violent physic that will rack the tender bowel tissues, but Cascarets Candy Cathartic, gentle but sure to set at once and put things right. They are the most perfect medicine in the world for all forms of indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation.

Cascarets Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

H. J. TILLOTSON, M. D.
The Master Specialist of Chicago, who cures patients personally.
Established 1880.

CURED IN 5 DAYS
TO STAY CURED
VARICOCELE
NO CUTTING OR PAIN.

I treat no patients who are afflicted with VARICOCELE, BLOOD POISON, Kidney or Bladder troubles if they come to my office, where I will explain to him my method of curing these diseases. I do this in preference to writing them, as I am satisfied that treatment that will cure one case will not cure another. After I have examined you I will explain to you why you have not been cured by other physicians, and will demonstrate to you in the most convincing manner why I can cure you. If you cannot call at my office, write me a full description of your case, and I will send you my opinion free, together with my terms, which will be reasonable and such as every man you will be willing to pay for the benefit conferred.

CERTAINTY OF CURE

is what you want. I give you a written LEGAL GUARANTEE to cure you or refund your money. I cut and will cure you by absorption, when stricture is not to[o] far advanced. Stricture is destroyed by absorption and the natural channel is restored to its healthy condition. Varicocele and Blood Poison are thoroughly eradicated from the system by my method of treatment, which is entirely different from that employed by family physicians and so-called specialists. One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible for you to call at my office, write me a full description of your case, plainly stating your symptoms, your general health, condition, your occupation, etc., and you will receive a scientific and honest opinion at your own free of charge.

My home treatment is successful. Address

H. J. TILLOTSON, M. D., 84 DEARBORN-ST., CHICAGO.

OFFICE HOURS: 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. only.

This dainty young lady finds nothing will do For cleansing the hair like a WOOL SOAP shampoo.

Swift's Cream Laundry Soap for the Laundry.
SWIFT & CO.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE
Station, Wells & Kinzie sts. Ticket Office, 212 Clark st. Tel., Central 721.
THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.
Chair, Parlor, Buffet Parlor and Dining Cars and Sleepers.

3.00 AM FAST MAIL. For Iowa points, Ashland, Bessemer, Marquette, Depot Harbor, Petoskey.
3.00 AM MAIL. For Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Watertown, Aberdeen.
9.00 AM BADGER STATE EX. For Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Watertown, Aberdeen, Pierre, Mitchell, Mobridge.
9.00 AM MENOMINEE EX. For River points, Green Bay, Menominee, Escanaba, Ishpeming, Negaunee, Marquette.
10.00 AM ASHLAND LIMITED. For River points, Wausau, Marshfield, Ashland, Superior, Duluth.
11.30 AM IOWA EX. For Clinton, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha.
6.30 PM NORTH-WESTERN LIMITED. For Janesville, Madison, Excelsior Springs, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth.
7.00 PM IOWA AND DAKOTA EX. For Clinton, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Sioux City, Sioux Falls, Mitchell, Huron, Aberdeen.
8.00 PM OVERLAND LIMITED. For Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Watertown, Aberdeen, Pierre, Mitchell, Mobridge, Rapid City, Deadwood, Lead, Hot Springs, Cheyenne, Denver, Ogden, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
8.00 PM PACIFIC EXPRESS. For River points, Green Bay, Menominee, Escanaba, Ishpeming, Negaunee, Marquette, Calumet, Houghton, Hancock.
10.00 PM PENINSULA EXPRESS. For River points, Green Bay, Menominee, Escanaba, Ishpeming, Negaunee, Marquette, Calumet, Houghton, Hancock.
10.15 PM DULUTH AND ST. PAUL FAST MAIL. For Janesville, Madison, Excelsior Springs, Kansas City, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth.
10.30 PM NIGHT EXPRESS. For Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Watertown, Aberdeen, Pierre, Mitchell, Mobridge, Rapid City, Deadwood, Lead, Hot Springs, Cheyenne, Denver, Ogden, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
11.30 PM IRON RANGE EXPRESS. For River points, Green Bay, Menominee, Escanaba, Ishpeming, Negaunee, Marquette, Calumet, Houghton, Hancock.
11.30 PM CALIFORNIA EXP. Same as Overland Limited.
WISCONSIN MAIL. For River points, Green Bay, Menominee, Escanaba, Ishpeming, Negaunee, Marquette, Calumet, Houghton, Hancock, Duluth, Superior.
WISCONSIN SPECIAL. For River points, Green Bay, Menominee, Escanaba, Ishpeming, Negaunee, Marquette, Calumet, Houghton, Hancock, Duluth, Superior.
MILWAUKEE EXPRESS TRAINS.
1.00 a. m., 7.00 a. m., 8.00 a. m., 9.00 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 3.00 p. m., 4.00 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 8.00 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

FURS Seal Coats Collarettes Scarfs
A manufacturer's direct product, consisting only of the choicest Furs obtainable, at prices as reas

Resume of today's page advertisement.

Diamond jewelry from the new Paris school. Our new art linen room. Men's umbrellas for Christmas. Admirable style beauty in long coats. Women's patent leather shoes at **2.75.**

MANDEL'S DAILY STORE NEWS

Special points of interest in Mandel's store.

As one woman remarked the other day: "One can look all day in Mandel's artware section and then not see all there is to be seen." You are privileged to wander at will through this highly interesting section. Fourth floor, State street building.

Weather indications: Fair today, continued cool.

Mandel's editorial comment.

Wednesday, Nov. 20th, 1901.

The confidence which the name, Mandel Brothers, inspires is largely due to their fixed policy of never carrying stock over from one season to another. Everything must go in its season, and thus all possibility of mistakes in point of style is eliminated by purchasing here. Again, the quality of the merchandise, the low prices, the absolute assurance that if the goods fail to please they may be returned, all confirm the reputation of the Mandel store as the most satisfactory shopping center in Chicago.

An opportunity to save money is next in importance to an opportunity to earn it.

The fact that Mandel's is the most reliable place in Chicago to trade needs no argument to emphasize it. Our always busy store when others are comparatively dull is the best proof.

"A little learning is a dangerous thing," runs one of Pope's famous lines, and it's quite true. If you are not an experienced shopper deal with a house whose very name is a guarantee of quality and dependability. If you are a tutored buyer you'll not deal with any other kind of a store.

Our aim in storekeeping is the greatest good for the greatest number.

Credit with responsible people. Accounts opened upon request.

Catalogues sent to out-of-town patrons for the asking.

We often have many bargains that we don't advertise because the lots are not large enough. It will pay you to look around any day in this store.

Our advertisements are merely the sparks from the gigantic volume of bargains to be found in this store every day. One item is advertised while twenty just as good await your coming.

Our new art linen room.

There's a sequestered little apartment on the first floor of the Wabash avenue building softly illuminated by electric jets and hung with pearly white and cream tinted linen fabrics.

Here all lovers of delicate laces and embroideries for table or dresser can revel amid a luxuriance of linen fineness fresh from Europe and the Orient.

Here, are those superlatively beautiful and exclusive designs fashioned by the clever fingers of French, Irish and Japanese ladies. Also magnificent accessions to the world of embroideries by the needlewomen of China and the Canary Islands.

You didn't know the Canary Islanders and the Chinese made such fine embroideries, did you? They've done it for centuries, but their work is new to us, just as the Oriental rug was a novelty some years ago.

The neat exquisiteness of the stitch and the graceful pattern of the figures reveal the expert and the artist. We show it in pale delft blue and pure white and have the exclusive control for Chicago.

The products seen here are so beautiful that you forget they are merchandise, but when you stop admiring and begin to ask prices then your amazement truly begins, for these beautiful goods, though extremely artistic, could not be made in this country and sold nearly so cheap.

It's the low prices paid for labor in these far-off countries that enable us to quote such remarkably low figures.

We have many of the ultra-fashionable, higher priced fabrics, very beautiful and artistic. Something very effective in snow-white bleached Venetian with duchesse lace patterns is a square lunch cloth of original design in ribbon effects, priced at **$140.** Irish point and duchesse is combined very richly in a dresser scarf for **$75.**

There is a cluny lace combination with the Venetian in its natural cream tones, a lunch cloth with a marvelous nine-inch lace border, priced at **$60.**

The Irish lunch cloths with two and three rows of openwork and the fayel pieces are charming, and doylies galore to match the lunch cloths.

A mahogany table stands in the center of the linen art room so that the delicate fabrics may be taken from their places on the velvet walls of the cabinet, where they are secure from promiscuous handling, and displayed so that the purchaser can see precisely how they will look when in use.

You'll find everything here that you may need in the line of Thanksgiving dinner napery.

Pictures & picture framing.

Did you ever stop to think that the artistically framed picture finds a reflection of its theme and spirit in the frame, just as the words of a song find their interpretation in the music?

A frame should mean vastly more than an ornamental rim of wood or gilt—picture and frame should be wedded in perfect unity.

Picture framing at Mandel's is picture framing as the artist does it. Every picture passes through the hands of an expert, who knows just how to bring out the strong points of a painting or engraving to the best advantage.

These features are pointed out to you so that you can choose advisedly, with due consideration to questions of economy. Our charges are extremely moderate, no more than the bungler who sets a rim around the picture without regard to size, color scheme or subject.

When you bring your picture to be framed, take a peep into our picture-land, peopled with the choice rarities and beautiful novelties for every room of the house; for halls, dens, and college students' rooms—no style of picture excluded.

Some are magnificent pictures by famous artists, large enough to form the sole mural adornment of a drawing-room wall, some are so wee that their purpose is attained when they fill in some obscure space where a touch of beauty is needed to cast a luster.

Our mirror candelabra are some of our brightest and most particular stars in the art gallery. No two designs are alike. They were designed by America's king of frame designers, and they are as unique as they are beautiful.

With the jovial, gift-giving Yuletide already casting its shadows on before, we have made a great effort to secure in our display of pictures whatever is suitable for Christmas presents, at leading prices of five, ten, fifteen and twenty dollars. You'll find everything that makes a pretty picture gift among them.

Admirable style-beauty in long coats

We are recognized masters of the long coat situation in Chicago, and when we talk to you about long coats you can rest assured that we know what we are talking about.

The first thing that you want to consider in buying a long coat is the style. If it hasn't the correct touch, you'll be sorry you bought it.

When long coats are made right they have a chic style-grace, a distinctive elegance that lifts them above the ordinary severe creations you see on sale everywhere.

The Mandel coats are made just as we want them to be made. We evolve the specifications that will insure correct style attributes, and they must be made accordingly or we will not take them.

The volume of our business is important enough to demand and receive just what we want, and that's the secret of our long coat superiority.

Here's another thing worthy of your consideration, and that's our prices. Doing, as we do, the largest suit and coat business in America, we've an advantage over the ordinary dealer, and that is an unerring faculty for getting the prices down to what you have to pay for ordinary styles elsewhere.

Fancy braid trimmed blouse tailor suits—military collar, fancy peau de soie revers—panel skirt, braid trimmed, made of blue, brown and black cheviot, silk lined throughout, drop skirt, **$25.**

46-inch kersey coats, tailor-stitched edge, fly front, semi-fitting back, full satin lined—in tan, castor and black—a very stylish and serviceable coat—at **$20.**

Newmarkets of all the new and popular woolens, plain and fancy weaves, with or without capes, loose and semi-fitting backs, satin lined throughout—a grand assortment to select from—at **$30.**

27-inch box coat of melton cloth, in castor and black—lined throughout with heavy satin, storm collar and yoke tailor stitched—special at **$15.**

Diamond jewelry of the new Paris school.

This year the higher art finds its expression in diamond jewelry. We are the first in Chicago to show masterpieces from the new schools in Paris, whose chief object is to give a renaissance to the art-jewelry of Benvenuto Cellini and his followers.

This diamond jewelry from the new school is as expressive as a painting from a master—a poem wrought in gold, and is so different from the painfully geometrical designs shown everywhere that it will instantly win your lasting admiration.

These treasures from the workshops of the new Paris schools are off by themselves, in a secluded spot, significant of their exclusiveness; but if you want to see a half dozen pieces without dividing your attention with the hundreds of others whose iridescent beauty impels your gaze, you can go into a quiet little room where you can sit and study those which you think you'd like to choose from.

Only experienced diamond salesmen show these goods, and our guarantee is back of every statement they make.

Unmounted diamonds and gems: We've a dazzling showing of unset diamonds and gems of various quality, not an off color diamond shown in the house. Prices run as high as $400 per karat—rubies, emeralds, pearls and sapphires.

Diamond rings—We've a selection of immense proportions for you to choose from in diamond combinations and colored gems. Some worth as high as $650. Diamond brooches worth up to $1,500.

Pendants, scarf pins and lockets of every conceivable style and shape.

Men's umbrellas for Christmas.

A man never has too many umbrellas. If you want to be sure of pleasing him, give him one.

Our advance holiday sale of fine silk umbrellas furnishes you an unprecedented opportunity for selection at saving prices.

The way we are able to give such excellent values is this: We bought the handles from a handle maker who was glad to sacrifice to get ready money. We then sought an umbrella maker and contracted to have them made of a fine tape edge taffeta silk.

The handles are the finest finished ivory, buck horn and Cape horn, some trimmed with sterling silver, some with gold.

The price of the finished umbrella is $6, and, as many of the handles originally cost more than that, you can understand the nature of this offer—a genuine holiday bargain opportunity.

They are guaranteed for one year—later the price will be $10. Name engraved free of charge. Put up in a handsome box at the extremely low price of **$6.**

No more dripping candelabra

What hostess would want to forego the use of the candelabra which sheds so gentle and delicate a refulgence over her prettily set dinner table?

Yet, there's one dreadful drawback to this charming and effective means of lighting. You have doubtless realized it—it is the dripping of the candles, so hard to overcome.

Some clever person has given the matter a little serious thought and earned the lasting gratitude of the careful housewife.

A little device, you might call it a candle lamp—a fixture that comes in all colors and looks precisely like a candle, solves this trying problem.

It's hollow, and the candle slipping in just shows its tip above. As the candle burns it is pushed upwards by a spring, giving a perfectly even flame.

The dripping is consumed.

This device is quite inexpensive—saves its trifling cost in the candles alone, and avoids a world of worry and annoyance.

Above is a secure shade-supporter that will keep the jaunty tidbit of a shade firm and in the proper poise.

The shades, by the way, are growing prettier and prettier. A very fetching design is fashioned out of pink silk into carnations, captivating bits of green buds drooping from the sides.

1.50 for silver-plated candlestick—colonial design—9¼ inches high.
5.95—colonial 5-light candelabra—best quadruple plate—complete—candles, holders and silk shades, all colors.
10.95—handsome silver-plated candelabra—heavy twisted arms—5-light—bead trimmings—complete—fancy candles, holders and silk shades.
Shades for candelabra—all tints—at **25c, 35c, 50c** and up to **3.50.**

Mandel's daily style hints from Paris.

A decidedly chic decoration in the new winter coat is the cut-work effect.

A stylish new coat sleeve gradually widens at the wrist.

The snug effect around the hips with a decided flare at the bottom continues to be the reigning skirt style.

Stylish, serviceable costumes are gradually gaining favor with fashion followers.

The long coat has met with a royal reception in the discreet feminine world.

Simplicity is characteristic of correct apparel for the little ones.

A slightly bloused vest front is one of the leading waist features.

Although every effort to down the separate waist has thus far proved a very sorry failure, there is always some mark of correspondence shown between the skirt and the waist. Some part of the color or trimming of one is always reflected in the other.

The satin faced materials are as much in evidence as ever, no matter what may be said for the rougher fabrics, but they are for more dainty wear. Street costumes require the shaggy finish.

Flannelette pattern underskirts, 25c.

They are partially made—all you need to do is sew up one seam and put on a yoke or waistband. They are finished at bottom with fancy border and crochet edge, which does away with the bulky hem. Handsome stripes in dark, medium, and light coloring.

The advantage in buying these over the ready-made kind is apparent when you see them, on account of the full, generous size—2 1-3 yards around and one yard long.

The material is the very best soft and fleecy flannelette, non-shrinkable and thoroughly reliable wash colors.

We also have them with deep, full flounce in same assortment of colors, each 48c.

Veilings—fashion's latest fancy.

There's a fascination in the mystery of the face beneath the veil and more so when it is one of the double veils.

Time was when some women didn't wear veils, but the feminine face now-a-days is rarely seen in public except through some picturesquely filmy fabric.

One veil does not always suffice for the prodigal fancy of Dame Fashion—a set of two and a trinity of veils are frequently worn.

This wave of veiling popularity has given a wonderful impetus to originality in patterns and meshes.

Designs are as plentiful as blackbirds and as lovely as so many pretty faces.

We have the magpie veils, chiffon, Brussels net, bobbinet, tuxedo mesh, French hand-made veils, complexion veils, Peg Woffington veils, bordered lace patterns, point d'esprit netting, mourning veils, bridal veils, real lace veils, and others, each in a variety of plain or fancy meshes, figures, colored borders and widths.

The French are making veils with microscopic dots running into all sorts of effective patterns. You'll see them here.

At the tip-top of fashion are complexion veils, the double mesh of white over black, which lends a fine delicacy of tinting to the skin beneath. The Peg Woffingtons are equally glorious with pomponed chiffon over a still lighter gauze.

Everything is here to please the fancy, and in no other house in Chicago will you be able to obtain such exquisite qualities at such low prices.

EXTRA!

Articles scheduled under the head EXTRA are placed here because they are exceptional bargains. Prices named are considerably less than goods of equal quality can be purchased for elsewhere.

Brussels lace curtains, per pair, 7.25.
Coque boas in evening shades—exactly half price.
All silk, non-shrinkable, fancy stripe wash taffetas, 50c
25c for imported powder boxes, 50c quality.
1.25 for large horse shoe mirror, 2.25 size.
Corduroys, all colors, very special at 75c and $1.

Important sale of women's woolen underwear.

You'll like this underwear. It's soft and comfortable and doesn't irritate the skin.

It's not an easy matter to get underwear of this character, as you know, but we buy direct from the very best makers and order just what we want, and they are very glad to give it to us.

Then, too, we save you considerable, as there are no profits earned between us and the maker.

Women's perfect union suits, made of Australian wool and cotton mixed—all open or button across chest—unequaled value at **1.50.**

Favorite silk and wool vests, with drawers to match—made of the finest Australian wool and pure silk mixed—hand crocheted silk necks and fronts—natural and cream—at **1.50.**

Women's popular merino equestrienne tights, full fashioned—black and natural—one of our greatest leaders—only **1.50.**

French flannel waists, house gowns, bath and lounging robes.

Here's a French flannel waist event that you'll never forget, especially if you buy one of the waists. It's $3 waists for 1.95 and they are **flannel waists, too** (not flannelette). We have the most beautiful assortment of colors ever shown for the money—dainty stripes—special at **1.95.**

House gowns and lounging robes are the garments that make home life enjoyable, but that's not the best part of today's store news. Here it is: a holiday collection priced remarkably low.

Could you think of any better or more acceptable present than a dainty house gown or lounging robe made of fine German flannel, French flannel, challie, eiderdown or silk in the new kimono effects?

The assortment is so large that we've not the space to tell you all about them. Come and see—that's the best.

All the pretty colors—swell, beautifully lined and handsomely trimmed—special values at 1.50, 1.95, 2.95, 3.95, 5.95, 7.50, and up to $15.

Basement—All-wool flannel waists—many styles—$1.

Women's high-grade patent leather shoes at 2.75.

This is shoe bargain news that will interest every saving buyer. Every woman that has worn patent leather shoes knows that a high-grade patent leather usually sells for $5.

These shoes were made to sell at $5, but the maker had an overproduction which he was willing to sacrifice—hence, you buy at 2.75.

2.75 for women's winter shoes, some worth $5. Thousands of pairs of the most desirable, dependable shoes made—imported patent leather, English enamel, box calf and kidskin, in all the popular toes, tips and heels—stylish, handsome, wear-resisting shoes for street and dress wear, secured from the world's most famous shoemakers.

BASEMENT: 1.95 for women's $3 shoes—patent enamel leathers and box calf—sizes, 2½ to 8.

Remarkable reductions today in fine millinery.

If you are an admirer of real millinery elegance we certainly merit your attention right now, for we have an interesting story to tell you.

About one hundred of these stunningly picturesque hats which all Chicago has admired will be reduced for today's selling, and marked at prices that will make them sell at once.

It's impossible to describe their marvelous beauty—might just as well attempt to depict the beauty of Keats' "Endymion" in a single sentence as to try to paint a word picture of these hats.

But here's the bargain story:
$50 pattern hats reduced to $25.
$35 pattern hats reduced to $20.
$25 pattern hats reduced to 12.50.

Filmy black dress goods.

Colors may come and colors may go, but black goods will be with us forever.

No matter what shades may be the favorites of the hour, there's one which will always bask in the sunny smiles of that mythological despot—Dame Fashion.

There's always a favorite place in Fashion's court for black goods. She may be tempted temporarily by the fascinating tints of colored dress goods, but black goods never suffer from her capriciousness.

The best dressed women of the world never regard their wardrobe as complete without at least one choice black costume, while many more depend almost entirely on black for their best wear.

It is because we realize this that we want to tell you of our newest and choicest importation in this lasting favorite fabric.

You have seen countless beauties among the fine materials on our counters—you always do—but never have you been invited to visit such an exposition of all that is fashionable and beautiful in the finest, sheer black materials.

The eoliennes of fairy daintiness, the silky meteor crepes, the web-like French nun's veiling, the slight, dreamy mistral cloths of France—all in varied weaves for the finest gowns.

Smart dressers are going to wear thinner fabrics this season all through the chilliest weather; it is a concession to our well-heated homes that fashion has made.

Prices as inviting as the materials.
Black goods from 1.50 to $3 per yard.

EDITORIAL SHEET.

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DOCUMENT IS LENGTHY

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WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE
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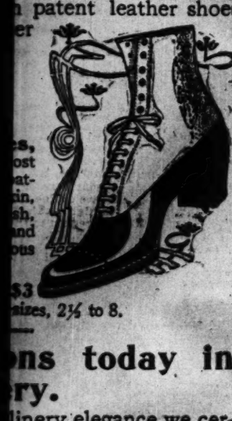

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EDITORIAL SHEET.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO. Pages 9 to 16.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1901—SIXTEEN PAGES.

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Gen. Corbin and His Bride Return to Washington.

General and Mrs. Corbin are again in Washington, having arrived here after a trip to New York and into Canada lasting since their wedding here on Nov. 6. The General and his bride are at the Arlington, where they will remain until the completion of their house, just off Massachusetts avenue. They are receiving marked attention from their friends here already, as they did at the various places at which they stopped on their wedding journey.

Mrs. Henry Sherman Boutell, wife of Representative Boutell of Chicago, was at home to a large number of friends at the Cochran Hotel this afternoon, this being Mrs. Boutell's first meeting with her friends since her return to Washington for the winter.

Beveridge Calls on President; Is Silent on Judge.

Senator Beveridge called at the White House this morning to pay his respects to the President. He was with the Chief Executive only a short time, and he said there was no discussion with reference to the appointment of a successor of the late Judge Woods on the Circuit bench of the Northern District of the Seventh Circuit. Senators Fairbanks and Beveridge are both in the city, and it is believed they will soon have a conference with the President relating to this appointment.

There are a number of candidates in the field, but it is said the two Senators have agreed upon the appointment of Judge Monks, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Indiana. Senator Beveridge would not discuss this matter today.

President Roosevelt has informed an applicant for a cadetship at the Naval Academy that the next at-large appointment will be given a son of Rear Admiral William T. Sampson. This was in accordance with a promise made by President McKinley to Rear Admiral Sampson.

Senator Turner Says Isles Will Enter Nation.

"By its decision in the insular cases," said Senator Turner of Washington today, "the Supreme Court has unsettled everything in connection with the Philippine situation. There is no doubt the executive branch of the government is greatly embarrassed in dealing with the Philippines by reason of these decisions. The court gave the law to the Democratic party and the decision to the Republican party.

"The views of the court sustained the position taken by the Democrats in both Houses. When the Republicans legislate for the Philippines they will come in contact with the views of the majority of the Supreme Court.

"Whenever a case comes before the court in which it shall be held that the Territories have distinctly been made a part of the United States there will be eight of the nine members of the court favoring the view that the new possessions are entitled to all the rights under the constitution.

"About the only way the Republican party can avoid bringing the Philippines into the union and giving the inhabitants and their products admission to this country is to continue a state of war, because when war ceases the Philippines are given a civil government, according to the theories of eight Justices of the Supreme Court, and become part and parcel of our domain.

"We do not want the Philippines and do not need them. We will be better off without the islands. The natives fought the Spaniards for 300 years, and the country and people are of such a character that they can continue to fight any power which tries to control them."

Mrs. Theodore Bingham entertained a party at luncheon today, having as guests Mrs. Hitchcock, Mrs. William Cary Sanger, Mrs. Miles, Mrs. Gillespie, Mrs. Audenreid, Mrs. McClellan, Mrs. Charles Spaulding, Mrs. Aulick Palmer, Mrs. Wallach, Mrs. Bloomer, and Mrs. J. B. Henderson.

Senator Hanna's Home Made Ready for His Coming.

Senator Hanna's house in Lafayette square is being opened, and the family will be in Washington in the near future. The Hanna house is one of the places where the politicians deem it a pleasure to be at a table or be entertained. The Senator is noted for his hospitality, while Mrs. Hanna has made for herself an enviable reputation as an entertainer. It was she who brought about a homey habit of having the women remain in the dining-room for coffee and small talk while the men smoked and dwelt on politics, interspersed with small jokes.

Wants Oklahoma and Indian Territory One State.

Mrs. William Barrett Ridgely, wife of the Controller of Currency, who has been absent from Washington for several days, will return on Friday and will be sufficiently settled to attend to social affairs as soon as the season opens. Mrs. Ridgely is a most agreeable hostess, having had a great deal of experience in dealing with affairs of the world both before and after her marriage, and will undoubtedly make her house an attractive center this season.

"My ideas may not be generally indorsed, but Oklahoma and Indian Territory should be admitted as a single State. They would make one of the grandest States of the union, but to divide them and endeavor to make two States would, in my judgment, be a mistake, and the efforts would meet with failure.

"Strong efforts for legislation admitting Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Indian Territory as States of the American union will be made at this session of Congress," said Representative Curtis of Kansas.

"They are composed of magnificent territory, are rich in mineral deposits, as well as in oil and gas, while their agricultural future is second to no section of the entire country."

Henderson Wants Extension of Rural Delivery.

Speaker David B. Henderson wants a large increase in the rural free delivery service in his district. His wishes in this respect are likely to be complied with, as Henderson had a satisfactory conference with Superintendent Machen this afternoon. In looking up the record of the district it was found that the percentage of routes in Henderson's bailiwick is much larger than in the other Congressional districts, but, notwithstanding this, the Superintendent promised to do all within his power to extend the service in the Iowa district in question.

Practically all opposition to the introduction of the rural free delivery service has vanished, and instead of opposing it the people are now clamoring for it.

The service is only a temporary one and is considered as an experiment, but the experiment has proved successful, and it is believed Congress will at its next session make the rural free delivery service a permanent system. An attempt to do so at the last Congress met with failure, but it is quite certain that the appropriation will be increased from $3,500,000 to $6,000,000, and the service will be made a permanent institution, which means that the fourth-class postoffices in a country store soon will be a thing of the past.

Mrs. Blaine to Remove Furniture from Old Home.

Mrs. James G. Blaine will remove the rare furniture from the Blaine house on Dupont Circle, which was sold to Mrs. Westinghouse of Pennsylvania, in the near future, putting all of the historic pieces and those connected in any way with the life of the dead statesman in her K street house, while the rest will be sold.

James G. Blaine was more wedded to the old house in Lafayette Square than to any other spot in Washington, and spent a brief time in the Dupont Circle house. Mrs. Blaine lived there a short time after his death, but the house was too large for the family, and Mrs. Blaine soon rented it, removing to the house in K street, two doors removed from the home of Attorney General Knox.

In Doubt Over Successor to Gen. Buffington.

There is much speculation among War department officials as to the probable successor to General R. Buffington, chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, who will retire from the army on Friday. Some months ago the President and Secretary Root agreed to name Captain William Crozier of the Ordnance bureau to succeed General Buffington. This determination became known prematurely and resulted in strong efforts by other officers of the bureau to defeat Captain Crozier's appointment.

The officers heading the opposition were particularly chagrined that a Captain should be selected, thus jumping over the heads of Majors, Lieutenat Colonels, and Colonels who had devoted their lives to the service and who would, by operation of law, retire before Captain Crozier. These officers remembered that the Secretary of War had already announced his intention of promoting young officers, irrespective of rank, and had carried this principle out in the appointment of Captain Franklin Bell to be a Brigadier General.

Appointment of Crozier Opposed by His Seniors.

Herr von Holleben, the German Ambassador, left Washington today for New York for the horse show. Among other Washington people who are enjoying that pleasure is Comtesse Marguerite Cassini, adopted daughter and ward of the Russian Ambassador, one of the prettiest women of the diplomatic circle.

Lieutenant Colonel James W. Reilly was one of the active opponents against the selection of Capt. Crozier. He personally explained to Secretary Root that such a selection would work great hardship upon him. He showed that he had been in the military service since 1859, when he entered West Point; that he had served with honor in the civil war, had been breveted for gallant conduct in 1865, and, after serving for about fourteen years as a Major, only reached the rank of Lieutenant Colonel in 1899.

Reilly said that the appointment of Captain Crozier would make no vacancy among the list of Colonels and would therefore make no room for his advancement to the grade of Colonel, and furthermore that, as he would retire by law for age before the retirement of any of the Colonels above him, it would mean that he would never be able to reach the rank of Colonel.

He finally stated that he appeared in favor of no man's candidacy, but only desired to urge the appointment of some one of the Colonels.

It is said the desire to appoint Captain Crozier is based upon his activity in ordnance matters and his progressive ideas. He already has demonstrated great ability in ordnance affairs, represented the United States at The Hague peace conference, and has made several valuable reports to the War department on ordnance subjects. He entered the West Point Military Academy on Sept. 1, 1872, and was made a Second Lieutenant of the Fourth Artillery in 1877. He was transferred to the Ordnance department with the rank of First Lieutenant in 1882 and promoted to Captain in 1892.

CIVIL SERVICE IS EXTENDED.

President Roosevelt Takes in 1,600 Positions Excepted by Order of May 29, 1899.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—President Roosevelt has issued an order amending the civil service regulations so as to return to the civil service a number of civilian places in the War department excepted by executive order on May 29, 1899. The order is at the request of Secretary Root, and it affects about 1,000 persons in the quartermaster's, medical, engineer, and engineer at large departments.

Following are the positions now brought back into the civil service:

Medical department—Chief packer, packer, or assistant packer.

Quartermaster's department—Trainmaster, chief packer, foreman packer, packmaster, master baler, foreman of laborers, superintendent of stables, forage masters.

Ordnance department—Foreman, assistant foreman, forage master, weigher, skilled laborer, guard or employés engaged on piece work.

Engineer department—At large, subinspector, overseer, suboverseer, superintendent, master, lock manager, assistant superintendent of canals, chief deputy inspector, deputy inspector, rodman, stadiaman, chainman, foreman, timekeepers, local master, assistant lockmaster, custodian, storekeeper, fortkeeper, torpedo-keeper, assistant torpedo-keeper, lightkeeper, boardmaster, subforeman, master laborer, gauge reader, steward, dam tender, assistant dam tender, helper, carpenter's helper, machinist's Helper, quarry-master, blacksmith's helper, climber barge master, recorder of vessels, frackman, gardener, assistant gardener, weigher.

No regulations ever have been issued by the Secretary of War regarding these positions, thus leaving the legal status of appointees somewhat in doubt.

Illinois Pays Most Revenue.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Illinois contributed a larger percentage of the internal revenue receipts than any other State in the union. The aggregate collections were $308,871,-089. Illinois' share was $25,407,024, the figures for New York, the second State, being $49,786,093. The receipts at Chicago were $13,334,563; Peoria, $30,200,762; Springfield, $10,645,245; and East St. Louis, $1,150,453.

IRVING'S LEADING WOMAN, WHO MAY RETIRE, AND YOUNG ACTRESS NAMED AS HER SUCCESSOR.

Ellen Terry — Cecelia Loftus

While it is denied that Ellen Terry has definitely decided to retire from Irving's company or from the stage at the end of the season, as reported from New York, such an event is not thought improbable, and "Cissy" Loftus is generally selected as the actress who will succeed to the position of leading woman in the company.

ELLEN TERRY TO RETIRE.

CECILIA LOFTUS MAY SUCCEED FAMOUS ENGLISH ACTRESS.

Reported in New York That Woman Who Has Been Sir Henry Irving's Chief Supporter for Twenty-three Years Will Leave Company at End of Present American Tour—Girl Who Was Vaudeville Performer Named for Place.

Miss Ellen Terry is to retire from the stage at the conclusion of her present American tour with Sir Henry Irving, according to a report in New York which is said to be "authoritative." The same authority has named Miss Cecilia Loftus as Miss Terry's successor in the Irving company.

Bram Stoker, Sir Henry Irving's manager, who is now in Philadelphia, yesterday refused to discuss the report further than to say that Miss Terry would not leave the company before the American tour was ended.

One part of the New York report can be accepted without question. Miss Terry will not act in the revival of "Faust" at the Lyceum Theater in London next spring. That fact was definitely announced several months ago. Whether or not it is the sole basis of the statement that Miss Terry will retire permanently from Sir Henry Irving's company at the end of the season time will have to tell.

The rumor, however, is plausible, which is not altogether the case with the assertion that Miss Cecilia Loftus has been chosen to play the rôle of Marguerite in "Faust." Miss Terry has been on the verge of retiring for several seasons. Her departure from the stage has been stated as an accomplished thing on two or three occasions in the last five years. Each time she has made the statements untruthful, but her friends have known that several of the rumors were founded on her own assertions.

It was thought she would not return to the Irving company after the actor's long illness of three years ago. She came back to take a thankless part in "Robespierre" because she knew that Irving needed the added strength of her name. It was said she would not accompany him on his American tour of two years ago, but she did. In positive terms last spring it was said she would not come with him on the present American journey, but she is here. The situation has changed, however, in the two years.

Not Needed in New Plays.

After the tour is over the actor will not require her help in the plans he has in mind. A rôle like that of Marguerite is no longer within Miss Terry's reach. "Faust" is to have a long run. Afterwards either "Becket" will be revived or Sardou's new play, "Dante," produced. If Miss Terry cannot play Marguerite she cannot play Beatrice in "Dante," and in "Becket" she can be spared. So the opportunity for retirement will be present if Miss Terry seeks it.

It may not be that Miss Terry has been told to select her successor, but her opinion would count for much. Miss Loftus never has been seen in Chicago except as an imitator, and if she is worthy of such an opinion, it is on the strength of her achievements of the present season in E. H. Sothern's company.

If Miss Terry is in truth to retire she will end an association of twenty-three years with Sir Henry Irving. She has been his chief ally ever since he became an independent manager, Oct. 15, 1878, when he took over the Lyceum Theater, London, from Colonel H. L. Bateman, and revived "Hamlet." Her Ophelia contributed largely to the prosperity which settled at once upon the new theatrical venture.

Career of Miss Terry.

If anything, the position of Miss Terry was higher than that of Irving at the time of their artistic union. The prestige of family had been hers at the outset of her career, and she had increased it by her own notable deeds. Her Portia in "The Merchant of Venice" was a London sensation four years before she played it to the Shylock of Irving, and "Olivia" was performed at the Court Theater two years before she joined the Lyceum organization.

Her sister, Kate Terry, was famous before Miss Terry herself came upon the stage. That event took place at the Princess Theater, London, in 1856. She played the child's rôle of Manilius in "Winter's Tale." She was 8 years old. She remained continuously upon the stage and soon was known as a talented juvenile player. In 1863 she began to play in ingenue parts. In 1867 she played for the first time in a company with Irving. The piece was "Catherine and Petruchio," an adaptation of "The Taming of the Shrew." It was the only time the players were together until they stood on the stage of the Lyceum Theater.

The following ten years were years of steady advancement. In 1875 she appeared as Portia in an elaborate revival of "The Merchant of Venice" at the Prince of Wales Theater, and before the esteem of that portrayal was forgotten W. G. Wills' "Olivia" had provided her with another admirable rôle.

At the Lyceum Irving had been serving under the Bateman banner since 1871. "The Bells," "Eugene Aram," "Hamlet," "Macbeth," and "Othello" had given him reputation, but had not made him independent of a manager. When the chance for independence did come he looked around for a leading woman and chose Miss Terry. She was glad of the chance to enlist under the ambitious actor and the splendid partnership was readily arranged.

Within a year of the revival of "Hamlet" a second set of joint Shakspearean portraits had been shown in "The Merchant of Venice." It was agreed that Miss Terry's Portia gained new excellence from the vividly contrasting qualities of Irving's Shylock. "Othello" was revived in 1881, and "Romeo and Juliet" was presented the following year, and so also was "Much Ado About Nothing." The first American tour came in 1883. "Faust" was produced in 1885. Miss Terry's rôles were important factors in the success of every production.

In the latter Irving projects she has figured as prominently—as Guinevere, in "King Arthur"; as Olivia, once more in the revived "Olivia"; as Claire de Malucon in "Robespierre," and as Mme. Sans-Gêne. She has been married, and has several grandchildren. A son, Gordon Craig, is a well known artist. Her name in private life is Mrs. E. A. Wardell.

Cecilia Loftus' History.

Cecilia Loftus—Cissie Loftus until a year ago—has had a short history, but much has been crowded into it. She is the daughter of Marie Loftus, an English music hall singer. Her mother did not intend she should go upon the stage and gave her a convent education.

The instinct of the entertainer was in the child, however, and convent routine did not deaden it. As soon as she was out of school she begged to go upon the stage, and in a little time had convinced a manager that she had talent as a mimic. The manager induced the mother to give her consent, and at 19 Cissie Loftus was a popular imitator.

Justin Huntley McCarthy, son of Justin McCarthy, met her within a year of her public introduction, and friendship was followed by marriage. The next year Miss Loftus came to America, and a few months later she secured a divorce. That was a little more than two years ago.

Her ambitions to become an actress became known before she had been long in New York. She played Viola at a special matinée performance of "Twelfth Night" two years ago, under the eye of Mme. Modjeska, who encouraged her. Last year she became a member of Daniel Frohman's company, and in New York played the ingenue rôle in "Lady Huntworth's Experiment." She did not travel with the company, but returned to vaudeville.

This season she became E. H. Sothern's leading woman and now is playing in "If I Were King," in which that actor is starring. An oddity of her position is that her former husband, Mr. McCarthy, wrote the play, and also rehearsed her in her own rôle.

SULLIVAN TRIAL TO OPEN; DISCLOSURES EXPECTED.

Witness James J. Lynch May Be Compelled to Plead to Jury Bribing Charge Before Going on the Stand.

It is believed that the trial of Alexander Sullivan, the attorney, charged with conspiring to prevent the trial of James J. Lynch, alleged jury briber, by keeping the defendant out of the city, will be marked with many startling disclosures. It is believed that before taking the witness stand as Sullivan's accuser on the charge of bribery Lynch will be compelled to plead guilty, and tell of his own alleged operations as a jury briber.

There is a portion of the indictment against Sullivan which digresses from the conspiracy charge and asserts that at the time of Lynch's appearance the State's Attorney was investigating evidence which might have included Sullivan with Lynch in operations similar to those charged against the former bailiff.

That Sullivan's attorneys will make strenuous efforts to prevent the introduction of any evidence of this portion of the indictment was foreshadowed when they asked Judge Smith either to quash the indictment, because of it, or to rule out any evidence on it at the trial.

The case will be called today, and it is expected that two days will be taken up in securing the jury.

Three men were indicted with Sullivan. Of these Attorney Edward Maher and Detective George P. Murray secured separate trials, and Frederick St. John was never arrested.

EVEN CONSTABLES HAVE WOES.

Justice Bradwell, in Freeing George Haas, Intimates Writ Serving Has Ceased to Be Fun.

At the hearing of charges of malfeasance in office and larceny preferred against Constable George Haas before Justice Bradwell yesterday morning that justice, in discharging the defendant, commented on the difficulty experienced by constables in making levies. Constable Haas had been arrested on complaint of John A. Stone of 152 Oak street, who charged him with illegal procedure in making a levy upon a slot machine at his premises, 152 Oak street.

"Matters have reached such a climax," said the justice, "that a legally constituted official cannot make a levy on a legal execution without placing his life in jeopardy."

Constable Louis Greenberg, whose indictment on a charge of malfeasance in office was the result of his being held by Judge Carter of the County Court, was released by Judge Smith yesterday on a technical error in the indictment, which appeared in the evidence taken. The man was accused of taking property valued at $150 from Mary E. Arnold, 435 Willow avenue, on a judgment for $19.

TAKE DAY OFF TO KNOCK.

SOCIAL ECONOMICS MEMBERS TURN ICONOCLASTS.

Mrs. A. M. Forwerg Calls Miss Stone, the Missionary, "a Silly and Foolish Old Woman"—Says Too Much Money Is Sent Abroad — University and Crerar Library Attacked—So Are the Talkative Women—And the Subject Was "Charity."

It was "knockers' day" at the Social Economics club yesterday. Nothing else could express the key note of a meeting at which the speakers all hit some one or something. Yet the subject discussed was "Charity."

Miss Stone, the kidnaped missionary, suffered worst. Mrs. A. M. Forwerg said she is a "silly and foolish old woman," and protested against sending so much American money abroad. Mrs. Forwerg says she does not speak from sentiment, but has looked into the matter.

"I was perfectly astounded," she said, "when I found what enormous sums of money have been sent to a silly and foolish old woman. Americans have been sending thousands of dollars abroad for work that should be done at home. I am not at all in sympathy with this spirit that makes us blind to what is at our own door and carries us abroad to involve ourselves in troubles which are not essentially ours.

"If we began our charity work nearer home we might do more good and cause less trouble."

Other "Knockers" of the Day.

Mrs. Elisabeth Jacoba, who read the paper of the afternoon, confined her criticisms to the donors of the University of Chicago and the Crerar Library. She pointed to the uselessness of bestowing on Chicago, already well supplied with libraries and museums, such an institution as the John Crerar Library.

Even the new school of domestic Science conducted by the women's clubs down-town did not escape. Mrs. Alice Thompson wanted Dr. Dickinson to explain why there were no free evening classes. She thought that inasmuch as the school was being supported by the clubs and a private endowment there should be some free classes in the evening. Dr. Dickinson explained that the expense was so large the school necessarily asked a tuition fee. The tuition in evening classes, she said, was much lower than for day pupils.

The Meanest "Knock" of All.

When all these complaints had been heard a member of the club arose and protested against too long speeches.

"There is too much talking here," she said, "without getting anywhere. We get up and protest about conditions, but we don't propose to do anything. What I propose is that we come here with some definite ideas and then we shall find it interesting to have them expressed."

Lectures on "New Housekeeping."

Mrs. Melusina Fay Peirce of New York gave the first of a course of lectures on "New Housekeeping for New Women" at the residence of Mrs. Theodore Thomas, 43 Bellevue place, yesterday morning. Some of the most prominent North Side women were there, and further lectures will be given at their various residences. Mrs. Peirce is a sister of Mrs. Thomas.

She advised her hearers to have as much of the work done away from the home as possible. Housekeeping, she said, will become a business, and the domestic work will be done at a "housekeeping building." Mrs. Peirce believes the "transition woman" is common today and is often mistaken for the "new woman."

Among the patronesses of the course of lectures are Mrs. Emmons Blaine, Mrs. Hugh T. Birch, Mrs. W. J. Chalmers, Mrs. John J. Glessner, Mrs. Charles Henrotin, Mrs. Bryan Lathrop, and Mrs. Cyrus Hall McCormick.

SAYS WINEROOMS RUIN REAL ESTATE IN CHICAGO.

South Side Protective Association Declares War on Them—Some Specifications of Evils.

Wineroom in saloons are the ruination of real estate values, declares Attorney Thomas J. Holmes, Secretary of the South Side Protective association. The association has undertaken to drive the wineroomsout of the district bounded by Twenty-second and Thirty-ninth streets, Wabash avenue and the lake.

"Drive out the wineroomsand property values will increase 100 per cent," said Mr. Holmes yesterday. The association has prepared what its officials term an indictment of the wineroomsand which is as follows:

"They are traps for pure, unwary girls.

"They induce young men to drink to excess. Many young men enter these saloons at night and waste their money therein, merely because in those saloons they are entertained by the women.

"Saloonkeepers retain young women and induce young men to drink, and the young women receive a commission on the liquors sold to young men entertained by them.

"They afford the best opportunities for female pickpockets.

"Wineroomsare a demand for all-night saloons in residence districts.

"All-night saloonsand wineroomsin residence districts reduce the value of real estate in residence districts.

"The opening of one all-night saloon in a residence district leads to the keeping of all the saloons open all night in that district. The introduction of wineroomsin one saloon causes winerooms to be opened in the other saloons in the vicinity.

"The brewery and liquor combinations are inducing saloonkeepers to introduce wineroomsinto their saloons and to keep their saloons open all night. These all-night saloons and wineroomsincrease the number of bribes offered to policemen.

"Faithful patrolmen and Lieutenants are transferred by the influence of saloon men and politicians because they will not wink at the violation of the law.

"Wineroomshave been tolerated for so many years in Chicago that saloonkeepers have begun to feel that to have winerooms in their saloons is a vested right. The longer they are tolerated the more difficult it will be finally to have them removed."

DOG'S VICTIM FIGHTS FOR LIFE.

Physician Fears Blood Poisoning Most in the Case of Aged George H. Palmer.

George H. Palmer of 2344 Prairie avenue, who was attacked by a vicious dog on Monday, is still in a critical condition at his residence. Dr. E. Rogers said yesterday that if blood poisoning does not set in he has hopes for the patient's recovery.

"Mr. Palmer was ill two weeks ago," said his wife yesterday, "and he is not in the best of condition to withstand such a shock. He has suffered intensely. We do not know what to do, for it is so hard to merely wait. The doctors give us hope, but only if blood poisoning does not set in."

Mr. Palmer was a cotton manufacturer of Boston until sixteen years ago, when he retired and moved to Chicago. He is a man of wealth, though he and his wife live modestly. They have no children.

WARN INVETERATE "SMOKERS."

Three Final and Forty-one Other Warning Notices Sent Out by Inspector Schubert.

Final notice of violation of the smoke ordinance was sent yesterday by Inspector Schubert to the Park Gate Hotel, Sixty-third street and Stony Island avenue; Chicago Edison company, 2634 Wabash avenue; and the Union Cold Storage company, Sixteenth and State streets. Forty other notices were issued.

INDICT G. W. CASS FOR MONEY LOST.

Grand Jurors Vote True Bills Charging Embezzlement of Large Sums.

FUNDS HELD IN TRUST.

Evidence in Fire Department Examination to Be Ready on Friday.

DOUBT ABOUT BONFIELD

Upon evidence given before the grand jury yesterday George W. Cass, once secretary of the Chicago Bar association, was indicted upon five counts charging embezzlement.

The funds which it is alleged have been misappropriated are said to have been the savings of people in Coshocton, O., where Mr. Cass formerly resided. The money is said to have been intrusted to him for investment. According to the complainants their confidence in Cass was such that they permitted him to reinvest the interest upon the money given to his care without demanding statements.

Five Claim to Be Victims.

In the five counts Mr. Cass is charged with converting to his own use money intrusted to him by the following persons:

Elisha W. James, an attorney of Coshocton	$ 1,[illegible]
Miss Haddie Stewart, daughter of a Coshocton banker	[illegible]
Mrs. Cornelia D. James, wife of E. W. James	14,[illegible]
E. W. James	8,[illegible]
Mrs. Cornelia D. James	8,[illegible]

After the indictments had been returned pleas were prepared for service on Mr. Cass, who has offices in the Chicago Title and Trust Building and a handsome home at 1715 Michigan avenue. It was reported that he was in Pittsburg, but that he would return soon.

The testimony upon which the indictments were voted was given to the jury by Captain E. W. James, J. B. Meckling, E. M. Ahearn, W. F. Singleton, John Z. Rittman, James A. Carr, and Attorney Edward F. Gorton.

Story of Captain James.

Captain James related that he and Mr. Cass once had lived in Coshocton and that they had been students together. Mr. Cass, he said, had prospered and had the confidence of every one in the Ohio town. Having some money to invest, Captain James said, he sent it to Cass and had him place it in real estate. When the interest was due, he said, he had this reinvested, and for a number of years no accounting was asked. When the trustee was asked for a statement Captain James alleges that it was discovered that the funds had been misappropriated.

These charges were repeated in the oath cases. Miss Haddie Stewart is the daughter of an Ohio banker, who died shortly after his failure in the panic of 1873. He left his daughter $16,000.

Fire Department Cases.

The grand jury will receive evidence in the case of the Fire department examination for battalion chiefs this week. While it was understood at first that Chief Swenie alone had prepared the questions, it is known now that others in the Fire department had a hand in their preparation.

Fire Marshal Musham said that his part in making out the questions was to prepare a pencil draft of nine in the list.

"Chief Swenie asked me to make out a list of questions," he said. "I made out a list of eight or nine questions in pencil and handed them to him. He arranged them to suit himself."

The examination has been challenged by a number of times before, but no evidence of any kind has been submitted to support charges. The attorneys now handling the case claim to have the necessary evidence. One of the attorneys said last evening that the matter would be in shape to take before the grand jury on Friday.

"The questions were seen before the examination," said he. "That is what we expect to show. If the investigation is carried to a conclusion it will involve men far above the ranks in the department."

Former Lieutenant Bonfield visited the State's Attorney relative to his charges against Chief O'Neill, Inspector Hunt, and others. He is not positive that he will appear before the grand jury.

FINDS CHICAGO JUSTICE IS TOO SWIFT A PROPOSITION.

Thomas Goetz Steals, Is Arrested, Tried, Convicted, Sentenced, and Started to Bridewell in an Hour.

Thomas Goetz found out yesterday how swift justice can be. He was arrested by Patrolman Moriarity at 10 a. m. while trying to sell a suitcase which had been stolen only fifteen minutes before from the Rock Island railway station. The prisoner was arraigned in the Harrison Street Police Court, tried, convicted, and sentenced, and within an hour of the time the suitcase disappeared was on the way to the bridewell to serve a six months' term awarded him by Justice Hall. The property stolen belonged to Mrs. Carrie E. Irlam of Ilion, N. Y., and consisted of curios gathered by her brother while on a tour around the world. The suitcase and its contents are worth $150.

HANGS FROM WINDOW BY HEELS

Accused Junk Dealer Tries to Escape; Policeman Grabs Him; Firemen to the Rescue.

Ephraim Kroot, a junk dealer who has been held to the Criminal Court on a charge of receiving stolen goods from juvenile thieves, yesterday tried to jump from a second-story window of the Harrison Street Police Station. Kroot had been taken to the Identification bureau to have his photograph taken, and, spying an open window, made a leap through it. His foot was caught by Patrolman McGuire, and he hung, head downward, from the sill.

The policeman was unable to pull the junkman back into the room, and he hung there from the sill until the firemen of the truck next door raised a ladder and rescued him from his perilous position.

A bone in Patrolman McGuire's hand was broken in the effort to drag Kroot back.

Kroot just had been held by Justice Prindiville to the Criminal Court in bonds of $600. Despite the statements of the boys who made up Captain Jim's band of self-confessed thieves, Kroot maintained his innocence.

HOME SOCIETY LOSES A SUIT.

H. W. Christian Gets Judgment Against the Hoover Organization for $1,470 Money Loaned.

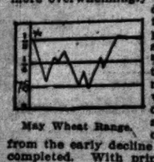
A judgment for $1,470 was entered in Judge Brentano's court yesterday against the American Home Finding association, on which the Rev. George K. Hoover was superintendent. The judgment was secured in a suit brought by Harry W. Christian. The money was loaned by Mr. Christian to the association a year ago, and was used for furthering the interests of the home for children conducted by the association.

BIG DEMAND FOR WHEAT

MILLIONS OF BUSHELS FOR MAY SOLD AT 75 CENTS.

Commission Houses Absorb Tremendous Offerings of Professional Bears, Tired Longs, and Elevators, and the Price Rebounds Sharply—Big Increase in World's Stocks Is Sighted —Corn Also Recovers Early Loss — Oats Gain Half Cent on Big Business.

With statistics of stocks and of movement more overwhelmingly bearish than on Monday and professional traders encouraged to put out large lines of shorts, wheat broke ⅝c yesterday, but on the decline the commission house demand was phenomenal, all offerings were absorbed, and at the close the recovery from the early decline had been practically completed. With primary receipts nearly 1,000,000 bu greater than a year ago and an increase in the world's available supply from the previous week of 10,170,000 bu, compared with a decrease of only 1,800,000 bu a year ago, with no good cash demand in evidence, and clearances small at 170,414 bu, the situation seemed sufficiently discouraging to all but the most indomitable and stout-hearted bulls.



May Wheat Range.

But the supply of indomitable bulls was unexpectedly large. The short sellers broke May without much difficulty to 75c, and had some assistance there from stop loss orders, with heavy selling by elevator interests. But the demand was tremendous and of diverse character, good country buying and heavy buying by private wire houses, it was assumed, for Wall street account. Possibly 4,000,000 bu changed hands at that price, and all offerings for both short and long account were greedily absorbed. The market steadied and gradually recovered, with pit traders rather anxious to cover their losses at the close.

Rebounded from 75 Cents.

December sold from 71⅞-¾c to 71¼c, and closed at 71⅝c, losing ½c. The May range was from 75¼c to 76⅞-77c, the close at 75½c, a loss of 1-16c, but immediately after the close curb prices showed a full recovery. The visible increase, as given by Bradstreet's, was much larger than expected, and after the first feeling of alarm on the part of holders there was a disposition to look upon the showing as exaggerated. The Northwest receipts were sufficiently bearish, 1,258 cars, to 414 last year, and there was liberal selling for Northwest account. Primary points had 1,425,502 bu, compared with 961,650 bu. The increase of 191,330 bu in local contract stocks to 4,294,923 bu, and the increase of 725,000 bu in all positions to an aggregate of 11,118,000 bu, encouraged some selling, as did the report that 500,000 bu No. 1 Northern was coming from Duluth. Local shipping sales reported were only 25,000 bu, and there were only 88,000 bu at the seaboard, but St. Louis reported sales of 170,000 bu for export, and a good continental demand, and December there was ⅛c higher. The continuance of dry weather in the Southwest was a factor on which the bulls pinned some faith.

The heavy selling around 75c was by Armour, the Pattens, Cudahy, Rumsey, Gifford, Brosseau, and scalpers. The buying was led by Wrenn, Harris, McReynolds, Schwartz-Dupee, Barrell, Carrington-Hannah, and Milmine-Bodman.

Foreign advices were not encouraging, better weather reported in Argentina and Broomhall announcing a larger area seeded in France. Liverpool futures were ⅜-½d lower, and spot steady to ¼d lower. London was ¼d lower to ¼d higher. There were no cargoes at English ports or off the coast awaiting sale. Paris was ¼c lower, and Antwerp unchanged.

Complete Recovery in Corn.

In its fluctuations the corn market displayed a tendency to follow the course of wheat, off ⅛-¼c early on scattered liquidation and professional selling, but rallying shortly on the appearance of a fair commission demand later in the session and closing with the early loss all recovered and a shade more, gains of 1-16c on all deliveries. Expectation of a freer movement from the country made the early sentiment bearish, but some of the late buying was encouraged by the belief that it is too early to discount the increased movement, its signs not being easily visible as yet. While there were 191 cars in, with 11 contract, only 80 are estimated for today. The December sold from 59½c down to 59¼c and rallied to a close at 59⅝c. May sold between 62c and 62c, closing at the top.

There were reports that Kansas City had stopped bidding in Iowa and that acceptances were heavier. Kansas City was 2c to 2¼c ower on futures, another weak feature, and the Eastern shipping demand was dull. But there was a sale of 35,000 bu new No. 3 corn for shipment from Illinois points to Kansas City up to Dec. 20 at 63¼c, and at the close new corn was 64c at the Southwest market. The evidence of a continuing demand from that section helped the recovery and the strength in oats was a factor. Local traders hold on the theory that December longs must be on the point of liquidating on a large scale. But it proved impossible to break the price to 59c and a late commission demand through McReynolds, Carrington-Hannah, and Barrell drove some of the shorts to cover. There was a decrease of 188,000 bu in contract stocks to 5,135,000 bu, and total local stocks fell off 449,000 bu to 10,417,000 bu. The world's visible supply decreased 980,000 bu for the week, compared with an increase of 2,193,000 bu last year. Primary receipts were less than half those of last year. Liverpool futures were ¾d lower.

Heavy Cash Trade in Oats.

Bullish statistics in oats, coupled with an unusually active cash market, finally prevailed over free selling on an absence of strength in the early part of the session. The cash sales were reported at 420,000 bu, the demand on the part of shippers being strong enough to brace up the futures to a point where they closed ½@¾c over Monday's final figures. At times when the market was easy it was mainly so in sympathy with corn, but the general tone was strong. The local statistical situation continues quite decidedly bullish. There was a decrease of 580,000 bu in elevator stocks, 288,000 bu being in private houses. Contract stocks, which are now 1,159,000 bu, fell off 188,000 bu during the week. Bradstreet's made a decrease in the world's visible of 1,457,000 bu. The seaboard cleared 16,000 bu, making 478,000 bu for the four days. Shorts were quite active buyers of futures. Norton-Switzer were said to be buying for Chandler. Armour bought December moderately. The Alton Grain company was also quite a buyer.

The provision list was much more active than usual and higher prices prevailed, pork closing 27½@30c up, lard 20@22c better, and ribs 16@17½c over Monday. There was strong commission house buying, as also by grain houses, and shorts did some active covering. Ribs and lard were actively bought by the Cudahy company. The Continental company sold. Hog receipts locally were 45,000, Western packing points reporting 109,700 against 111,800 the previous Tuesday and 78,800 a year ago. Cured meat shipments were 2,713,000 lbs, compared with 4,022,000 lbs a year ago; of lard, 5,131,000 lbs, against 2,389,000 lbs last year.

Rye was moderately active for May, which opened at 62c, sold to 61¾c, and back to a close at 62¼c. The only price in December was 58¼. Total stocks are 972,000 bu, 21,000 be smaller than a week ago.

Barley was steady and in good demand, slightly higher prices being obtainable in some instances. Feed sold at 62c, making at 67c, and malting from 69@69c, mostly 69@70c. Stocks increased 20,000 bu last week.

Timothy was steady and unchanged at $6.15 for March. There was a large showing of low grade in the cash seed, prices ranging from $5.00@6.00.

Clover seed was 25c lower, March quotably $8.85. No demand existed, while offerings were liberal.

There was a slow trade in flaxseed, prices being little changed. No. 1 Northwestern was $1.47; December, $1.45; May, $1.47. Local receipts were 13 cars. Minneapolis had 68 and Duluth 585.

Figures for the Day.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	Nov. 18	High.	Low.	Closed Yes- terday.	Closed Nov. 20, 1907.
Nov	71⅜	----	----	71⅜	70⅞
Dec	71⅝-¾	72⅛-⅜	71⅛-¼	71⅝-¾	70⅞
May	75⅞-76	77⅛-½	75⅛-⅜	75⅞-76	73⅞

CORN.

Nov	59	----	----	----	41¾
Dec	59¼-⅜	60¼	59¼	59⅜	41¾
May	62⅛-¼	63⅛	62⅛	62⅜	43⅞
July	63½	63½	63	63¼	45¾

OATS.

Nov	39⅛	----	----	----	21⅛
Dec	39⅝	40⅛	39⅝	39⅞	21⅝
May	42⅝-¾	43⅛	42⅝	42⅞	24⅝
July	36⅝	37⅛	36⅝	37⅛	29⅝

PORK.

Nov	7.80	----	----	7.87½	7.10
Jan	7.72½	7.82½	7.72½	7.80	6.85
May	7.95	8.07½	7.90	8.02½	6.55

LARD.

Nov	6.55	----	----	6.75	7.20
Jan	6.60	6.77½	6.60	6.77½	6.62½
May	6.75	6.97½	6.77½	6.95-7½	6.82½

SHORT RIBS.

Nov	7.80	----	----	7.87½	7.10
Jan	7.72½	7.82½	7.72½	7.80	6.85
May	7.95	8.07½	7.90	8.02½	6.55

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	24	17	20	61
Spring wheat	26	4	20	50
Corn	45	17	45	107
Oats	37	177	105	319
Rye	9	2	2	13
Barley	1	22	23	46
Totals	137	388	173	678

Inspected out: 4,700 bu winter wheat, 13,900 bu corn, 56,550 bu oats. From unlicensed elevators: 30 cars winter wheat, 36 cars and 50,000 bu spring wheat, 69 cars and 16,100 bu corn, 17 cars oats.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—In moderate demand, steady, and about unchanged. Winter patents, Southern, $3.50@3.60; straight, $3.30@3.40; spring, special brands, $4.00@4.10; hard patents, $3.50@3.60; soft do, $3.35@3.45; rye, white, bris, $2.60@2.80.

WINTER WHEAT—Quiet and steady. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 hard, 70¾c. Free on board: No. 3 red, 72½c; No. 2 hard, 71¾c. Billed through: No. 2 hard, 70½c.

SPRING WHEAT—Quiet and unchanged. Sales on track: No. 4, 64@65¼c. Free on board: No. 4, 64½@65¼c; No. 3, 66@66¼c; not graded, 65¼c. Billed through: No. 2 Northern, to arrive, 71¼c.

CORN—Demand fair, offerings smaller. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 yellow, 60¼@60¼c; No. 3, 55,000 bu new for shipment on p. t. On track and free on board: No. 4, 57@58c; No. 3, 57¼@60¼c; No. 2 yellow, 58@60¼c; No. 2 yellow, 61c; No. 3 white, 58¼@60¼c; cars, 56¼@58c. Billed through: No. 4, 56¼@58¼c; No. 3, 58¼@59c; No. 3 yellow, 58@59¼c; No. 2 yellow, 59¼c.

OATS—In good demand and stronger. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 white, 42¾c; white clipped, 420,000 bu on p. t. On track and free on board: No grade, 40@42c; No. 4, 40¼@42c; No. 4 white, 41¾@42¼c; No. 3, 40¼c; No. 3 white, 42½@43c; No. 2, 40¼@41c; No. 2 white, 42½@43c. Billed through: No grade, 40@41c; No. 4 white, 40¾@42c; No. 3, 40¾c; No. 3 white, 41¾@42½c; No. 2 white, 41¾@42½c.

Trade Gossip on Change.

Estimated receipts for today are: Wheat, 50 cars; corn, 80 cars; oats, 160 cars; hogs, 43,000.

Speculators are governed largely by precedent, and when the huge figures of the week's increase in the world's stocks of wheat, 10,170,000 bu, were published, a great many of them remembered that once before when the same authority made an increase of nearly 10,000,000 bu, in December, 1899, the market started up and did not stop until after an advance which proved ruinous to shorts. There was a disposition to believe that Bradstreet's was trying to make up for some previous omissions in figuring country elevator stocks in the Northwest, and after a brief setback the bulls managed to show a fine indifference to the rather disturbing addition to the world's stocks.

Trade in May wheat at the 75c mark was of such volume that some of the oldest frequenters of the pit declared they had never seen it equaled at any single figure. It was estimated that 4,000,000 bu changed hands at that price, and the buying proved more stubborn than the selling. The best the bears could do was to secure a quotation 1-16c lower, though 75c was bid at all times. The bulls were rewarded with a rally of ½c. There seemed a determined effort to break the price, and a determined effort to prevent a break. Some of the leading floor traders, the Pattens and John Cudahy, were sellers, Armour put out a line of 500,000 bu, and some long wheat came out from tired holders. The buying was through private wire houses with close Eastern connections, and the wires once cleared somewhat after the interests were pulled up short. There was also good country buying, as there has been for some days. One commission house bought 300,000 bu at 75c on twenty-five different orders, an indication of the widespread interest in wheat.

Kansas City bought wheat in Chicago yesterday and wired that from 200 to 225 cars daily would be needed there for distribution all winter. Some Iowa advices were that the Southwest had stopped bidding for corn and feeders were no longer anxious buyers, but there were other claims from that State that more farmers wanted to buy corn than there were who had it to sell.

Statements as to comparative prices of grains which wheat bulls considered a strong argument in their favor came out of Minneapolis, as follows: "Oats are selling at $3.25 per ton more to feed horses than millers are paying for wheat to make flour. Corn is only selling at $1.00 a ton under the price of wheat, and brewers are paying within $1.00 per ton as much for barley as millers are paying for wheat."

A car of new corn from Grundy County, Ill., yesterday graded No. 2, the first of the crop, and sold at 59½c on through billing.

The recent friction between the various flaxseed interests—seed merchants, crushers, brokers, and Inspection committee—was, temporarily at least, smoothed over yesterday by a report submitted by a special committee consisting of Messrs. Eckhart, Chadwick, and Rumsey, which found that in attaching an old certificate of inspection to the bill for a later sale of seed the parties making the sale had no intention whatever of deceiving the buyer—practically that the whole transaction was a trivial clerical error which might easily have been rectified without the invocation of the good offices of any committees had the selling interest been given an opportunity to correct the matter in time. Under the terms of the recent resolution urged by the chairman of the Flaxseed Inspection committee, who is also a flaxseed broker representing interests inimical to the seed merchants whose reputation has been tacitly attacked, the latter will hereafter furnish necessary information as to where seed sold on the market comes from.

Another lot of 50,000 bu of wheat has been worked for Mexico by the J. Rosenbaum Grain company, the wheat being moved from the Southwest. This shipment completes about one-half the import requirement of that country, which at the time the duty was taken off was estimated at 2,000,000 bu. The Mexican demand is still good, and principally for Oklahoma wheat.

CALIFORNIA ORANGES ARRIVE.

First Consignment of This Year's Crop Reaches This Market—All Produce Firm, with a Tendency to Advance.

The produce market was changed but little yesterday as compared with Monday. Trade was fair, quotations steady, and the volume of business transacted satisfactory to dealers. Strictly fresh eggs advanced about 1c, selling readily at from 24c to 25c per dozen. Poultry is beginning to feel the stimulation of the approach of Thanksgiving, and a little colder weather will bring an advance in prices.

Three cars of California oranges have arrived, the first receipts of this year's crop. A peculiar condition prevails in the orange-producing districts of California little known outside of the State. The orange requires warm weather for growth and coming to maturity, but it will not assume the desired color without the influence of cold. In consequence of this oranges grown in the northern part of the State ripen or assume the golden hue, before those of a much more southerly latitude. The cold nights that have lately prevailed have fitted the fruit of the northern districts for market, while that of hundreds of miles farther south will not be ready for shipment until the same weather conditions prevail there. Receipts of Florida oranges are liberal. Few orange consumers know that this fruit, like the banana, is always received here green. There are several plants in Chicago for the artificial ripening of green Florida oranges. This is accomplished by placing the fruit in rooms kept at a regular heat of from 90 to 100 degrees, where they are retained for two or three days. Then electric fans are employed to cool off the fruit, which imparts to it the desired color, just as the cool nights of California does. The cost of this process is considerable, the ripening of a car now adding $42.00 to the price. Florida are selling in a small way at from $2.90 to $3.00 per box, in carlots bringing from $2.60 to $2.65.

Quotations for round lots were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, loss off, cases returned	22¼c
Eggs, at mark, cases returned	20@21c
City recandled	23c
Seconds, grs., $3.00@3.60	
Cheese, Y. A.	16c
Cheese, twins	14½@15c

POULTRY.

Live turkeys	8@10c
Do, chickens	8@9c
Do, ducks	11@12c
Do, geese, 6s	$4.00@5.00
Dressed turkeys	8@10c
Do, chickens	8@9c
Do, ducks	11@12c
Do, geese	9@10c

FISH.

Black bass, lb	12½@13c
Carp	10@12c
Pike	9@10c
Pickerel	10@c
Eels	6@8c
Perch	5@6c

GAME.

Ducks, mallard, doz	$1.00@2.00
Do, bluewing	$2.75@3.00
Jacksnipe, doz	$2.00
Quail, doz	$2.00@2.50
Rabbits, doz	$1.00@1.25
Sandpipe, doz	25@35c
Plover, golden, doz	$2.00
Do, grass	$1.75
Venison, lb	12@20c

VEAL.

50@90 lbs	8@8½c
90@70 lbs	8@8½c
85@100 lbs	7½@8c

FRUITS.

Apples, good to choice	$2.00@2.50
Apples, fancy	$2.75@3.25
Lemons, Cal	$2.50@4.00
Pineapples, Fla, cases	$1.50@2.75
Oranges, Jamaica, boxes	$3.50
Cranberries, bris	$6.50@7.00
Bananas, bch	$1.00@1.50
Grapes, Cal., 4 baskets	$1.00@1.50
Black, 5 lbs	14@16c
Catawbas, 15-basket carrier	$2.25@2.50
Bartlett pears, kegs	$1.00@1.25
Do, Kiefer, bu	$1.00@1.25

VEGETABLES.

Beans, navy, hand-picked	$1.85
Medium	$1.83@1.85
Celery, Mich., 2-4 bunches	35@50c
Cucumbers, hothouse, doz	60@75c
Cabbage, new home-grown, crate	$1.50@1.25
Do, per 100	$3.50@5.00
Cauliflower, Mich., doz	60@75c
Onions, 70-lb sacks	$1.25@1.85
Turnips, white, 62-lb round sacks	50c
Brussels, sprouts, qt	15@20c
Tomatoes, Cal., bu	50@75c
Do, 4-basket crate	$1.75@2.00
Do, red stock	71@75c
Sweet potatoes, Jersey, bris	$2.25@2.75
Do, bu	$1.15@1.30
Parsnips, bris	90c@$1.00

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts— 1907.	1906.	Shipments— 1907.	1906.
Apples, bris	3,670	19,940	858	9,003
Beans, bu	----	1,000	1,000	2,153
Bone, lbs	150,100	81,900	48,600	9,250
Butter, lbs	1,213,500	1,005,900	478,108	1,458,471
Cheese, lbs	272,944	602,700	202,800	1,204,200
Dr. fruits, lbs	117,600	139,200	242,400	305,333
Eggs, pkgs	7,838	5,717	2,864	7,792
Games, pkgs	----	21	----	----
Hay, tons	746	613	53	20
Hides, lbs	531,948	307,145	506,401	475,068
Hops, lbs	128,966	51,070	1,200	1,201
Potatoes, bu	36,500	33,561	10,203	9,066
Poultry, lbs	82,510	111,351	45,500	176,606
Poultry, pkgs	118	484	----	484
Wool, lbs	101,000	74,145	208,811	19,840

LOOKS FOR BULL MARKET

A. O. SLAUGHTER EXPECTS ADVANCE WHEN MONEY EASES.

Says Brightest Minds in the Financial World Are Holding Securities—Local Money Market Unaffected by Gold Exports — United States Steel Corporation May Embark in Coal Business—Railroad Earnings—Foreign Exchange Steady.

A. O. Slaughter, who has just returned from New York, looks for an active bull stock market as soon as the money situation grows easier. In speaking of conditions Mr. Slaughter said:

"When I see the brightest minds in the financial world buying stocks and holding them it seems to me that conditions must favor that side. The strongest men in Wall street are heavy holders of securities. The stock market declines comparatively little. Those who own stocks do not sell them. December is always a more or less uncertain month, but money is beginning already to flow back to New York from the interior, and it will go in larger volume soon. The gold exports are good for the country, and there should be no apprehension over them. They frighten people, but we could spare twice as much as has been sent to Europe up to this time. No one seems to know just why all this gold is going, but my own opinion is that it is for the purpose of tiding over the December settlements on the other side. I think Europe has been selling out stocks of American companies. A great deal of Canadian Pacific, for instance, has been so sold from Berlin. It has come out for thirty days' delivery. Since the Northern Pacific corner Europeans do not sell for regular delivery.

"Railroads between the Mississippi Valley and the Pacific coast will improve with that growing territory, I think, until they cannot do the business that will be offered. Then competitive lines will be built. Corn and cotton are selling above the cost of production, and the only way to bring them down is to increase the production. It will be the same with Western railroads. I believe Canadian Pacific will sell at 150 before next June."

Local Money Market Unaffected.

The local money market has not been affected by the gold exports, and, in fact, shows a weakening tendency. Some of the banks have loaned on call in New York, as rates advanced there. A leading Chicago banker said yesterday he thought the total shipments of gold to Europe on the present movement may reach $30,000,000 or $50,000,000. In his opinion large loans made abroad in connection with the Burlington deal and the Northern Pacific troubles this spring are responsible for the enormous exports of gold now. It is believed that the exports will be offset partly by the sale of government bonds by saving banks which are likely to be tempted by the high prices. The great rise in these bonds has led some national banks to dispose of their holdings at a profit and retire circulation.

Call money ruled in New York yesterday at 4½ per cent and closed at 3@3½ per cent. The last loan was at 3 per cent.

Financial Topics.

The United States Steel corporation has opened a bureau of mines and mining in Pittsburg. It is stated that the coal mines of the constituent companies are to be developed and that the corporation may dispose of coal to outside consumers. In view of the connection of E. H. Gary and William Edenborn with the newly formed Pocohontas Coal company it is reported that the steel corporation may embark in the coal business on a large scale.

The Chicago Clearing-House association met yesterday to discuss proposed changes in the bylaws, but adjourned for one week without taking action.

Nathaniel Baxter Jr., President of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company, has resigned to become president of the Cumberland Coal and Coke company.

It is announced that the plant of the Rogers Locomotive company at Paterson, N. J., will be enlarged considerably and a specialty made of heavy draft engines.

President Newcomb of the American Strawboard company says: "All our mills are running at their full capacity and business is well ahead of last year."

Chicago commission houses sold stocks in the New York market yesterday on the theory that gold exports would keep money firm.

President Thompson of the Republic Iron and Steel company is quoted at Birmingham as saying that he has no doubt the company will build a plant in the Birmingham district.

It is reported that surveyors for the St. Louis Southwestern road are locating a number of lines in Texas. Over 100 miles of extensions are planned in that State by the company. Plans will be submitted to the Board of Directors about Jan. 1.

At the annual meeting of stockholders of the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg company the retiring Board of Directors was reelected. The recommendation of the directors to reduce the interest on outstanding $1,000,000 debenture bonds from 5 to 4 per cent, provided they be made convertible into common stock of the company at par, was accepted. The recommendation that the balance of $2,000,000 debenture bonds authorized on March 27, 1897, be made convertible and redeemable on the same terms was also accepted, together with the recommendation to increase the common capital stock of the company by $3,000,000.

Plate glass manufacturers have agreed to reduce the price of glass 15 per cent in the West and 10 per cent in the East to keep out foreign competition.

The final installment of 15 per cent on the British war loan is due on Dec. 5. The American share is about $2,500,000.

London advices say that the issue of a New Zealand £1,500,000 loan is impending.

E. L. Fuller, President of the Retsof Mining company, has been elected President of the International Salt company, and A. S. White, President of the National Salt company, has been elected chairman of the board.

Railroad Earnings.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

SOUTHERN.

	1907.	1906.	Increase.
2d week Nov.	$ 743,627	$ 703,259	$ 40,278
From July 1	14,025,492	13,279,724	745,768

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN,

2d week Nov.	54,218	46,235	7,983
From July 1	917,651	783,704	134,947

CANADIAN PACIFIC.

2d week Nov.	302,000	623,000	179,000
From July 1	14,450,030	11,804,645	2,651,385

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS.

2d week Nov.	75,352	42,106	33,251
From July 1	1,397,330	1,239,293	158,037

INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN.

2d week Nov.	111,815	129,786	*17,971
From July 1	1,831,522	1,821,630	9,892

ST. LOUIS AND WESTERN.

2d week Nov.	48,870	47,512	1,358
From Jan. 1	2,396,891	1,760,085	636,805

TEXAS AND PACIFIC.

2d week Nov.	262,332	262,251	81
From Jan. 1	9,074,382	6,781,633	1,892,744

WESTERN NEW YORK AND PENNSYLVANIA.

Quarter ended Sept. 30:

Gross	$ 979,311	$ 1,109,994	$ *130,683
Oper. expenses	675,697	925,395	*249,708
Net	304,224	184,599	119,625
Other income	----	6,350	*6,350
Total income	304,224	190,495	113,729
Fixed charges	279,652	220,674	58,919
Surplus	24,572	*30,079	51,611

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE.

2d week Nov.	644,160	588,415	55,745
From July 1	11,321,133	10,148,125	1,083,008

MEXICAN CENTRAL.

2d week Nov.	345,612	364,569	*18,957
From Jan. 1	8,837,679	8,446,300	*8,621

NORFOLK AND WESTERN.

2d week Nov.	384,780	294,297	40,983
From July 1	6,480,113	6,027,652	452,460

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE.

2d week Nov.	224,400	222,100	1,300
From July 1	4,757,600	4,513,700	223,900

MEXICAN NATIONAL.

2d week Nov.	145,599	133,242	12,357
From Jan. 1	6,403,756	6,706,228	*211,472

*Decrease.

Foreign Exchange.

Foreign exchange was steady yesterday at the following figures in Chicago:

SELLING RATE.

Cable transfers, London	488¼
Checks, London	488
Checks, Paris	515¾
Checks, Berlin	95¼
Checks, Holland	40¼

BUYING RATE.

60 days, London, bankers	484¾
60 days, London, documentary	484¼
5 days, Paris	513⅝
60 days, Paris, documentary	513⅝-1-16
5 days, Antwerp	513⅝
60 days, Antwerp	513⅝-1-16
5 days, Hamburg	95⅛
60 days, Hamburg, documentary	94⅞
5 days, Germany, bankers	95⅛
60 days, Germany, documentary	94⅞
5 days, Holland	40 1-16
60 days, Holland	40 1-16

Closing prices on curb stocks in New York yesterday were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	13	16
Do pfd	89	93
American Hide and Leather	6½	9½
Do pfd	29½	31
Bay State Gas	7	7½
British Columbia Copper	11⅝	12
Compressed Air	10¾	11
Electric Boat	10	11⅝
Do pfd	45	47
Electric Vehicle	2¾	3
Do pfd	12	50
General Carriage	----	----
Havana Commercial Co	13	13¾
Do pfd	50	55
Illinois Vehicle	¼	----
International Banking	210	250
National Enameling & S. Co	85	87
Do pfd	87	91
N. Y. Electric Vehicle Trans	3	3¼
Northern Securities Co	109	111
Otis Elevator	31½	32
Do pfd	93	94
Pitts. Steel	2¾	3
Royal Baking Powder pfd	101½	102½
Safety Car Htg	97	100
Do pfd	99	101
Standard Coupler	2¾	3
Do pfd	8½	9
Standard Oil	900	910
St. Louis Transit	30¾	31¼
United Sys. of St. Louis pfd	90	91
U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	9¼	9¾
Do pfd	31½	32½

Chicago Stock Market.

Chicago City railway stock sold again in the local market at 188, over 200 shares being disposed of between that figure and 190. American Can stocks opened below the close on Monday and did not reach the quotations of that day, both issues making losses. The preferred closed ⅜ off and the common ¾. Union Traction common was lower, losing 1. The preferred gained 1½. West Chicago was unchanged at 95.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	1,825	16¾	15¾	16
American Can pfd	125	94½	94½	94½
Canal and Dock	75	70	70	70
Central Union Telephone	40	40	40	40
Chicago City Railway	203	190	188	188
Chicago Union Traction	276	13¾	13½	13
Chicago Union Trac. pfd	1,000	34¾	34¼	34¼
Lake Street Elevated	355	12¾	11¾	12¾
Metropolitan Elevated	150	40¾	40¾	40¾
Metropolitan Elev. pfd	50	90	90	90
Milwaukee Brewing pfd	15	14	14	14
National Biscuit	825	45¾	45¼	45¾
National Biscuit pfd	100	109¾	109	109¾
National Carbon	50	30	30	30
National Carbon pfd	10	84	84	84
Northwestern Elevated	40	34	34	34
Northern Pacific	50	60¾	60¼	60¾
South Side Elevated	25	109¼	109¼	109¾
South Chicago City	25	18	18	18
Street's Stable Car pfd	25	71	71	71
West Chicago	205	95	95	95

BONDS.

$10000 No W El 4s	95¼	$20000 Lake Sts 5s	93
2000 Ch Con 5s	105¼	2000 Lake deb 5s	102¾
2000 Ch Con 5s	105		

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	Nov. 19.	Nov. 12.
New York	$341,923,505	$393,390,270
Chicago	28,434,000	28,068,000
Boston	24,405,943	25,000,980
Philadelphia	25,115,758	30,061,957
St. Louis	10,300,000	9,624,000
Baltimore	4,967,073	4,956,720

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 10c premium before clearing, 20c premium after; St. Louis, 20c premium.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Stocks, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—The local market was irregular today. Amalgamated sagged off over 1 per cent to 86¼. Good buying of Erie Telephone helped enliven the market.

Call loans, 4@5 per cent. Time loans, collateral, 4½@5 per cent; time loans, mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Clearing-house loans, $ per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Opg.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	3,500	87¾	88	86¼	86¼
Allouez	200	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Atlantic	100	29	29	28	28
Adventure	300	8¼	8¼	8	8
Am. Tel.	350	157½	157½	157	157½
Arcadian	100	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
Do pfd	700	100¾	100¾	100	100¼
Am. Sugar	1,500	117¾	117¾	117¾	117¾
Do pfd	100	117¾	117¾	117¾	117¾
Arcadian	200	6¼	7	6¼	6¾
Baltic	100	44	44	44	44
Bingham	100	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾
Centennial	100	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Copper Range	200	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾
Calumet	15	605	605	605	605
Dom. Steel	400	27¼	27½	27¼	27¼
Dom. Coal	100	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
Erie Tel.	3,200	85¾	86¼	85¾	86¼
Franklin	50	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Isle Royale	100	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾
Mass. Mining	700	73¾	74	73¾	74
Michigan	100	13¼	14	13¼	14
Mohawk	100	61	61	61	61
Mass. Electric	150	36¼	36¼	35¾	35¾
Do pfd	100	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼
Maydower	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
N. E. Coke	700	8	9	8	9
Oscoda	10	90	90	90	90
Old Colony	350	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Old Dominion	1,000	25¾	26¼	25¾	25¾
Quincy	10	135	135	135	135
Pullman	100	220	220	219	219
Pere Marquette	100	88	88	88	88
Quincy	10	135	135	135	135
Santa Fe	100	4	4	4	4
Tamarack	10	230	230	230	230
Tri-Mountain	100	7	7	7	7
Trinity	300	38¾	39	38¾	39
Union Pacific	3,500	169¾	170¼	169½	169¾
U. S. Mining	1,100	15¾	15¾	15¼	15¼
U. Sh

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PRIVATE WIRES.
...with exception of American Locomotive and Car and Foundry shares the ...stocks were somewhat heavy today. ...According to authority, the foreign shipments of pigs and nails of the American Steel and Wire company—a branch of the trust—for October were approximately 7,500 tons, the ...best for the year and nearly 40 per cent ahead of September.
The decline in People's Gas was on selling, principally by Western operators, due to a statement that the company had offered in the matter of taxation of its property to compromise with the Board of Equalization, and, admitting that its present assessment is too low, had asked not to be assessed more than $30,000,000 above the value of its tangible assets.
IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.
General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.
NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The stock market today was under the influences and factors which depressed values yesterday. Union Pacific and St. Paul were especially affected. The bears acted actively on the announcement of the engagement of $1,000,000 additional gold for export on Thursday, but there was a large demand to cover later in the day, when half of this engagement was canceled, and when the money market was seen to be unaffected. The market closed steady at a substantial rally from the lowest.
Railroad bonds, total sales, par value, $2,630,000. U. S. refunding 2s declined ¼ on the last call.
Close: Money on call firm at 2@4½ per cent; last loan, 3; ruling rate, 4½. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange easier, then steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼@488 for demand and at 484¾@484¾ for sixty days; posted rates, 485½ and 488¼@489. Commercial bills, 484@484½.
Bar silver, 56⅞. Mexican dollars, 45.
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing Nov19	Nov18
Am. Sugar.....	8,500	119¾	117¾	119	118¾
Do pfd.....	3,000	117¾	116	116¾	116¾
Am. Cotton Oil....	100	27½	27½	27½	27½
Do pfd.....	100	91	91	91	91
Am. Smelting.....	500	46½	45¾	45¾	46
Do pfd.....	200	98¾	98	98	98
Am. Steel Hoop pfd.	100	14	14	14	13¾
Am. Malting.....	300	6	6	6	
Am. Car Foundry.	17,500	28¾	28¾	29	28½
Do pfd.....	1,000	85	84½	85	85
Am. Ice.....	100	27	27	27	27½
Do pfd.....	200	80¾	79¼	80¼	80¾
Atchison.....	2,200	100¾	100	100¾	100¾
Do pfd.....	300	94½	94½	94½	95
Atlantic Coast L.	21,600	87½	86½	86½	87¼
Do pfd.....	100	61	61	61	60
Baltimore & Ohio.	230	100	100	100	
Do pfd.....	17,700	67¾	67½	68¼	
Brooklyn Trans...	1,700	69¾	69¼	69¾	69¾
Canada Pac.....	2,100	107½	106¾	107½	107¼
Canada So.....	200	96¾	96¾	96¾	96
Central Leather.	200	115	115	115	
Do pfd.....	900	87¾	86¾	87¼	87¾
Ches. & Ohio.....	19,900	168¾	167¾	168¾	168¾
Chicago Gt. West.	1,000	14¾	14½	14¾	14¾
Do A pfd.....	300	20½	20½	20½	20½
Do B pfd.....	100	36½	36½	36½	37
Chic. & Ohio.....	1,100	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾
Chic. & N. W.....	200	176½	176½	176½	177¼
Chic. & St. P.....	2,900	114¾	114¼	115	115
Chic. & St. P. M.	400	97¾	97	97	97¾
Chic. Term. & T.	2,500	22¾	21¾	22¾	22¼
Do pfd.....	100	55	55	55	55
Chic. Un. Tr.....	100	25	25	25	25
Do pfd.....	2,900	46¾	45¾	46¾	46¾
Do pfd A.....	100	73¾	73¾	73½	
Do pfd B.....	1,200	92½	92	92	93¼
Col. & Gt. West.	600	25¾	25¾	25¾	25½
Do 1st pfd.....	100	49	49	49	49
Do 2d pfd.....	200	39¾	39¾	39¾	
Del. & Hudson....	9,200	173¾	172	173	173¾
Del. & Rio G.....	1,500	47¾	46¾	46¾	47
Do pfd.....	300	94¾	94¾	94¾	95½
Dist. of Columbia.	500	33	33	33	34
Erie.....	500	32¾	32¾	32¾	33
Do 1st pfd.....	500	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾
Do 2d pfd.....	500	58¾	58¾	58¾	59
Fort Wayne.....	27,900	43	42½	42¾	42¾
Do 1st pfd.....	8,500	73¼	72¾	72¾	72¾
Do 2d pfd.....	6,300	69¾	69¼	69¾	69¾
Gt. N. Ir. ctfs.....	300	58¾	58	58	
Gt. Northern pfd..	1,900	269	267½	267½	269
Hocking Valley....	1,900	117¼	116¾	117	117¼
Do pfd.....	100	61¾	60¾	61	61¾
Illinois Central..	1,100	79	78¼	78¾	79¼
Do rights.....	1,100	¾	¾	¾	¾
Ind. Pump.....	1,000	48	48¼	47¾	
Do pfd.....	1,000	119	119	119	
Int. Cent.....	1,900	13¾	13¼	13⅝	13¾
Int. Power.....	300	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Int. Central.....	400	40½	40½	40½	40½
Do pfd.....	400	97½	97½	97½	97½
Int. Paper.....	1,200	20¾	20¼	20¾	20¾
Do pfd.....	1,200	76¼	75¾	76	76
Iowa Central.....	1,900	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Do pfd.....	600	32¾	31½	32¾	32¾
Kan. & S. pfd.....	600	70	70	70	70
Kan. City So.....	500	32¾	31½	32¾	32¾
Do pfd.....	500	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
Keokuk & Des M.	600	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
Lake Erie & W....	500	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾
Do pfd.....	500	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
Lake Shore.....	1,000	194	193	193¾	194
Long Island.....	20,600	170¾	169¾	169¾	169¾
Louisville & Nash.	2,100	106¾	106	106¼	106¾
Manhattan Con....	9,000	101	99¾	100¼	100¾
Metropolitan St.	400	139¾	138¾	139¼	139¾
Mexican Central..	1,900	19¾	19¼	19¾	19¾
Minn. & St. L....	100	107	107	107	107¾
Do pfd.....	200	120½	120½	120¼	121
Mo. Pac. Cons....	1,000	41	41	41	41
Mobile & Ohio....	1,900	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¾
National Biscuit..	800	43¾	42¾	42¾	
National Lead.....	200	19½	19	19¼	19

New York Cent....	3,200	162	161	162	162
Norfolk & W.....	3,000	57¾	56¾	57¾	57¾
North Am. Co.....	400	33¾	33¼	33¾	34
N. Y. Ont. & W....	87,400	39¾	38¾	39¾	39¾
N. Y. Air Brake....	300	136½	135	136½	135
N. Y. Chi. & St. L.	200	49	49	49	
People's Gas.....	10,800	105¾	104¾	101¾	105¾
Penn. R. R.....	8,200	146	143¾	144¾	145¾
Pacific Mail.....	1,000	47	46	46¾	47
Pressed Steel Car.	1,200	44¾	43¾	43¾	44¾
Do pfd.....	500	91	90	90	91
Pacific Coast.....	200	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾
Do 2d pfd.....	200	70	70	70	70
Reading.....	106,600	74	69¼	73¾	74
Do 1st pfd.....	22,100	80½	78¾	79¾	80¾
Do 2d pfd.....	44,400	76¾	73¾	75¾	76¾
Rep. Iron & Steel.	300	16	15	15	16
Do pfd.....	100	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾
Southern Ry.....	12,200	31¾	31¼	31¾	31¾
Do pfd.....	2,500	90¾	89¾	90¾	90¾
St. J. & G. I. 1st pf.	100	61	61	61	
Southern Pac.....	14,900	69¾	68¾	69	69¾
St. L. & S. W.....	2,100	26¾	26	26¾	26¾
Do 1st pfd.....	300	58	58	58	58¾
St. L. & S. F.....	9,100	75¾	74¾	75¾	75¾
Do 2d pfd.....	6,100	71¾	70¾	71¾	70¾
St. Law. & Adir..	1,200	128¾	128¾	128¾	128¼
Texas Pac.....	1,000	41	41¼	41¼	41
Texas Land.....	100	35	35	35	
Twin City.....	11,800	107¾	106¾	107¾	107¾
T. St. L. & W.....	200	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¼
Do pfd.....	100	35	35	35	34¾
Tenn. Coal & I.....	2,100	83¾	82¾	82¾	83
Union Pac.....	75,800	105¾	103¾	104¾	105¾
Do pfd.....	800	91¾	91¼	91¼	91¾
Un. Bag & Pa. pfd	900	91¾	91¼	91¼	91¾
U. S. Leather.....	700	13¾	13¼	13¾	13¾
*U. S. Steel.....	14,000	43¾	42¾	43¾	44
Do pfd.....	11,800	97¾	96¾	97¾	97¾
U. S. Express.....	310	95	94½	95	
Wabash.....	1,300	20¾	20¼	20¾	20¾
Do pfd.....	1,300	39¾	39¼	39¾	39¾
Wisconsin Cen.....	600	21¾	21¼	21¾	21¾
Do pfd.....	300	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾
Western Union.....	300	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾

*Ex. div. 1 per cent.
Total sales, 784,300 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams ?.....	190	United States.....	99½
American	208	Wells	190

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, reg.... 108¼	U. S. new 4s, coup.. 139
U. S. ref. 2s, coup.. 108½	U. S. old 4s, reg.... 112¾
U. S. 3s, reg..... 108	U. S. old 4s, coup.... 112¾
U. S. 3s, coup..... 108¼	U. S. 5s, reg..... 107
U. S. new 4s, reg... 139	U. S. 5s, coup..... 107

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS
—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

28000 Atch gen4s 103@¼	4000 L & N unf 4s 102¼
1000 Ann Arbor 4s 96½	14000 Mex Cen 4s 82@¾
23000 B & O 4½s 106¼@¾	10000 do 1st inc 20@¼
21000 do 4s..103¼@104	5000 Man con 4s..104
15000 do conv..107¼@½	1000 M Cent 7s...101½
12000 B & W 5½s 1st pf 90¾@91	1000 M&St L ref 4s 103¼
12000 Bkln El 4s..101¾	15000 MK&T 4s..100@¼
4000 B & WVa 5s 75	50000 do 5s Tex...103
12000 Bkln U Gas5s 106¾	4000 M K & E 1st 111½
5000 C Ga 1st 5s.122	4000 Mo F con 6s 125½@123
7000 do con 5s 105¾@106	10000 do 5s 1917....
5000 do 1st inc... 73	38000 do 5s 1920...108
10000 do 2d inc... 29	1000 M K O coll tr 4s 95½
20000 CB&Q con 7s 108¾	90000 Mohawk & M 4s 99¼@99¾
2000 do reg..... 98	6000 NYC L S 3½s 96¼
7000 C G L 5s....111	5000 NYC&St L 4s 108
22000 C Pac 4s 103¾@¾	25000 N Y G E 5s 97¼@97¾
5000 C & O gen 4½s 101@101¾	3000 N Y S & W 5s 1st rf 5s....118
4000 C&A 3½s 85¾@86	27000 do 4s..105¼@105½
25000 C So 1st..107¾	10000 O R & N 4s 103¾@104
25000 do 2d...100@100¾	15000 Or S L 1st..104¾@104¾
1000 Chi Term 4s. 90	1000 OCA&StLB 4½s 114¾
2000 C N Jam 6s 1st 120	1000 P & E 1st..100
5000 Con Gas 5s..110	25000 P C C&St L 4s 90@¼
22000 C P 5s.....104	5000 R & D cons..123
20000 Col So 4s 89¾@¾	33000 St L & M Br 4s 107¼@107¾
16000 Cons Coh 4s..78¾	27000 Wab 1st 5s...118
6000 Dis of Am 5s 86¾	5000 do 2d...110¾@110¾
1000 D & W 5s.....	60000 do 4s..92½@92¾
5000 D & R G 5s.103¾	5000 St L S W 1st 4s 99¼@97
15000 D M & M 4s 93¼@93¾	2000 St L S F 2d..109¾
63000 Erie 2d 4s..85@83¾	5000 So Ry 5s.....120¾
5000 E T N & G 5s 1st gu 4s..86¾	5000 S & A & F 4s..88¾
1000 E L & RS 5s101¼	5000 S V & N E 4s.102
1000 Ev & TH 1st.....	10000 So Pac 4s..94¼@¾
1000 Ft W & DC 1st gu 4s 88	228000 Third Av con 4s 101¼
22000 do con 4s 99@100	19000 U P 4s...106@106¾
23000 FtW&R 1st 5s 104½	1120000 do conv 4s 107¼@107¾
3000 I B & W 4s..104¾	27000 Wab 1st 5s...118
1000 Ia Cent 1st 5s 118¾	5000 do 2d...110¾@110¾
31000 I C 4s.....99¾@¾	60000 do 4s..92½@92¾
1000 Lac Gas 5s..108¾	21000 W L E con 4s.....92¼@92¾
11000 L Nav 4½s 110¼@¾	42000 w s G 4s..93@93¼
1000 Lex Av & Pf 1st.....121¾	43000 W S gtd 4s 113¾

Total sales, $2,649,000.

IN LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep—Figures for the Week.

Features of the trade were a decline of 50c in prices for veal calves, 15@20c decline for big, fat native ewes, and a strong demand for heavy hogs late, with prices a big 5c higher than the day before. Other classes of stock sold close to Monday's prices, general demand for cattle being slack and feeble. Prime 282-lb hogs sold late at $5.92½. Some fancy 82 and 86 lb. lambs sold up to $4.75.

Stock-Yards receipts and shipments:

Receipts.	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs	Sheep.
Monday, Nov. 18....	25,072	2,000	42,000	22,746
Tuesday, Nov. 19....	3,500	1,100	45,000	17,000
Totals.....	28,972	1,763	87,000	39,746
Same time last week.	27,053	1,712	84,008	66,146
Cor. time 1900.....	38,321	1,455	86,476	32,469
Total last week....	183,479	3,500	429,803	166,381
Previous week.....	62,040	3,340	179,526	100,752
Cor. week 1900.....	69,159	2,528	203,096	93,111
Shipments—				
Monday, Nov. 18...	4,234	15	4,936	2,990
Tuesday, Nov. 19...	2,000	100	4,500	5,000
Totals.....	6,234	115	9,436	7,990
Same time last week.	5,254	79	5,516	8,128
Cor. time 1900.....	7,510	79	11,816	5,316
Total last week....	18,098	546	17,309	22,561
Previous week.....	19,401	430	17,759	20,963
Cor. week 1900.....	22,124	347	24,600	15,016

Tuesday's estimated receipts at six markets, with comparisons:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Chicago.....	6,500	45,000	17,000
Kansas City.....	10,000	18,500	5,500
Omaha.....	5,000	13,200	16,700
St. Louis.....	2,500	7,500	1,500
St. Joseph.....	2,900	9,400	1,200
Sioux City.....	900	6,500	....
Totals.....	33,800	100,100	41,900
Week ago.....	35,900	106,100	43,600
Year ago.....	37,300	93,400	29,600

Average cost price of hogs bought by local packers at Chicago stood $5.70, against $5.67 on Monday and $5.60 last Tuesday, which was low time last week.

Chicago packers bought 38,100 hogs yesterday, Armour & Co. taking 12,000; Anglo-American, 4,500; Boyd, Lunham & Co., 2,500; Continental, 3,800; G. H. Hammond company, 500; T. J. Lipton company, 1,600; N. Morris & Co., 3,700; Swift & Co., 10,000; and city butchers, 1,500 head. Shippers took 4,500 head, leaving about 6,000 unsold.

Doud & K. bought a double of prime heavy native ewes for export at $3.25, and Mr. Doud remembers few times in the history of the trade when export ewes of that class could be bought at such low cost.

E. S. Harper of La Rose, Ill., marketed a load of choice 286-lb hogs at $5.87½, and R. Feeny of Wasnburn, Ill., a load of fancy 282-lb hogs on the late market at $5.92½.

Close to 18,000 cattle, 51,000 hogs, and 25,000 sheep are expected here for Wednesday's market.

It develops that the steer sold at $2 per lb at Pittsburg was not a first prize winner, but third in his class. The local traders who attended the sale think the color of the transaction would come out badly in the wash.

Cattle—Demand was slack and feeble at the reduced prices noted for the plainer grades of steers on Monday, such dragging at 15@25c decline from prices paid here at best time last week. Some of the best steers offered met with no demand and were locked up to go over to today's market. Some common to fair light beef steers sold at $4.00@5.00. Stockers and feeders were in fair demand at steady to firm prices, most of the fair to good feeders selling at $3.50@4.00, and the inferior to good stockers selling at $2.25@3.00. Cows and mixed stock were slow sale at steady prices, but veal calves took a drop of 50c, most of the choice calves selling at $5.00, some choice veals at $5.25, but only a few head of fancy calves above that. Big stock calves were in good demand around $3.50, but coarse low-bred calves were not much wanted around $3.00.

Hogs—Arrivals were delayed by the fog, which held many trains back until a late hour. Good heavy hogs met with firm demand from the start and later sold a big 5c above Monday's prices. Light grades were weak to a shade lower early, and later no more than steady, the proportions of outside weights continuing large. Some good 175-lb bacon pigs were bought at $5.45@5.47½, while the heavy packing hogs that sold around $5.50 were plain, most of the good to choice heavy mixed and packing going at $5.60@5.75, and a good many choice heavy shipping on the later market at $5.80@5.85, with some prime lots at $5.90@5.92½. Few pigs weighing under 120 lbs sold above $5.00, a fair class of 140-lb pigs going around $5.20. Big receipts were predicted for Wednesday's trade.

Bulk of sales..... $5.50@5.75
Selected butchers, 220@270 lbs.. 5.70@5.85
Light bacon, 150@190 lbs..... 5.20@5.65
Mixed grades, 180@240 lbs..... 5.35@5.75
Heavy shipping, 260@350 lbs..... 5.75@5.92½
Heavy packing, 280@400 lbs..... 5.60@5.75
Rough to heavy grades..... 5.35@5.50
Poor to choice pigs..... 4.00@5.10

Sheep—A run of 17,000 head was not as large as expected, but there was a burdensome stock of big heavy native ewes on sale, and such went slowly at 15@25c decline from prices paid here late last week. Western ewes at $3.10 also were sold 15c below Monday's prices, while Western wethers at $3.60 were about steady. Some fancy native lambs sold up to $4.75, but bulk of fair to choice lambs at $4.00@4.60, plain lots around $3.75, and culls at $3.00@3.50. Some fancy wethers sold at $4.00, but big prime 130-lb export ewes had to go at $3.25, and most of the good to choice fat ewes at $3.00@3.20.

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 9,500 natives, 500 Texans, 600 calves. Best steers steady to 10c lower; other cattle steady. Choice export and dressed beef steers, $5.60@6.10; fair to good $4.40@5.50; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.25; Western fed steers, $4.50@5.50; Western range steers, $3.25@4.40; Texas and Indian steers, $2.80@4.20; calves, $3.00@5.25. Hogs—Receipts, 19,000. Market steady to 5c lower; top, $5.95; bulk of sales, $5.40@5.80. Sheep—Receipts, 4,500. Steady. Native lambs, $4.25@4.60; Western lambs, $4.00@4.50; native wethers, $3.25@3.85; Western wethers, $3.00@3.50; yearlings, $3.35@4.00.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Beeves—Receipts, 352, mainly consigned direct. Cables quote American steers at 12@12¾c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 10¾@11c. Exports, 610 beeves, 1,611 sheep, and 4,890 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 467. Dull and weak. Few veals sold at $4.00@8.00; 2 cars 277-lb Western calves at $5.50. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 12,017. Dull. Sheep sold at $2.00@3.50; lambs, $4.10@4.85. Hogs—Receipts, 2,370. Steady. Prime State hogs, $6.00; Western, $5.65@5.80; Ohio, $5.80@5.85.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,400 head; market active and strong; native beef steers, $4.00@6.75; Western steers, $3.75@5.40; Texas steers, $3.50@4.40; cows and heifers, stronger, $2.80@4.25; stockers and feeders, stronger, $2.75@4.50. Hogs—Receipts, 12,500 head; market shade easier; bulk of sales, $5.00@5.62½. Sheep—Receipts, 18,000 head; market slow, steady; fed muttons, $3.60@4.00; Western wethers, $3.20@3.50; ewes, $2.75@3.20; lambs, $3.50@4.50.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,700, including 2,500 Texans. Market steady. Native shipping and export steers, $5.00@6.40, with the top at $7.00; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.00@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@3.45; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.00. Hogs—Receipts, 9,100. Market steady. Pigs and lights, $5.35@5.50; packers, $5.40@5.60; butchers', $5.60@5.85. Sheep—Receipts, 1,600. Market 10c to 15c higher.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Sheep and lambs—Supply, 34 cars; dull; bulk of good lambs, $4.85@4.45, a few choice $4.50; culls to fair, $3.25@4.25; sheep steady, top mixed, $3.25@3.50; culls to fair, $1.50@3.15; wethers and yearlings, $3.60@3.75.

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., Nov. 19.—Credit balances, 130; certificates none. Shipments, 98,881; average, 100,115; runs, 82,080; average, 74,381.

DARROW TAX DEBT AN ERROR.

Mistake in County Treasurer's Office Causes the Lawyer to Be Assessed Twice—Paid Once.

A protest from Clarence S. Darrow that he owed the county nothing for delinquent personal property taxes resulted yesterday in the discovery on the books of the County Treasurer that he had been doubly assessed, had paid his taxes once, and that the claim of $14.75 which was in the hands of the clerks for collection was invalid.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

Boats were scarce in the grain trade and rates held firm at 2½ cents for wheat to Lake Erie. Charters—To Buffalo—Cranage, wheat; Egan, corn from Manitowoc.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 19.—Coal shippers to the head of Lake Superior picked up all tonnage offered today at 75 cents, and considerable business was done at the advance. Vessel owners are holding for 80 to Lake Michigan, but 70 is the best figure that has been paid to Chicago and Milwaukee. The Escanaba ore rate was marked up five cents today and is firm at 90. Little business is being done in ore from Lake Superior ports. Charters—Ore: J. C. Gilchrist, Mecosta, Escanaba to Ohio, 90; Grover, Columbia, Escanaba to South Chicago, 60, free.

Vessel Movements.

LORAIN, O.—Cleared — Coal — Cumberland, Washburn.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Sanliac, Carpenter, Norwalk, Tyson.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—Arrived—Tampa. Cleared—Farwell, Port Huron.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Arabian, Fort William; Niko and consort. Cleared—Ketchum.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Arrived—Peck. Cleared—Victory, Constitution, Escanaba; Marion, Manistee.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—McWilliams. Cleared—Coal—Volunteer, Duluth; Oceanic, Hancock. Light—Saturn, Duluth.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Cleared—Clyde, Amboy, Tonawanda; J. W. Moore, Cleveland. Arrived—Cobb, Kallyra, Waldo, Wallace.

TWO HARBORS, Minn.—Arrived—Corsica, Norton, Rensselaer. Cleared—Superior City, La Salle, Curry, Cambria, Gates, Lake Erie.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Cleared—Coal—Grecian, Superior; Omaha, Chicago; Inter Ocean, Racine. Light—Maliston, Pioneer, Duluth; Ketchum, Oscoda.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived — Albright, Alta. Cleared—Coal—Business, Marquette; Iron King, Iron Queen, Milwaukee; Edwards, Escanaba. Light—Lagonda, Duluth; Pope, Escanaba.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Maxwell, Brainard, Franconia, Cormorant, Norris, Twin Sisters, Russell, Linn, Hundred and Twenty-six. Cleared—Colgate, Hundred and Thirty-one, ore, Cleveland.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Cleared—Forbes, McLachlan, Santiago, Appomattox, Wawatam, Fayette Brown, Iroquois, Folsom, Mitchell, Lake Erie ports; Harvey Brown, Milwaukee; Carnegie, South Chicago.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Arrived—Vail, Baltic, Wolf, Packer, Orion, Wright. Cleared—Captain Wilson, Christopher, Duluth; Armenia, Manchester, Britannic, grain, Buffalo; Merida, Columbia, Escanaba.

HARBOR BEACH, Mich.—Sheltered—Atlantis, Seattle, Pease, Planet, Pauly, Corry, Chamberlain, Pendell, Melvina, Leuty, Bottsford, Gardner, Sicken, Whitney, Mecosta, Lambton, Schuette.

The following boats left this afternoon: Nipigon and consort, Cherokee and consort, Monohansett, Law, Argonaut, Hull, Flint, Lincoln, Robinson.

STURGEON BAY, Wis.—Down—Georgia, 10 Monday night; S. M. Stephenson, 2:30 a. m.; Leacham and consorts, Nelson and consorts, 6:30; Welcome, 7; Iroquois, 9; Sawyer, Wilson, 5 p. m. Up—Parks, 9:30 Monday night; Schroeder, 1 a. m.; Ann Arbor, 1:30; Hilton, 7 p. m.; Rand, 2; Chipman, 2:30; I. Watson, Stephenson, 4; Gill, 7.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR—Arrived—Joliet, Australia, Emory Owen, Wells, John Mitchell, Amasonas, Reynolds, Wyanza, Bermuda, Lambton, Neosho, Wallula, Wallace, Tasmania, Tacoma, Bacon, Progress, John M. Hutchinson, Mack, Northern Wave, Defiance. Cleared—Onoko, Lake Erie; coal; Mahoning, Codorus, Buffalo, flour; Senator, Heffelfinger, Bangor, Buffalo, grain; George Orr, Depot Harbor, grain; Hopkins, Ogarita, Lake Erie, lumber.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—C. W. Elphicke, Ravenscraig, 10:15 last night; Westcott, 11; Morley, 12:20 a. m.; Christie, 1:30; Case, 3:30; Hebard and consorts, 6; Alfred Mitchell, 6:30; Arthur Orr, 7; Frost, 8, Schlesinger, 9; Massachusetts, 11:15; Tuscarora, noon; Denver, 5 p. m.; New Orleans, Germanic and consorts, Argonaut, 7; Kalkaska and consorts, 7:20. Down—Worthington and consorts, 12:20 a. m.; Wissahickon, 1:40; Ionia, 2; Lycoming, 2:10; St. Paul, 4:40; Presley and consort, 7:30; Livingstone, 10; Fay and consorts, 11:30; Martin and consort, 4 p. m. Wind northeast, seven miles, cloudy.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—V. H. Ketchum, 10:30 last night; George Peabody, 1:30 a. m.; Vulcan, Shaw, 5:40; Yosemite, 6:30; Eber Ward, 7; Yakima, 8; German and whaleback, 9:30; Nielson, 11:30; Santa Maria, Wayne, Traverse, Buell, 12:30 p. m.; Steinbrenner, 6; William Brown, 8. Down—Bannockburn, Algonquin, 9:30 last night; Sevona, 10; Selwyn Eddy, 11; Fearless, midnight; Fitzgerald, Hutchinson, 5; Athabasca, 8:40; Warren, Keith, Pawnee, Orton, Young, 9:40; Pratt, Athens, Iron Age, Ashland, 10; Stafford, McWilliams, Olympia, Smith, noon; Arizona, Scotia, Plymouth, Gogebic, Biwabik, Prentice, Halsted, Middlesex, 1:40 p. m.; Cartagena, Pretoria, Mills, Chesotah, Rappahannock, Granada, 3; Street, Lozen, Godfrey, 4; Harper, Yukon, Wade, Panther, 4:30.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—C. H. Green and consorts, 9:10 last night; Lindsay and barge, 9:30; Minnesota, Ewen, 10:20; Mohawk, Merrimac, Vega, 12:15 a. m.; Baldwin and barges, 1:15; Marshall, Tilden, 1:40; Shores and consorts, Fairbairn, 2:50; Yale, 3; Iron Chief (cleared), 3:30; Frontenac, Gilchrist (steel), 4; Adriatic, 4; Garfield, Hall, 4:30; Ira H. Owen, 5; George King and consorts, 8:20; Pope, 8:30; Iron Duke, Case, 9:10; James, 10:40; Niagara, 12:10 p. m.; Black, 12:30; Flint, 1:10; Maryland, 4:30; Flagg, Warriner, 4:50; Susquehanna, 5:10; Ed Smith and barges, 5:30; Prewett, 6:10; Lansing, Magnetic, 7:30; Chicago, 8:10. Down—Pueblo, 9:30 last night; Boston, 9:40; McDougal, Maia, 10; Concord, Ketchum, 12:40 a. m.; Norway, 4:20; Armour, 5:30; Spartan, 6:20; Phenix, 8:30; Owego, 10:10; Devereux, 10:30; Northern King, Rounds (sailed), Berlin, 11; Mohegan, Mingo, 11:10; Murphy, 11:20; Marisa, Nicol, 11:50; Neshoto, Centurion, 1:30 p. m.; Bielman, 1:50; Falcon, 2:10; Marquette, 2:30; Spalding, Auburn, New York and barge, 3:40; Olmick, 4:10; Chemung, Naples, 4:30; Penobscot, 4:40; Rose and barges, Linden, 5:40; Ralph, Harold, 6:30; Wotan (arrived 6:10, Wyandotte (wood), 7:30; Runnells, 7:40; Queen City, Manda, 8:10; Thomas Palmer, Samoa, 8:30.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Merchandise—

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1901.

They Did Not Know How to Spell.

One hundred students at the Northwestern University have been turned back to the spelling school. This is a humiliation they would have escaped if they or their teachers had recognized the importance of the spelling book. The head of the English department at the university has a wholesome belief in the value of correct spelling. He will not let any student enter his classes so long as his knowledge of orthography is incomplete. It would be well if the heads of departments in other institutions where the higher learning is taught were to prescribe the same rule of admission to their classes. If they were to do so the number of persons in their classes would dwindle for a time, but the result would be excellent. It is true that to learn to spell correctly requires time and patience, but this branch of study is worth all the time which ought to be spent on it, for the person who makes mistakes in his spelling is always looked on as something of an ignoramus by those who notice his mistakes. People who do not wish to be laughed at will make themselves masters of the spelling book.

The Elevated Road Accidents.

The fog certainly was dense yesterday morning, but there should not have been so many serious accidents on the Chicago elevated roads as there were. One person was killed, about twenty were badly hurt, and a number got slight cuts or bruises. This is an unnecessary record. The managers of these roads say that there are certain precautions against accidents when running trains in a fog which surface roads can take but which elevated roads cannot take. Doubtless this is the case, but there is one precaution which all roads, whether they are above or are on the ground, can adopt. That is to run more slowly—to have the trains feel their way along if necessary. This means slow time and the disarrangement of schedules. It means delay and inconvenience to persons who have been looking for the customary rapid transit. But it is better that passengers should be delayed and inconvenienced than that they should be killed or injured. When the managers of the elevated roads got up yesterday morning and saw how thick the fog was they doubtless gave instructions to employés to be extremely careful and to pay less attention to running time than to the safety of passengers. It is difficult to believe that there would have been any serious accidents if the instructions had been more emphatic and specific than they actually were. If the motormen had been told to crawl along where the fog was so dense they could see only a few feet ahead the passengers would have scolded, but they would have been safe.

Let the Tariff Entirely Alone.

Senator Mitchell of Oregon says he is opposed to revising the tariff at this time. While admitting that there doubtless are some instances in which the duties should be lowered or entirely taken off, he says that in his judgment "nothing Congress could do would tend so strongly to discourage business affairs and to interfere with the good business conditions now prevailing throughout the country" as to take up the tariff and try to mend it. This is precisely what business-men think and what THE TRIBUNE has said. The defects of the tariff are less harmful than an attempt to remove them would be. If this subject were once taken up for the exclusive purpose of improving the iron and steel schedule, industries interested in other schedules would insist that something be done for them. The leather manufacturers would like to see hides put on the free list. The woolen manufacturers would like to see the duties on wool lowered. The owners of American sheep would like to see these duties raised and would demand that this be done if the tariff were to be overhauled. The sugar trust, which is always active and influential when tariff legislation is being considered, would work the wires to get the duty taken off raw sugar and the easily collected revenues given up. If Congress, governed by the spirit of evil, should take up the tariff question there would be lobbying for higher duties here and lower duties there, and manufacturers and importers would have to stand and mark time till they knew what the outcome of the turmoil and the strife was to be. To attempt to revise the tariff is to put the brake on the wheels of the chariot of prosperity.

The Gas Company Offers a Compromise.

Last year the State Board of Equalization fixed the fair cash value of the $22,698,000 of capital stock of the People's Gas Light and Coke company at $19,228,000. The bonded indebtedness of the company, which amounts to $34,476,000, was not assessed at all. The fair cash value of the tangible property of the corporation was returned by the local assessors at $17,079,000. As the excess in value of capital stock over tangible property was $2,250,000 the company was required to pay taxes on one-fifth of this, or $450,000, on account of capital stock. Its total assessed valuation for purposes of taxation was $3,328,000. The State Board of Equalization has been ordered to correct in the case of the gas company and some other corporations the faulty assessment it made last year. Two of these corporations, not wishing to have their assessments raised one dollar, have gone to the federal courts for relief. The gas company has not done this. Its representative at Springfield is willing to compromise on an increase of its assessed valuation on account of capital stock and bonded indebtedness from $450,000 to $2,000,000. This would mean the payment of additional taxes to the amount of about $90,000. It is something gained when a corporation instead of fighting to the bitter end offers to compromise. Whether this compromise offered by the gas company is one the State board can accept is not determined yet, but that company certainly is showing a more tractable spirit than the Union Traction company.

DAIRIES AND INSPECTIONS.

Assistant State Food Commissioner Patterson, in his report on the condition of the dairies and creameries that supply Chicago with milk and butter, has probably destroyed the illusion with which many people are afflicted on the subject of the sweetness, freshness, and cleanness of things made in the country. Mr. Patterson deserves, therefore, the honor which is rightly due to those who deliver the people from their superstitions. His account of stale milk, moldy vats, greasy faucets, and decayed flooring brings the country from the realm of fancy to the realm of fact, from Arcadia to Freeport. Some country creameries are apparently neither "bucolic" nor "idyllic." They are simply dirty and unwholesome.

Hygienic surroundings are often much more difficult to obtain in the country than in the city. The country has no system of sewerage, and cleanliness is, therefore, to be secured only by an extraordinary amount of care and labor. In the city all the facilities for the clean and wholesome manufacture of food products are close at hand. It is true that these facilities are often neglected and people have come to assume that anything made in town must be made in the midst of dust, smoke, and other varieties of filth. This assumption is to a large extent warranted by the facts, but if country factories were compared in general with city factories it is almost certain that the latter would be found to comply much more strictly with the spirit of recent hygienic legislation.

The remedy which Mr. Patterson suggests for the evils he discovered is, of course, inspection. Persons who violate the law are to be brought sharply to time by inspectors clothed with the proper authority. This may be the only plan at present feasible, and yet one may be allowed to express some alarm at the frequency with which the cry of "More Inspection" is now raised. Every day brings forth additional demands for the sovereign remedy. The Humane society finds certain unsanitary stables and calls for "inspection." The Woman's club takes a peep at the sweat shops and echoes "inspection." The labor unions discover violations of labor laws in factories and cry for "inspection." The Municipal league notices that the Chicago atmosphere is largely cinders, and will be satisfied with nothing but "inspection." The street cleaning needs "inspection." Garbage removal needs "inspection." All the State institutions need "inspection." So do the institutions belonging to the county. There is enough "inspecting" now on hand to keep a large part of the population of the city in the inspection business for several months.

But inspection, to be efficacious, must be continuous. So it may be necessary to organise an official inspecting bureaucracy of the most appalling proportions. The adequate enforcement of present laws, so many of which are far in advance of public opinion, would require a vast army of inspectors thoroughly drilled to their work. These inspectors would have to be both capable and incorruptible. Worst of all, as has been noticed, they would have to be exceedingly numerous.

The constant complaint is that at present, owing to the want of inspection, the laws are disregarded. If this complaint receives the answer which it requests and an attempt is made to supply the inspection demanded the State will be brought face to face with a problem which will tax its administrative resources to the utmost. It will be no easy matter to inspect the whole modern industrial world. Yet this is what the cry for more inspection really leads to. It is a disquieting reflection that the laws under which we live cannot be enforced except by means of this tremendous inspecting machinery. It would seem as if the real cause of the difficulty lay somewhere farther below the surface.

THE DELINQUENT PARENTS.

A few days ago the officers of the Chicago Bureau of Charities, in discussing the question of delinquent children, called attention to what they considered the primary cause of the whole trouble. The parents, they said, not the boys, are to blame. This may seem at first nothing more than a truism. Few persons dissent from the orthodox belief that as the twig is bent so is the tree inclined. Home training has always been regarded as the most effective part of a boy's education either for good or for evil. But what is meant by the Bureau of Charities is that this fact, which is almost obvious, demands more than comment. It can be made the basis of future action, for it makes it plain that punishing and overseeing the boys is not enough.

Measures must be taken to affect the parents. Shiftless parents, who drift through life without a thought of their responsibilities, and who allow their children to do as they please; uneducated foreign parents who have not yet learned that a child is something more than a source of income; and overindulgent parents, often in the higher walks of life, who allow their boys to run wild—all these, thinks the Bureau of Charities, would be proper objects of official investigation. The evil should be attacked at its source.

Now there comes from New York a complaint of a somewhat similar kind. In a report to the Charity Organization society the Committee on Dependent Children, after showing by repeated instances that fully half of the cases of dependency among children are caused by desertion on the part of the father, expresses the opinion that desertion, instead of being treated as a peccadillo, which means nothing but three or four months on Blackwell's Island, should be made a felony, punishable by at least a year's imprisonment, during which the value of the man's labor should be turned over to his wife and children.

There is much to be said for the proposed change. The evil which it attempts to correct is almost as prevalent here as in New York. Especially as winter draws on men begin to leave their families and to make provision for their own comfort without any thought of the persons dependent upon them. It is true that what seems like desertion is often the emigration of the workman to some other city from which he sends his family his wages. But even if such cases be deducted from the aggregate of desertions, that aggregate still remains unnaturally large.

Perhaps it may be said that increased severity of punishment would do little to decrease the number of such incidents. But that argument would logically mean a lightening of the heavy penalties which are now assigned to many crimes no more heinous than desertion of child and wife. At present wife desertion is about on a level with college hazing as far as the penalty is concerned. There is an inappropriateness about this.

It is to be hoped that both New York and Chicago will be able to deal with this question adequately. Neglect of duty toward one's family is a legitimate cause for State intervention, and intervention of a cautious and judicious kind will soon have a noticeable effect upon the docket of Judge Tuthill's court.

TAMMANY'S ANNUAL INCOME.

The New York World, after giving a detailed account of Tammany's sources of income, arrives at the conclusion that the stake involved in the recent struggle amounted to at least an annual $20,000,000.

This estimate is borne out by the long enumeration of the "shake downs" which Tammany devised and executed. The promotion of police officers; their transfer from one part of the city to another; the opening of gambling-houses, disorderly houses, and poolrooms; the maintaining of the same; the moving of the same from one location to another; the issuing of building permits; the inspection of factories; the inspection of smoke; the renting of the city dump grounds; the regulation of "offensive trades"; the inspection of milk, butter, and other food products, and of everything else that could be inspected—these are only illustrations of the sources of Tammany profits. The multiplicity of laws was of great service to the Tiger, and the principle of procedure was that any violation of any law could be used as a means of exacting money from the violator. Therefore, the more laws the more money, and one reaches the curious conclusion that good legislation in plentiful quantities was to the advantage of Tammany.

For instance, the law against cumbering the sidewalks was extremely useful when merchants found it necessary to have barrels in front of their places of business. And the law against peddlers came in handily when the pushcart men wished to exhibit their wares. There were few things a man could do in which he did not involve himself in some kind of official regulation, and Tammany was always ready to extricate him—if he did the right thing.

As Tammany's illicit revenue was so great it is no wonder that it fought hard to retain that revenue. If it had not collected so much and had not charged in every direction "all the traffic would bear" it would have had a better chance of remaining in power. It could not content itself with moderate blackmail and so lost everything.

TAXATION IN FRANCE.

The large and increasing deficit in the French revenues can be met only by cutting down expenses or by imposing new taxes. The better plan of the two is to spend less, but that seems to be impracticable. It is hard for any government to retrench. It is peculiarly difficult for a democratic government to do so. Therefore, French legislators are seeking after something which is not now taxed, so as to squeeze some revenue out of it. It is agreed that existing taxes if raised will produce no more revenue.

This search has resulted in the suggestion that taxes be levied on gardens, on books, and on furniture. It is proposed that a specific tax be levied on every piano and every wardrobe provided with a mirror. The latter is a piece of furniture found in almost every house.

There is not one of these taxes against which a protest has not been raised. The book publishers say that a tax of 4 cents on every book will ruin their trade by making the cheaper books too dear for the public to buy. It is said that if gardens are taxed they will cease to exist, for only the extremely rich will be able to have them. As for the furniture tax, it is easy to imagine what a stir it will create in a country where taxes are collected when imposed.

During the Napoleonic wars Englishmen were taxed until the government took in one way or another nearly nine-tenths of their yearly earnings. Today when France has no war on hand it is taxed almost up to the point beyond which taxation cannot be carried without becoming destructive. Yet the voters of France, while objecting to new taxes, never protest against the military, naval, and other expenditures which leave no choice between increased taxation and national bankruptcy.

TOO MUCH SPORT.

In the November Nineteenth Century Mr. G. Shaw-Lefevre, in an account of a visit to the Argentine Republic, discusses the prospects of British trade in that country. At present British capital and British business-men hold a position of great prominence. All the railways are owned and managed by British companies, and a large proportion of the tramways, telephone lines, and electric lighting concerns are in British hands. The banks and the loan companies are founded on British capital, and, finally, the resident British have established such a reputation for honesty and veracity that "Palabra Inglesa" is used commonly to indicate a promise which is sure to be fulfilled.

Of late years, however, British interests have suffered serious reverses. The Americans have stolen the trade in wire fencing, steel windmills, electric machinery, and several other manufactures of a similar kind, while the Germans have made some highly successful raids into the foreign commerce of the country. The Englishmen, meanwhile, as Mr. Shaw-Lefevre complains, are still educated in public schools and universities where they get little commercial training, and come out to Argentina with no knowledge of any language but their own, with an impregnable contempt for "foreigners," and with a notion that "life is largely to be devoted to games of cricket, football, golf, and polo."

Thus it appears that as the devotion of British officers to golf and cricket interferes with the successful prosecution of the war in South Africa, so the devotion of British civilians to these same games interferes with British commercial interests in South America. Apparently the love of "sport" is so intense among young Englishmen as to stand in the way of their winning victories in war and in trade.

THE INFLUENZA GERM IS HERE.

The vigilant Health department says there is a marked increase in the number of influenza germs in Chicago. Whence these odious germs come and what attraction they discover in Chicago the department does not explain. Perhaps it does not know. It is not responsible for this germ invasion. It can do nothing to keep them out. It is as impossible to quarantine against germs as it is against ideas. All the department can do is to keep its eyes always at the microscope and cry out to the people to beware of the germ.

It is not enough to tell Chicagoans that the foe is at the gate. They should be told how to get the better of that foe. When there are typhoid germs in the water Chicagoans are told to boil it. Boiled germs are harmless. Doubtless the influenza germs would be if they were boiled. But the air one breathes cannot be handled like the water one drinks.

All the advice the doctors have to give is: "There is only one thing for people to do and that is to take good care of themselves and not let themselves run down." This may be expanded into the statement that he who drinks and eats enough, but not too much, who does not dissipate, who works and exercises moderately, but does not overdo—who avoids everything which should be avoided and does everything which should be done—is not likely to be seriously molested by the grip microbe.

It is easy for the doctors to say all this. It is not so easy for a layman to live up to it. Many will find it less trouble to defy the influenza germ than to be eternally taking precautions, feeling their pulses, and shuddering when they sneeze. A man never can be sure whether he is running down or is just lazy. If a man who believes he is running down could wind himself up as if he were a clock all would be well. But a doctor has to be called in to do the winding up and he charges for his services.

So perhaps what the doctors mean by their advice about fighting germs is that all through the coming winter whenever a Chicagoan coughs, sneezes, or has a tiny ache in his bones, he shall send posthaste for a physician to tell him that he has not taken good care of himself, has run down, and must be wound up at the regular rates.

MARY E. WILKINS may have wanted to find out in advance what kind of congratulatory notices the papers would print.

THE feeling of gratification a holdup victim has when the footpad fails to get the larger wad concealed in the other pocket should never lead him to boast of it for publication.

DOUBTLESS a large proportion of the milk is unwholesome on account of not having been previously boiled.

THE bad boys have been trying to find some of that "alcohol candy," but with poor success thus far.

KANSAS soil still supports countless millions of prairie dogs, but the other inhabitants appear to be growing tired of them.

ON Jackson day, Jan. 8, at New Haven, Conn., Editor Bryan will lift up his voice and weep over the prosperity of the country, and the Yale students, we trust, will not disturb the solemnities.

BACKERS of the Hon. Gus Ruhlin probably consider the Hon. Jim Jeffries' conduct at San Francisco the other evening highly reprehensible.

AT the proper time Boss Croker will select another political draft horse and try to make a racer of the animal.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., is boasting of the fact that it uses eighty carloads of eggs a year, besides what its own hens produce. What a frightful amount of nogg Los Angeles must consume!

UNDER another name, and with a suitable disguise, there may be a future for G. Ruhlin as a scrub football player.

THE Hon. Bill Neece, ex-statesman, is now raising blooded cattle, and is the possessor of one of the finest herds in central Illinois. His health is tolerable, like, and he feels right peart.

FOGS in London may be black, but in Chicago they take on a red tinge.

"DR." DOWIE is suffering from an aggravated case of brother-in-law.

NOTWITHSTANDING the circumstances that Uncle Sam's boys are the "worst in the world," he manages to raise some first-class men.

DON'T jeer at Inventor Gathmann. Think what the failure of his gun means to him.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Plucked from the Burning.

"This new revivalist that is working with such singular success—didn't you say he used to be a prizefighter or something of the kind?"

"Worse than that. He used to be a bear on 'change."

His Versatility.

"Sardou is the author of a great many plays, is he not?"

"O, yes—eventually."

In the Market Place.

"I suppose you know where you'll get it about Thanksgiving time?" said the oyster.

"I can see your finish, anyhow," replied the turkey. "You'll be in my midst."

Wrong Shop.

New Floorwalker (in department store)—"What are you looking for, sir?"

Customer—"Small adze."

Floorwalker—"We have no newspaper department. Next street north."

Overdid It.

"You remember Bingley, who bought a house on each side of his own dwelling, so he could choose his own neighbors?"

"Yes. What of him?"

"Well, he fitted up those houses elegantly and rented them to first-class tenants, and they won't associate with him at all because he's merely a landlord."

Shying Off.

She—"How odd! That lecturer says blondes should marry brunettes, and vice versa. You're a decided blonde, you know."

He—"I suppose so. You're a blonde, too, aren't you?"

She—"O, no! I'm a pronounced brunette."

He (in terror)—"Now, Miss De Muir, you can never make me believe that your creamy complexion and golden hair are—er—not natural."

PERSONALS.

William J. Bryan will be the principal speaker at the Jackson day banquet in New Haven, Conn., on Jan. 8.

The Buller Memorial committee of Devonshire, England, of which the Mayor of Exeter is chairman, has issued an appeal for shilling subscriptions for a memorial to General Buller.

Lyman D. Goff, a wealthy manufacturer of Pawtucket, R. I., will build a fine clubhouse for boys, between the ages of 5 and 15, who are in the habit of making the streets their homes.

Miss Drexel of Philadelphia, now Mother Katherine, has built for St. Patrick's Catholic Church at Carlisle, Pa., a building costing $30,000. It is intended to accommodate the increasing number of Catholic pupils at the Carlisle Indian School.

When the Shah returned to Persia after his recent visit to Paris he once more buried himself within the walls of his palace, like his ancestors. His subjects, however, have had a chance to see him occasionally on his automobile, which he purchased in Paris.

A grandson of Daniel O'Connell has lost his life in south Africa. He had served as a local trooper and as one of the Commander-in-Chief's bodyguard, but his time had expired and he was about to return to civil pursuits when he was drowned while attempting to cross a rapid stream.

The German Emperor has decided to send a celebrated German painter to the coronation of King Edward and Queen Alexandra, in order that he may paint a picture of the ceremony. There are to be two copies of the picture, one of which will be presented to the King by the Emperor, while the other one will be placed among the pictures in the gallery of the new palace at Potsdam.

He Had His Reasons.

An officer in one of the English volunteer regiments, who had made himself exceedingly unpopular with the men, was coming home one evening when he slipped and fell into deep water. He was rescued with great difficulty by a private in his own regiment.

The officer was profuse in his expressions of gratitude and asked his preserver how he could reward him.

"The best way," said the soldier, "is to say nothing about it."

"But why?" asked the officer in amazement.

"Because," was the blunt reply, "if the other fellows knew I'd pulled you out they'd chuck me in."—Youth's Companion

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

WEATHER FOR TODAY.

Damp and stormy.

JAGUAR.

JAMES A. HARRIS of Peoria must be working on a three-volume romance. He has been asleep since Nov. 7, and all efforts to waken him have been fruitless.

IMPORTANT! After the treaty was signed Secretary Hay wiped the pen on his hair, which is the Secretary's personal property.

"I CAME to this country to study and be quiet," says Princess Sophia Bamba Dhuleep Singh. We fear the daughter of the East got off at the wrong station.

THE ghost walks in the Aragon mine at Norway, Mich., but the men won't work. The trouble is, it's a real ghost.

BUFFALO'S suspended City Treasurer has not yet sent a check for $30,000 "to cover possible mistakes."

A GENTLEMAN RUBE.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Richardson have been visiting in Athens for the last week, and are now guests of his brother, Mr. W. N., at Quid Nunc. Rube has quit the road and will lead the life of a gentleman from this time forward.—Alabama Courier.

WHILE the Council is about it, why not push Cap Streeter south of Thirty-ninth street? The Cap is something of a fertilising establishment.

"Compelled to do double duty."

ALL women are liars in a courtroom, says a New York magistrate. This is unkind, and, we sincerely hope, untrue.

AN advocate of the New Housekeeping for New Women recommends that as much housework be done away from home as possible. The housework stunt that we should like to see done away from home is the sweeping.

The Book Booster.

Chats with Authors.

RECORDED BY MR. CRITICUS FLUB-DUBBE.

Chat I.—With Miss Romanta Drule.

SCENE: A Reception Room in the Mansion of Mr. Archibald Drule. Time: A November Afternoon.

Discovered, Miss Romanta Drule, the literary daughter. She is a bright-faced young lady of 16, and she makes a pretty picture as she stands beside a table at a sunlit window, arranging some roses in a vase. To her enters Mr. Criticus Flub-Dubbe.

Miss Drule (cordially, as she gives him her hand): I am so glad to meet you, Mr. Dubbe. I have heard so much of you.

Mr. Dubbe (plunging at once into his subject): Do you invent your plots by daylight, Miss Drule, or do you dream them?

Miss Drule (coloring): You are not going to make fun of me, I hope.

Mr. Dubbe: I echo the hope in all sincerity.

Miss Drule: I don't think it is right to make fun of young authors, do you? (She offers him a chair.)

Mr. Dubbe (sitting): I can imagine nothing more reprehensible.

Miss Drule (confidentially): Then I will tell you; I dream every one of my novels.

Mr. Dubbe: I suspected it.

Miss Drule (quickly): Why?

Mr. Dubbe: Was it not Wordsworth who said:

"Dreams, books, are each a world, and books, we know,
Are a substantial world, both pure and good?"

Miss Drule: I hardly know what I should do without my dream book.

Mr. Dubbe: Ah! You employ such?

Miss Drule: Professor Zeno's great work, "The Author's Dream Book." You know of it, of course.

Mr. Dubbe: I never heard of it.

Miss Drule: Why, I supposed he advertised in The Book Booster.

Mr. Dubbe (making a memorandum): He probably will.

Miss Drule: I am sure he ought to.

Mr. Dubbe: Are your dreams nebulous, or of considerable density?

Miss Drule: Nebulous, as a rule, and of as unliterary a character as you can imagine. For example, I dreamed last night that I was riding bareback at the horse show and jumping through a hoop of fire. Consulting my dream book, I found that this meant a marriage between a dark man and a blonde woman. There are two such characters in my book, and now, you see, I know what to do with them.

Mr. Dubbe: I see. Tell me, what is the interpretation of this dream, which I had last night? I was standing on the Wells street bridge throwing silver dollars into the river. Instead of sinking they floated down in the current.

Miss Drule (thinking): Let me see—that would come under water—yes, and metals. My dream book is up-stairs. Shall I get it?

Mr. Dubbe: Pray do not take the trouble. I thought you might remember without. (Rising.) Thank you for a dreamy quarter-hour, Miss Drule.

Miss Drule: It was so good of you to come.

Mr. Dubbe: I am equally good at going. [Exit Mr. Dubbe.]

(27)

BISHOP FITZGERALD of St. Louis is criticised because he plays chess. But who ever heard of a game of chess without a bishop in it?

NIKOLA FOURFLUSHA, the Wizard, has taken out a few more wireless telegraphy patents. They are also patented in Mars.

HEREAFTER "A Voice from Zion" must pay first-class postage. This will necessitate another collection.

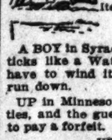
THE 100 students at Northwestern University that can't spell probably know all about football.

MR. GINGER is ahead in the race for the affections of Miss Sauerbier of Blue Island. Ginger popped early.

CALL UP DR. SINGH.

Sophia Bamba Dhuleep Singh—
Ting-a-ling-a-ling-a-ling—
When you get your M. D. scrip,
We'll arrange to catch the grip.

STILL, Mr. President, if it's a very cold night and a souphouse is hard by, there's no great harm in steering a beggar into it.



PROPERTY TAKES A BRACE.

Mechanicsburg is showing wonderful improvement this year. Property of all kinds is being braced up.—Mechanicsburg (O.) Item.

A BOY in Syracuse, N. Y., has a brain that ticks like a Waterbury watch. He doesn't have to wind it up and he never feels all run down.

UP in Minnesota they have smallpox parties, and the guests that don't catch it have to pay a forfeit.

UPPER CRUST.

Frank Reese took his best girl to the pie supper at Zion on Friday night.—Kinmundy (Ill.) Express-Journal.

IT is believed that Governor Jeff Davis of Arkansas was armed with a Gathmann gun.

THERE is always something doing when the Social Economics club gets together.

IN Trenton, Mo., they speak of the well-dressed women as "smartly set up."

HOW to avoid the grip: Stand on the curb until the cable train has gone by.

FURS are all the rage in Paris. The excitement, in fact, amounts to a fur-or.

HERE'S the limit in incorporated clubs—the "Lakeview Concertina club."

TO Ottawa's new Mayor: Beware the Greeks bearing highballs!

THE Social Economics are born knockers.

B. L. T.

"Speaking of the Chinese exclusion act," said Captain John K. Ramsey of the Commissary department, U. S. A., who has recently returned from the Philippines, "Bret Harte is not the only man who has discovered that for ways that are dark and tricks that are vain the heathen Chinee is peculiar.

"If you want further testimony along the same line you might ask any member of the War Correspondents' Mess, which flourished in Manila year or two ago.

"The mess was formed when half a dozen correspondents, who had been scattered all

WITH HIS LITTLE MARKET BASKET ON HIS ARM.

over the islands got together in Manila and settled down for the time to wait for developments and remittances from home.

"After they had rented a house the next thing which presented itself was the question of the necessary food supplies, and as the best method of solving this problem they naturally applied themselves to the Commissary department of the army. At that time the Commissary department was not as wise as it is now, and, after the proper application was made, a general letter was issued by the chief of staff in charge of the commissary depots to the 'War Correspondents' Mess, authorizing the bearer of the letter to buy supplies as needed at any of the depots at the prices charged to the army, which were about 400 per cent less than those prevailing in the regular market. A can of salmon, for instance, was sold to the army at about 20 cents, when in the open market it would bring 80 cents or even a dollar. Everything else was in the same proportion. Outside of caribou beef no fresh meat was to be bought in Manila, except that which was imported from Australia for the use of the army. It was sold to the army at about the same prices which prevail in the United States. An outsider who bought it was forced to pay an advance of several hundred per cent.

"For several days after the war correspondents had established their mess and got their letter to the Commissary department they were without a cook. The only offers they had were from Chinos, who wanted at least twice as much a month as they were willing to pay.

"Finally a Chino boy appeared who presented the best of references and was willing to work for $10 a month, 'Mex.' As his letters showed, he had been a cook for several years on Uncle Sam's warships. At one time he had even served Admiral Dewey. He had left the service in Manila because his brother was in business there and he wanted to be near him. That was also the reason why he was willing to work for less than half the market price. He simply wanted to get started and was quite willing to leave it to the good judgment of his employers to raise his wages to a proper figure after he had demonstrated his abilities.

"For a long time the War Correspondents' Mess was simply delighted with their discovery in the cook line. Never did a lot of men get better meals at a more reasonable price. 'Mr. Gunther,' which was the name given to their Chino, relieved them of all trouble. Every morning he left the mess' quarters with his little market basket on his arm, and with equal regularity he returned shortly before the luncheon hour with the basket filled to overflowing. 'Mr. Gunther' never bothered them about what they should have to eat. When the time came for meals he was always ready with a repast which would tempt an epicure.

"Two members of the War Correspondents' Mess were ordered home by their papers, leaving only four men to divide the expense, and they were seized with a sudden at

THE BUFFALO CART WAS FILLED.

of economy. A council of war was held, and it was decided that the best plan would be to break up the mess and allow its four members to scatter themselves among the other messes. But 'Mr. Gunther' would hear of nothing of the kind. He allowed that he was too much attached to the mess to allow it to be broken up on a mere question of dollars and cents. He would do his work for half what he had been getting and he would further agree to cut down the expenses of the mess to a point where they would not be felt by anybody.

"The members of the mess were so touched by this proof of 'Mr. Gunther's' devotion that they kept up their mess, principally to avoid hurting the Chino's feelings. They flattered themselves that they had discovered at least one yellow man who knew what gratitude was, and who was smart enough to recognize a lot of good fellows when he ran across them.

"Matters ran along this way for several months. The war correspondents lived on the fat of the land, at a cost to them which was astonishingly small. Finally it happened that an officer connected with the Commissary department, and who was at the same time well acquainted with the War Correspondents' Mess, was loitering around one of the commissary depots when 'Mr. Gunther' came in to make his daily purchases. He was accompanied by a couple of Chino boys, each of whom carried a couple of huge market baskets, and he bought enough fresh beef and canned vegetables to supply a full company for a week.

"Half by way of joke and half because he was beginning to be suspicious the army officer wrote a note to a member of the mess and asked him how many men there were now feeding—sixty-five or a hundred and ten.

"Explanations followed, and it was agreed that when 'Mr. Gunther' started out the next morning one of the war correspondents should follow him. The correspondents, however, were a unit in believing that it was high treason to even suspect 'Mr. Gunther' of crookedness. He had amply proved that he was entirely devoted to the members of the mess, and they were fully prepared to stand by him.

"'Mr. Gunther' left the mess at his regular time, with his little white market basket on his arm. Two blocks away a couple of Chinos were waiting for him. A block further down the street a big cart, drawn by a water buffalo, was drawn up. When 'Mr. Gunther' was sighted the driver of the cart-boo cart followed in his wake. 'Mr. Gunther' went into the first commissary depot on his route, followed by the two Chinos, who presently came out staggering under the weight of two huge baskets each. A little later the guileless 'Gunther' spread the first layer of supplies in the bottom of his basket.

"The Chinos deposited their load in the cart drawn by the water buffalo and proceeded to follow 'Mr. Gunther' on his visit to the second commissary depot, where the same performance was repeated. Altogether six commissary departments were visited and at each a large quantity of supplies were bought. By the time the trip was over the buffalo cart was filled to overflowing and 'Mr. Gunther's' own little basket was comfortably filled.

"Then the cook of the War Correspondents' Mess started quietly back to the house. The two Chinos disappeared and the loaded buffalo cart was driven away in the direction of down-town Manila. It stopped first at the restaurant conducted by 'Mr. Gunther's' dearly beloved brother and unloaded supplies which would have cost in open market five times what he had paid for them. Other supplies were discharged at restaurants which were afterwards found to be owned and managed by other of 'Mr. Gunther's' numerous relations. Altogether it developed that for several months 'Mr. Gunther' had been furnishing a number of the most successful restaurants in Manila with their supplies of fresh meats and canned goods of all kinds at rates which enabled them to easily undersell their most enterprising rivals and at the same time make a handsome profit.

"The war correspondents and their friend in the Commissary department had a further conference, and it was agreed that it would be idle to attempt to make 'Mr. Gunther' disgorge any part of his ill-gotten gains. He was simply discharged, taking his disgrace with true Oriental stoicism, and immediately afterwards appearing as manager of the restaurant which had hitherto been conducted by his 'brother.' The correspondents had more than a strong suspicion that 'Mr. Gunther' was himself the real proprietor of this and of several other Chinese restaurants in the city. At any rate, when they went afterwards to eat at any of the places in which he was interested he always received them with effusive politeness, which was only natural, as they had really made his fortune.

"As a result of this discovery the issuing of general letters of introduction to the men in charge of the commissary depots was cut off, and, as the people who went over a few months ago discovered, it is extremely hard at present to get anything in the shape of supplies at less than the regular market rates."

MUTTON AS A MOTOR.

Green, the English historian, one day asked a friend which of all the inventions of their day had done the most for the people as a whole. His friend guessed this and that, but the answer was:

"Beyond doubt, sixpenny photographs."

A reply involving quite as great an absurdity as that was made by Cecil Rhodes in answer to a lady who, seeking to draw him out, suggested that he owed his phenomenal rise to the impetus of noble sentiments.

"Madam," returned Mr. Rhodes, "I owe my fortune simply and solely to cold mutton."

"Cold mutton!" gasped the lady. "O, Mr. Rhodes, what do you mean?"

"When I was young," continued the south African millionaire, "I was so dosed with cold mutton, and I hated it so cordially, that I resolved to grow rich in order to put it on one side for the rest of my life. Yes, madam, cold mutton was at the root of my success, noble sentiments had nothing to do with it."—Youth's Companion.

NEGOTIATIONS STILL PENDING.

John Dunn has charge of the wrestling bouts which are a part of the nightly entertainment at a theater in the Bowery. The wrestler who meets all comers is Michael Pardello. The proprietor of a theater in a country town called on Pardello the other day. He wished to secure the wrestler as an attraction.

"How much you pay, eh?" asked Pardello.

"Well," was the reply, "I'll play you for a purse or a percentage of the receipts."

"How big a house? How many peep?"

"O, thousands. When we had Henry Irving we turned 500 away."

"He beeg-a man. You tell Henry Irv I wrestle beem two fall-a. De winna take all de mon."

Dunn says the final arrangements have not been made.—New York Times.

How They Managed.

Grimes—"They say the Wickams lead a regular cat-and-dog life."

Barnes—"Scrapping all the time?"

Grimes—"Not at all. A cat-and-dog life is not so bad, properly regulated. There never should be but one of them at home at the same time. That's the way the Wickams work it."—Boston Transcript.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD

RUNNELLS-JACKSON AND WALSH-BABCOCK WEDDINGS TODAY.

Former Ceremony Will Take Place at Noon in St. James' Episcopal Church, at the Latter at the Residence of the Bride's Parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Walsh, in Calumet Avenue—Coming Out Receptions—Subscription Dance at the Woman's Athletic Club.

Two interesting weddings today share the attention of the social world. At noon at St. James' Episcopal Church, at Cass and Huron streets, Miss Lucy Runnells will be married to Mr. Albert Atlee Jackson of Philadelphia. The invitations are mostly for the ceremony, as the breakfast to be served at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Runnells, in North State street, is for the bridal party and relatives.

The other is an evening ceremony, the marriage of Miss Ellen Walsh to Mr. Orville Babcock. It will take place at 8 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Walsh of 2133 Calumet avenue. Only a small company of guests will witness the ceremony, but a reception for a large number will be held afterward.

Yesterday's largest social event was the reception at the residence of Mr. Clarence A. Burley of 254 Dearborn avenue, which introduced his daughter, Miss Ruth Burley, and her friend, Miss Marion McEwen of Evanston. The hours were from 4 till 6 o'clock. Both girls were gowned in white mousseline de sole and were presented by Miss Blodgett of Waukegan, Miss Burley's aunt. Assisting in entertaining were:

Miss Julia Masters,	Miss Ethel King

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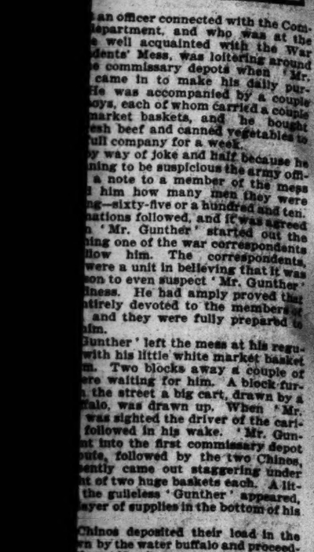

Mrs. Russell Tyson of 205 Goethe street gave a luncheon yesterday for Miss Lucy Runnells. In the afternoon Miss Peasley of 1208 Huron street gave a tea for the entire bridal party.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Hewitt of North State street gave a dinner last evening for Count and Countess Wachmeister.

Mrs. William Cuthbertson of 171 Forty-seventh street, gave a luncheon yesterday for Mrs. Galesburg.

Mrs. [illegible] Burke of 212 Goethe street [illegible] yesterday.

[illegible] gave a luncheon yesterday for Miss Jaskel.

[illegible] at 10 o'clock at All Souls' Church, Twenty-fifth and Wallace streets, the wedding of Miss Kittie Emmett and Mr. James Mahoney will take place at 10 o'clock, the Rev. Father Gillian officiating. Miss Emmett will be the maid of honor and Mr. Thomas Clark the best man. After Jan. 1 Mr. and Mrs. Mahoney will be at home at 174 South Homan avenue.

The Sheridan club has sent out invitations to the opening ball on Wednesday evening, Nov. 27. Mr. Thomas J. Kinsella and Mr. Thomas J. Byrne are the Reception committee.

INDIANA AVENUE RESIDENTS OPPOSE ST. LUKE'S SOCIETY

Row with Health Department in Fight Against Institution Seeking a Hospital License.

Attorney Brode B. Davis has been retained by residents of Indiana avenue to aid Assistant City Prosecutor Emerich of the Health department in his fight against the St. Luke's Society Hospital, at 1712 Indiana avenue. The case will come up before Justice Gibbons on Friday.

Erskine M. Phelps of 1708 Indiana avenue, C. D. Peacock of 1718 Indiana avenue, Murry Nelson of 1823 Indiana avenue, and Dr. E. C. Dudley of 1619 Indiana avenue, have joined in a petition to the Health department against the issuance of a hospital license to the society.

The petition declares that the society conducts a hospital for the treatment of patients suffering from the liquor and morphine habit. It states also:

"That the method of conducting and operating this hospital from the nature of the ailments treated therein, has been and must of necessity be a nuisance in law; that patients suffering from alcoholism are daily carried up the front stairs of the hospital by the attendants, many of such patients being incapacitated to the point of helplessness, while others are suffering from delirium tremens, and after being overpowered by the attendants are carried screaming, cursing, and struggling up the stairs into the hospital; that frequently patients suffering from delirium tremens have run screaming about the neighborhood."

The allegations are denied, and it is asserted that some of the barriers patients frequently break out of the windows, one patient having been killed recently in this way.

The hospital is not the same as St. Luke's Hospital, which is three blocks distant.

SAVED BY HIS MOTHER'S KISS.

Edward Ryan, Sentenced to Ten Months for Theft, Released by Judge Kavanagh.

A mother's kiss yesterday saved Edward Ryan from serving ten months in the House of Correction. The young man had been found guilty in Judge Kavanagh's court of theft. As the prisoner was being taken from the room his aged mother called to him, and, turning about, Ryan walked over to the woman, who put her arms about him and kissed him.

"Never mind, mother. It won't be long until I'm out again," he said, but the mother cried in spite of the smiles with which she tried to cheer her.

Then the young man was led away, and the mother went out of the courtroom. Later Judge Kavanagh sent for young Ryan. The face was not smiling when he returned, but his mother was not there and there was no one to cheer.

"You are guilty of this theft," said the court, "but you have shown yourself to be a man. Any one who will suppress his own sorrow to cheer his mother is not a criminal at heart. Sign a bond for your good behavior and go home to your mother. See that you don't cause her any more trouble."

The bond was signed and the young man released. He had been accused, with two others, of taking a peanut slot machine from the doorway at 256 Campbell avenue.

How to Tell the Genuine.

The signature of E. W. Grove appears on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine, the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

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The other is an evening ceremony, the marriage of Miss Edna Walsh to Mr. Orrville C. Babcock. It will take place at 8 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Walsh, at 3123 Calumet avenue. Only a small company of guests will witness the ceremonies, but a reception for a larger number is to be held afterward.

Yesterday's largest social event was the luncheon at the residence of Mr. Clarence A. Burley of 304 Dearborn avenue, which included her friend, Miss Marion McEwen of Waukegan. The hours were from 4 till 7 o'clock. Both girls were gowned in white [illegible] de soie and were presented by Mrs. Blodgett of Waukegan, Miss Burley's aunt, assisting in entertaining were:

Miss Julia Masters,	Miss Ethel King,
Miss Nanette Thomas,	Miss Elise Chew,
Miss [illegible]	Miss Indie Gardiner,
Miss [illegible] McMurray,	Miss Fanny Caruthers,
Miss [illegible] Burke,	Miss Amy Waller,
Miss [illegible] Street,	Miss Helen Webster,
Miss Juliet Goodrich.	Miss Clark of Boston.

Following the reception Miss Blodgett gave a supper and a young people's dance. Miss Burley and Miss McEwen will receive on Mondays, Jan. 1 and 27.

At the coming out reception of Miss Grace Collins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lorin C. Collins of 4 Tower court, on next Saturday afternoon, Mrs. Collins will be assisted in receiving by Dr. Sarah Hackett Stevenson, Mrs. Horatio G. Stone, Mrs. Ralph Marlin, Mrs. Harold C. Beckar, Mrs. [illegible] Shaw, Mrs. Frederick H. Rose, and Mrs. Barrett Wendell. Miss Carl H. Reed and Mrs. Arthur Watkins of Denver. The [illegible] assisting will be:

Miss [illegible] Potter,	Miss Kathryn Bayley,
Miss [illegible] Wheaton,	Miss Florence Hunn,
Miss [illegible] Wheaton,	Miss Jean Kitchener,
Miss [illegible] Wheaton,	Miss Ellen Chew,
Miss [illegible] Wilson,	Miss Nannine Thomasson
Miss [illegible] Wilson,	The Misses Stearns.

After the reception there will be a dinner and a young people's dance.

The first subscription dances to be announced this season are a series of three to be given at the Woman's Athletic club. The [illegible] tank in the gymnasium will be [illegible] as a stage in Venice, with picturesque features, and about this and in the hall on the top floor the dancing will be. There will be a supper, and the decorations will be lavish. The patronesses of the dances are:

Mrs. B. G. Selfridge,	Mrs. John J. Mitchell,
Mrs. Wirt Dexter,	Mrs. Philip B. Hoyt,
Mrs. Perry Shonts,	Mrs. Charles T. Boal,
Mrs. Lawrence Heyworth,	Mrs. Edw. N. Breitung,
Mrs. Potter R. Linn,	Mrs. W. Vernon Booth.
Mrs. Jesse R. Lyon,	

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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PRINCE ARTHUR OF CONNAUGHT'S departure for the seat of war in south Africa for the purpose of doing duty with his regiment in the field against the Boers deserves more notice than it has received. For it is desired to prove to the public that there is no foundation for the protests which have been published with regard to the appointment of the Duke of Connaught to the command of the army corps in Ireland on the ground that, being a royal Prince, he would be debarred from retaining the command of his corps, if ordered off on active service.

The Duke only accepted the command in question on the understanding that he assumed the full responsibilities of the post whether in time of peace or war, irrespective of his membership of the reigning house and of his being in line of succession to two thrones—namely: those of Great Britain and of Coburg-Gotha, and he has induced his brother, the King, to allow him to send out his only son to the seat of war, not as a staff officer, but as a mere cavalry subaltern, in order to put an end to the popular belief which prevails in England that royal Princes are barred from sharing the risks of actual warfare.

It is evident that the Duke of Connaught would not have taken this step of sending out his son to south Africa unless he had felt strongly, indeed, upon the subject. For Africa is for some reason or another particularly fatal to royal Princes and to their kinsfolk. The Prince Imperial of France was killed in south Africa, and Queen Victoria lost her grandson, Prince Christian Victor of Schleswig-Holstein, in the Transvaal, and her son-in-law, Prince Henry of Battenberg, on the west coast of Africa.

Prince Arthur is, however, the first actual royal English Prince to go out to south Africa to the seat of war. For Prince Christian Victor of Schleswig-Holstein, although a grandson of the Queen and the Duke of Teck and his two brothers, were German Princes and only related to the English royal family.

The Duke of Connaught himself took part in the Egyptian war of 1882 and in the battle of Tel-El-Kebr, where he commanded the Guards' Brigade. It is on record that his presence was a source of terrible anxiety to the Commander-in-Chief, Lord Wolseley, who, being aware of the pluck of the Duke and of his eagerness to share the perils of the soldiers under his command, was in dread throughout the battle lest anything untoward should happen to this the favorite son of Queen Victoria.

The Duke of Cambridge, now quite an old man, commanded the brigade of guards in the Crimean war, where he won a lasting name for himself for gallantry carried to the point of recklessness. But with these exceptions no English Prince has taken part in any foreign war since the days when King George II. led the English cavalry charge in person at the battle of Dettingen.

Dr. Kuyper, the present Premier of Holland, is a Calvinist pastor of the most orthodox type, his principles and prejudices as such being tempered in a measure by a regard for the practical side of life, which comes to him presumably by reason of his Swiss origin. He was not brought up for the church, but, after a literary career, and ascribes his abandonment of the latter, and his entrance into holy orders, to the influence exercised upon him by Miss Yonge's "Heir of Redclyffe," a book which seems to have made a profound impression upon him.

Dr. Kuyper is a Puritan and a Calvinist of the type of the seventeenth century, and, like Calvin, who was a republican theoretically and practically a theocrat, would like to transform Holland into a theocracy. He looks on Calvinism as the source and guarantee of the national system and holds that the principal duty of the government is to maintain religion and to compel obedience to its practices—for example, the due observance of the Sabbath, etc. I may add that he attributes what he describes as the "present national degeneration" of the English people to the influence which Darwinism has obtained over them.

Lord Dartmouth's nomination by the King to a membership of the Royal Commission on Historical Manuscripts serves to recall the fact that his country place, Woodsome Hall, which for nearly three centuries has been in the possession of his family, contains, like Glamis Castle, the ancestral home of Lord Strathmore, a room that has been locked for some 200 years, and which is kept shut for the purpose of preventing "Simon's ghost" from haunting the grand old Tudor mansion.

At one time Woodsome Hall was the home of the Hon. Susan Legge, sister of the Lord Dartmouth of her day. She is reported to have ruled her household, including her brother, the Earl, with a rod of iron. She relented, however, according to tradition towards a favorite servant, one Simon Jenkins, the butler. One morning, to the consternation of Miss Susan and of the entire household, he was found dead, hanging by a rope to a hook in the wall of the Hon. Susan's boudoir.

Whether his was a case of the pangs of despised love or what else, will never be known. But after the Coroner's inquest had sat upon him and he had been buried, as required by the law of those days, at the crossing of two high roads, with a stone on his face and a stake through his breast, the Hon. Susan called the household together and addressed all as follows: "You all of you know that Simon was a worthy servant and did his duty well. I was fond of him and much regret his loss. But I should not care to see him again in the flesh, walking as they say suicides do; so then if any one of you shall see him walking about any of my corridors I dinny you notice that he or she shall quit my service."

So saying, Miss Susan stalked out of the room, dancing, she had laid poor Simon's ghost forever.

But alas for human hopes.

That same night as Miss Susan had dined and taken a nap after dinner she suddenly started and screamed and pulled at the bell. In rushed all the servants from the new butler down, to know what the matter might be. They found her wild and raving. None of them dared to ask what the matter was. But suddenly she recovered her composure, and, sitting upright in her chair, in her prim and dignified way exclaimed: "Let this room be kept locked from this time forth forevermore," and with that, leaning on her gold-headed cane, she got herself out of the room.

In spite of this, the saying goes that Simon's ghost haunted the adjoining corridor of the room where he had been found dead, until one day Susan vanished mysteriously, no record of her death being found in the family archives or parish registers. Then, it is said, the Simon's ghost ceased to haunt the Woodsome Hall.

Be this as it may, the room which she ordered to be kept locked remains closed to this day, and both the family and the people of the district are firmly convinced that were it to be opened the place would be haunted once more, not only by the ghost of the suicide butler but likewise by the Hon. Susan herself.

The present Lord Dartmouth possesses the most wonderful collection of family papers, including correspondence of Pepys, of "Diary" fame, of Dean Swift, of Lord North, and of John Wesley. In particular there is one letter by Wesley, dated June 14, 1775, which begins "all my prejudices are against the Americans." It relates to the American war of independence.

M'AULIFF CASE IS DROPPED.

Woman Fails to Prosecute the Former Secretary of the Republican Marching Club.

Thomas McAuliff, former secretary of the Cook County Republican Marching club, who was arrested recently on a charge of larceny as bailee, was discharged for lack of prosecution by Justice Chost in the Warren avenue police court yesterday. The alleged retention of jewelry valued at $800, said to have been intrusted to him by Mrs. J. D. Touhey, 1020 Lyman avenue, Oak Park, was the offense charged. Mrs. Touhey is the wife of an official of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad.

NEW TRAIN TO NEW YORK.

The New York State Special.

Boston and the East, via the Michigan Central, leaves Chicago 5:30 p. m. daily, arrives Buffalo 7:50 a. m. next day, New York 8:45 p. m., Boston 11:30 p. m., with through sleeping and dining cars. City ticket office, 119 Adams street, Chicago.

Waltham Watches.

"The Signs of the Times."

"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

A Powerful Story.

"The Marrow of Tradition." By Charles W. Chestnutt. Houghton, Mifflin & Co.

"It is a great problem, Miller, the future of your race," said Dr. Burns, "a tremendously interesting problem. It is a serial story which we are all reading, and which grows in vital interest with each successive installment. It is not only your problem but ours. The race must come up or drag ours down."

"We shall come up," declared Miller; "slowly and painfully, perhaps, but we shall win our way. If our race had made as much progress everywhere as they have in Wellington the problem would be well on the way toward solution."

"Wellington?" exclaimed Dr. Burns. "That's where I'm going. A Dr. Price of Wellington has sent for me to perform an operation on a child's throat. Do you know Dr. Price?"

"Quite well," replied Miller. "He's a friend of mine."

"So much the better. I shall want you to assist me. I read in the Medical Gazette the other day an account of an interesting operation of yours. I felt proud to number you among my pupils. It was a remarkable case—a rare case. I must certainly have you with me in this one."

"I shall be delighted, sir," returned Miller, "if it is agreeable to all concerned."

This incident comes near the heart of this singularly powerful story, one of the most artistic and effective stories that has lately appeared anywhere.

Dr. Burns was the distinguished surgeon of Philadelphia who had been summoned to perform a critical operation on the throat of Major Carteret's little boy, an only child, in a Southern town, known as Wellington. Dr. Miller was a young colored physician, who had studied with distinction in the best medical schools of America and Europe. His father, once a slave who had bought his own freedom, had afterward thriftily acquired considerable property. From the wealth inherited from his father young Dr. Miller had founded a hospital in his town, to which was to be added a training school for nurses, and in time perhaps a medical college and a school of pharmacy. Though strongly tempted to leave the South and seek a home and a career under freer conditions, he resolved to stay and do his work among his own people. What became of that hospital is another part of the story.

Major Carteret coming home after the war had married Olivia Merkell. His own fortune lost, with her money he had founded the Morning Chronicle, and made it the most influential journal in the State. What was the actual relationship between Major Carteret's wife and Dr. Weller's wife, that is still another part of the story.

Olivia was the daughter of Samuel Merkell, and shortly after her mother's death she had been turned over to the care of her aunt, Widow Polly Ochiltree, who turns out to be the ogre of the story. Aunt Polly would have married in the Merkell home had she not made it the absolute condition of her doing so that he should drive away the mulatto servant Julia, who had for years been housekeeper and as one of the family. "If I stays, Julia goes," insisted Aunt Polly. As Mammy Jane explained it: "Mis' Polly she r'ared an' she pitched, but Mars Sam helt on like grim death. Mis' Polly couldn't give in neither, so she finally went away." "And Julia staid?" "Julia staid, suh, an' a couple er years later her chile wuz bawn, right here in dis house."

Though the marriage had duly taken place in a neighboring State, where such a marriage was then legal, yet it had not been acknowledged. At the death of Mr. Merkell a few years later Aunt Polly had managed to get hold of both the will and the marriage acknowledgment, and had driven the young mother and her child from the house. Not long after the outcast mother died of hardship and a broken heart.

"And the child?"

"One er de No'the'n w'ite lady teachers at de mission school tuck a likin' to little Janet, an' put her thoo school, an' den sent her off t'er de No'the'n w'ite folks' schoolteacher. W'en she come back, 'stead er teacher, she ma'ied ole Adam Miller's son."

"The rich stevedore's son, Mr. Miller?"

"Yes, suh, dat's de man—you knows 'im. Dis yer boy wuz jes' gwine 'way for ter study ter be a doctur, an' he ma'ied dis Janet, an' tuck her away wid him to Europe, er somewhere er'r other, an' come back las' year an' sta'ted dis yer hospital an' school fer ter train de black gals fer nurses."

Meanwhile Major Carteret had been busy with his paper, doing his utmost to champion the "white man's government" scheme and to work up the anti-negro sentiment. In this a "Captain" McBane, a brutal wretch who had grown rich by means of convict labor contracts with the government, and who would never speak of a negro but as a "damned nigger," was an essential figure in the local campaign for "white supremacy."

When Dr. Burns reached the home of Major Carteret to perform the operation the Major persistently refused to allow the presence of Dr. Miller, although all the other doctors wished him to come in.

Then there follows a sufficiently fascinating variety of complications, some of love affairs and other more tragical. Old Polly Ochiltree is found one night the victim of murder and robbery. Sandy, a most faithful negro, is arrested under suspicious circumstances. The mob crowds about the jail, prepared to hang and to burn. At the last moment the mystery is cleared up and Sandy is allowed to go free. It was a white renegade who had done the devilry.

But the quiet which followed was only the lull before the storm. One "damn nigger" after another is singled out as getting too prominent in the business and affairs of the town. "Inquiries are made about the colored doctor with the hospital. A good word is spoken for him, as a negro who doesn't meddle with politics nor tread on any one's toes; who spends money in the community and contributes to the general prosperity. "That sort of nigger, though, sets a bad example," retorts McBane. "They make it all the harder to keep the rest of 'em down."

It would not be fair to quote further from the book. The tale is one of great power. It is also one which appeals to every one in the present state of the negro, North and South. Mr. Chestnutt has colored blood in his veins. He frequently contributes to the best magazines, and his mastery of English is at times surprising.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given.

	Age.
John Jonyak, Anna Jindracek	21—21
Elmer Owen, Emma Wett	27—19
Charles Krack, Angela Bentener	31—24
Harry E. Tebbett, Nerva L. Hardy	31—26
Albert W. Pearson, Florence Ruble, Anna C.	40—35
Schroeder of Carpentersville, Ill.	24—18
James Mahoney Jr., Kittie Emmett	25—23
Frank E. Haggart, Cora M. Purnden	29—23
Frank Lustig of Chicago Heights, Ill., Mary Koebel	40—24
Fred C. Barker of Hopkinton, Ia., Elsa Van Swearingen	31—24
Albert A. Jackson of Philadelphia, Pa., Lucy Runnells	34—27
August J. Fiski of Milwaukee, Wis., Emma Schreier of same	30—22
Harry C. Dibble, Georgia M. Henderson	21—18
Anton Krol, Agata Caupta	27—19
James V. Jindra, Anna B. Chvatal	24—22
Stanislaus M. Bystrzynski of La Salle, Ill., Martha Sindelar	26—24
John Lewandowski, Franciszka Zywert	24—20
Joseph Brostio, Frances Beplinska	29—19
Albert J. Sayers, Mabel J. Penfield	23—21
John Konwinski, Mary Szielmach	24—19
Reinder de Boer, Minnie Kneubel	35—25
George D. Smith, Nancy A. Carson	31—28
Arthur Johnston, Lillian Niedam	30—30
William M. Bauer, Lizzie Schminnes	17—16
Kazmiers Marcinkas, Antonina Olejniczak	21—20
Josef Franc, Julia Novak	21—19
Perdice W. Edison of Lorain, O., Lizzie A. Muir	20—20
William Dobersen, Emily K. Bohlman	30—25
William H. Kraemer, Louisa E. Scharringhausen	25—22
Charles W. Tress, Theresa Boller	25—21
John Stanitis, Domiceile Balciunite	23—22
Robert Schaefer, Julia R. De Tamble	24—21
William C. Kuhlman, Mary Cleary	24—21
Michael F. Lardner, Annie Maroney	26—22
John Dyer, Katie Murphy	25—22
Jacob W. Kool, Alice Felthouse	29—22
Henry Hasschild, Ida Rose	33—29
Hugh Floyd, Clara Davis	24—24
Hugo C. Burdi, Martha Kirchoff	24—24
Edward R. Will, Ida Homister	23—20
Fred Cohrs, Anna Schwarzer	20—20
Joseph Steffeck, Aibine Nemicek	21—20
William F. Cook, Mary Keeley	20—20
Eddie G. Brooks, Margaret E. McComb	25—23
Louis Herman, Maie Jost	27—27
Don E. Wilson, Martha M. Gorsuch	23—21
Frank Nangasi, Rose Hentz	22—20
Peter Walschergt, Agnes Bartch	22—20
Louis Wagge, Janette G. Miller	24—20
Jan Foremsky, Mary Stazyk	21—21
James Reidy, Margaret Aylward	29—20
Theodor A. Sederquist, Minnie Linne	26—20
Maurice F. Fitzgerald of Milwaukee, Wis., Hattie Kaul of same	22—21
Kyle K. Pierce, Belle Smith	23—21
Carl A. Engelhardt, Ida Stenzel	30—24
Thomas Kiley, Fannie Holland	30—24
Leon Walker, Lena Haben	24—21
William K. Dinsmore, Lizzie Potter	45—35
Ernest E. Sherman of Nora Springs, Ia., Frances M. Moore of same	25—23
John Jacoby, Annie Mether	23—19
Edward Boll of Thayer, Ind., Annie Papke	28—18
George E. Eichhorn, Mary M. Berger	23—23
Oswald Zoellner, Augusta Streloff	24—21
Nathaniel H. McKenzie, Martha Caval	22—21
William Meyer, Louise Hirsecorn	24—22
John J. O'Leary, Marie O'Donnell	26—20
Stephan Roeschlein, Therese Fleischmann	25—25
Joseph Rodter, Lizzie Henderson	20—19
Charles J. Schmidt of Milwaukee, Wis., Rachel Gilhus	27—20

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the Building Department yesterday, reported by Dwight O'Donnell & Duer, 1-story brick addition, 668 37th-st. $ 1,000

William L. De Beck, 3-story brick apartment building, 4744-46 Indiana-av. 10,000

William L. De Beck, 3-story brick apartment building, 8220-22 Michigan-av. 10,000

C. A. Carlson, three 3-story brick apartment buildings, 4350-58 Champlain-av. and 573-87 49th-st. 50,000

Charles Schalek, 2-story frame flat, 10053 Forest. 1,000

Charles Holmes, 2-story brick apartment building, 2205-10 Prairie-av. 18,000

Sarah E. Hendricks, 1½-story frame cottage, 6221 Ashland-av. 1,500

Sanitary Laundry Co., 1-story brick addition, 167 38th-st. 2,000

A. R. Stone, two 2-story brick residences, 2734-2736 Lincoln-st. 6,000

W. F. Hoffman, 1½-story brick residence, 2084 N. Central Park-av. 4,000

Miles Downey, 2-story brick flat, 1363 N. Mozart-st. 2,500

Fred Walder, 1¼-story frame cottage, 206 W. Fletcher-st. 1,000

A. Brisch, two 2-story brick dwellings, 458-460 Flournoy-st. 10,000

St. Ignatius College, 3-story brick school, 654-60 W. 13th-st. 15,000

Zins E. Carter, 2-story brick barn, 886 Trumbull-av. 3,000

Hoffman Bros., 2-story brick addition, 1117-19 W. Monroe-st. 3,000

Joseph Moravec, 3-story brick addition, 840 W. 19th-st. 4,000

Mrs. M. K. Pushman, five 2-story brick flats, 2208-2206 Congress-st. 15,000

Hull House association, 3-story brick apartment building, 343-51 Halsted-st. 25,000

S. T. Gunderson, four 1¼-story brick cottages, 2368-74 Lexington-st. 8,000

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:

Gray's Coal Mining company, Springfield; capital, $50,000; mining coal; incorporators, Thomas R. Gray, Angeline Gray, and James W. Jefferson.

The Northwestern Car company, Chicago; capital, $6,000; manufacturing receptacles; incorporators, Martin Harfield, Samuel S. Hess, and Aaron T. Coyle.

The Ideal Laundry company, Peoria; capital, $5,000; general laundry business; incorporators, Charles P. Alberson, Addis A. Eastman, and Walter H. Foster.

The Bible House, Chicago; capital, $10,000; printing and publishing; incorporators, Herman Frank, Herbert L. Friedman, and E. C. Fitch.

The Little Fort Social and Athletic club, Waukegan; social and athletic; incorporators, Charles Bramley, Matthew Rechtenhwald, and Patrick Kilbane.

The Lake View Concertina club, Chicago; musical and social purposes; incorporators, Otto Swinke, Charles Runge, and John Dittmann.

The Commercial and Home Loan association, located in East Orange, N. J., with a capital stock of $50,000, is licensed to transact business in Illinois with a State capital of $1,000.

The Monticello Electric Light company, located in Monticello, certifies to an increase in capital stock from $10,000 to $20,000.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

THE WISE MAN OR WOMAN WILL SELECT for the loved one's Christmas a gift that will give the most pleasure and at the same time prove a good investment. A diamond ring, brooch, or pendant fills the bill. Diamonds will increase in value at least 20% in 1902. Come early before the crowds. Your credit is good if your intentions are good.

LOFTIS BROS. & CO.,
Diamonds—Jewelry,
Columbus Memorial Building.
103 State-st.
Open evenings.

CLAPP & COWL, JEWELERS, 68 WASHINGton-st. Est. 1863. Diamonds, watches, silverware, etc.; prices lower than any house; full value paid diamonds, gold, duplicate wedding presents; responsible parties only.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY; EASY payments; wholesale price. Marquardt & Scott Co., 419 Champlain Bldg., State and Madison; send for catalogue.

SPOT CASH PAID FOR DIAMONDS, OLD gold, and silver; will call, confidentially. BRUNT & CO., Room 812, 97 S. Washington-st.

STRELITZ BROS., WHOLESALE JEWELERS. DIAMONDS, WATCHES; EASY PAYMENTS. 167 DEARBORN-ST., SECOND FLOOR.

HONEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR OLD GOLD and silver. DEE & CO., refiners, 67 Washington.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COUNTY OF COOK, ss. People ex. rel the Auditor vs. The Globe Savings Bank. In the Circuit Court of Cook County, general number 170,880. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance with the terms of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause on April 19, 1899, the undersigned as Receiver of the Globe Savings Bank now offers for sale the premises known as the west one-half (W. ½) of the northeast one-quarter (N. E. ¼) of Section six (6), Township one (1), North Range Thirty-eight (38) east of the Boise Meridian in Bingham County, Idaho. The undersigned, as receiver, has obtained an offer of $800, being at the rate of $10 an acre, for said real estate, payable as follows: $400 cash, $125 on or before Nov. 1st, 1902, $150 on or before Nov. 1st, 1903, and $125 on or before Nov. 1st, 1904, with interest on the deferred payments at the rate of seven per cent (7%) per annum, payable annually. This receiver hereby gives notice that unless a higher or better bid is received before Monday, December 2d, 1901, this receiver will report said bid to the Circuit Court of said county and ask that an order of sale be entered on said bid. CHICAGO TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY, Receiver of the Globe Savings Bank, by Frank G. Gardner.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

ANDREWS, 246 S. STATE-ST.

We have moved and must have goods. Will buy them at your own figures, so get out your evening and street gowns, furs, and old jewelry, and send for us.

H. STARR, 472 S. STATE-ST., PAYS THE HIGHest prices for ladies' and gents' castoff clothing, especially evening dresses, dinner gowns, sealskins, and opera coats. Orders by mail or telephone 2912 Calumet will receive prompt attention.

H. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's cast-off clothing.

FEYERHOFF, 626 W. CONGRESS-ST., PAYS highest price for gents' cast-off clothing.

AUTOMOBILES.

FOR SALE—OVERLAND 5 H.-P. GASOLINE road wagon, run 6 months, $300. Also engines and all supplies for building automobiles. T. J. DASEY CO., 160 Washington-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—MONDAY, ON S. HALSTED ELECTRIC car or at Van Buren and Clark-sts., black seal purse containing money and La Grange, Ill., train ticket. Reward for return to J. H. Watrous, 143 S. Monroe-st.

LOST—MONDAY, BROOCH, LARGE BLUE stone, gold band, beaded edge. Return 630 Fullerton-av. Reward.

LOST—SMALL GUN METAL WATCH, TUES. Rush-st. Return to 410 Ontario-st.; reward.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—WILL MR. C. E. BROWN, WHO formerly rented barn at 4406 Champlain-av. communicate with Mr. H. T. Herrick, 3952 44th-st., concerning libel suit brought against Herrick?

PERSONAL—AN OLD FRIEND WOULD LIKE to know present address of Miss Fannie Davenport, formerly of St. Louis. X K 8821, Tribune.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—
THOUSANDS OF SALARIED PEOPLE and families in moderate circumstances do their trading with us on "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stock everything worn by men, women, and children or used to furnish a home complete from parlor to kitchen. Beautifully decorated chinaware given away with all purchases amounting to $2 or over. Established in 1866. E. BROWER & CO., 3d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

PERSONAL—LIBERAL REWARD WILL BE paid for any information leading to the discovery of the present whereabouts, or death, of William C. Wright, son of Albert M. and Catherine Wright of Kurskin, Woodford County, Illinois. Last heard from in 1899, when he was 18 years of age, and lived at that time at No. 3908 Wentworth-av., Chicago. All papers please copy. WILBUR WRIGHT, Eureka, Illinois.

PERSONAL—HIGH-CLASS FURS, SEAL, MINK, Persians, and other garments; remodeling and repairing our specialty. We manufacture to order everything in the line of fur wearing apparel. Our goods are guaranteed. Be sure and see us. DAVID BECKER & CO.

Formerly of Marshall Field & Co., 90 Wabash-av., corner Washington-st. Telephone Cent. 2549.

PERSONAL—THE BEST PIECE OF PERSONAL business you can do this week is to open a charge account with Loftis Bros. & Co., 103 State-st. You will be ready then to select your diamonds, watches, and jewelry for Christmas. No money required—if your intentions are good your credit is good. Open evenings.

PERSONAL—"GOOD SENSE" BEAUTIFYING, according to Mme. Gui Vivo's "Good Sense" ideas. Facial treatments, scalp treatments, egg shampoos. Creme Marquise 35 cents; complexion soaps, 25 cents. MME. M. E. FRANCIS, 26 Washington-st., city.

PERSONAL — UNREDEEMED DIAMONDS, watches, and jewelry at half price of jewelers' retail prices, compare yourself, at

THE BAUMAN LOAN CO.,
150 S. Clark-st.

PERSONAL—MANICURING,
FACIAL AND SCALP TREATMENT,
LADIES!
GENTLEMEN!
MME. BARTONE,
Suite 522, 263-269 Dearborn.

PERSONAL—VITALITY RESTORED WITHOUT medicine—if you have tried drugs, you know they fail. Electricity, MEDISH Mud Baths, magnetism, and osteopathy scientifically applied by expert operators. 100% Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—SKIN DISEASES CURED OR money refunded; eczema or any skin disease cured to stay cured. Send for booklet. The P. F. F. Remedy Co., 719-167 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

PERSONAL—BUY WHEAT AND CORN ON present condition; present prices look cheap; send for our book, "Successful Speculation," free. H. POORMAN & CO., "Traders' Bible," Chicago.

PERSONAL—FINE FUR AND SEAL GARments to order, remodeled; ready-made garments to select from; low expenses guarantees low prices. L. Schoenfeld, 107 Wabash-av., 2d floor, room 213.

PERSONAL—EXPORT TO SPANISH-SPEAKing countries. Information and translation of letters of inquiry free of charge. Export advertising. JAS. FRENCH, 1210 Room 66 Harrison Bldg.

PERSONAL—DUPLEX INHALER—THE BEST; it cures; see them at Buck & Rayner's, corner La Salle and Madison, and People's Drug Store, corner Clark and Monroe.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts, birthmarks; 12 years' experience; 7 years in present office; indorsed by prominent physicians. MME. JANES, 378 Wabash-av., room 66 Harrison Bldg.

PERSONAL — MILLINERY — FUR SETS. French novelty jewelry; Chicago agency for the genuine world famed "Connelly" Turbans. MAISON NOUVELLE, 310 Wabash-av., Auditorium Bl.

PERSONAL—LAURA CONOLLY, 1200 AUDITORium Tower, will instruct ladies in facial and scalp treatment; assisted by reputable physician.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed by elect

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED high-grade office manager, organizer, auditor, and expert accountant of superior business attainments and executive ability; indefatigable worker; possessing a rare capacity to enforce discipline with harmony and economical results; incomparable health and vitality; matchless credentials and city references. L 345, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, CASHier, collector, general office man, etc.; Remington operator; energetic young man (23), good address; capable, experienced hustler; any hours. Address R 107, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED, married man; is competent bookkeeper and account; excellent references; salary $25. Address R 109, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF 20, 4 years as shipping clerk, good marker and packer; $8. Address R 116, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER AND office man, experienced in all the details of iron and machy.; mfg. line. R 138, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY REGISTERED pharmacist; city references. R 135, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERT MAIL order correspondent. Address L 358, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — R. R. RATE CLERK; first-class. Address L 235, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFICE ASSISTANT, addressing, copying, etc. R 117, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, 18, as clerk; first-class references. R 129, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—THOROUGHLY COMpetent, energetic Southern man, wide acquaintance in South, will be open for proposition as sales-manager or representative in the section Dec. 1; only first-class concerns considered. L 304, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED, reliable salesman. Address R 108, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ENGINEER AND electrician, who had charge of other work and electric light plant, as chief engineer and superintendent for last 7 years; strictly temperate and steady; 33 years old. Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS GENERAL FOREman or shop superintendent, in mechanical or electrical plant; experienced and up to date in manufacturing. A1 refs. R 118, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—ARTIST OF EXCEPTIONAL ABILITY DESIRES COMMERCIAL WORK. ADDRESS R 200, TRIBUNE OFFICE.

SITUATION WANTED—AS MECHANICAL draftsman; technical education. R 126, Tribune.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE young colored man in a first-class family to do cooking and housework or houseman or general all around man; care of horses, etc.; best city references. Address R 212, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — COOK, FIRST-CLASS, by Japanese; experienced in private family, restaurants; will leave city. Address 4029 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED Japanese as butler or houseman; first-class city refs. Address R 119, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GOOD HOUSEman; residence; good refs. H K 279, Tribune.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN; UNDERstands furnace and all work in or about house; good references; sober and willing in any capacity. Address R 157, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG ENGLISHman as coachman or houseman; good references. Address OLIVER TUCKER, 5118 Lake-av.

SITUATION WANTED — AS COACHMAN, MARried; no family; A1 city ref. R 122, Tribune.

Manufacturing Property.

SITUATIONS WANTED — BY MAN AND WIFE, as engineer and first-class cook; town or country. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st.

SITUATION WANTED — FOR MEN, ALL lines. Stroup's Bureau, 199 Clark. Tel. Cen. 1305.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER and general office man; rapid and accurate; reasonable salary. Address R 103, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, AS OFfice stenographer; experienced; city references; salary moderate. Address R 113, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, STENOG. and typewriter; beginner; $8; references. Address R 171, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF 21; stenographer and office man; excellent city references. H 145, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN STENOGrapher, beginner; $6 per week. R 151, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED JANItor in a first-class apartment bldg.; understand steam and boilers; also as night engine for elevator service. Address 218 E. 60th-st. Ref. American School of Correspondence, Rand-McNally Bldg.

SITUATION WANTED—AS FOREMAN, FLOORwalker, timekeeper, collector, or assist real estate manager, by young man; good references; bond if required. Address R 110, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG GERman, age 19; good education, fine manners; few months in U. S.; wishes to learn the trade. H. DOSKOCIL, 6304 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATION WANTED—ALL AROUND MAN AT most any kind of work. J. L. A., 2787 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COLORED MAN, cooking, waiting, janitor, or general work; city ref. Address R 102, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. ASSIST. JANItor; modern flat preferred. 583 Belden-av.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO TEND furnace, morning and evening. R 104, Tribune.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

NOTICE—THE KENTUCKY-BRED TROTTING, road, and family mare Lauretta S., that recently won a $150 race at Chattanooga while being driven by her owner [an invalid] and attempted to run away, can on that account be taken out of the city; to be bought for $150 cash; is at Kentucky one year ago for $900; she is a rich bay in color, 6 years old, 15¾ hands high, and weighs 1,000 pounds; is a handsome and stylish; has been used exclusively for road and family purposes; has no public record, but can show a mile in 2:18; sire by Wilkes Boy, Axtell, dam a Wilkes mare, record 2:11; she will be guaranteed to trot now in 2:20 and to be sound and free from all vices [excepting automobiles]. RICHARD BROWN, 15 Germania-pl., rear 611 La Salle-av.

TO ENCOURAGE IMMEDIATE SALE WILL sell for $150, which is less than ⅓ of her original cost; a standard bred Wilkes mare, sire Ashland Wilkes, dam Nellie. I have had her out to pasture during the summer, and since bringing her to the city, while being driven by my daughter, took fright; at the second attempt have decided to dispose of her; has no race record, but trotted when purchased; 5 years old; 15.3 hands high. Sell subject to full guarantee, which will be given in writing, and allow any reasonable trial required. Call or address MRS. GEOFFREY, coachman, private stable, 665 Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—AT PUBLIC AUCTION—$150-55 Cottage Grove-av., Thursday, Nov. 21, at 2 p. m., the entire livery outfit of A. Sorensen, consisting of 25 horses, 20 wagons, and harness; horses, wagons, and harness are all in first-class condition.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A FINE END SPRING phaeton, top nearly new, and family surrey; both may be tried and have had but little use; only selling for want of room. Apply at stable, 4030 Indiana-av.

CHEAP—2 GOOD HORSES, SUITABLE FOR FAMILY horse. 1 Vanderbilt, 1 Stanhope. Inquire 302 Michigan-av., rear.

$200 BUYS SOUND PAIR OF SEAL-BROWN, 16 hands heavy mares; weight, 2,800; city one year; cost $1,200; 6-7 years old. 3238 32d-st.

HORSES WINTERED, GRAINED, STABLED, $1.50 week; called for, delivered free. RHODES, 3714 Wabash-av. Tel. Hyde Park 1.

FOR SALE—HORSES, WAGONS, AND HARness. Inquire at 516 Center-av.

LAWYERS.

DOES ANY ONE OWE YOU ANY MONEY? We quickly collect wages, notes, rents, board bills, claims of every description, on percentage; no advance fees for our services. THE SPENCER AGENCY, 1st Nat. Bk. Washington-st. Tel. 2725 Cent.

WAGES, RENTS, NOTES, BAD DEBTS, AND all other claims collected without cost to you. Room 312, 80 Clark-st.

A. GOODRICH, LAWYER, 124 DEARBORN-ST., established 1856. LADIES' fees. Confidential, quiet service. References, 9,000 successful clients.

BANKRUPTCY AND LAW BUSINESS; EASY terms. KANE, Attorney, 501, 101 Washington-st.

SEWING MACHINES.

BUY ONLY THE ELDREDGE 8 S-THREAD, $20 to $30, or the ELDREDGE, single-thread, genuine automatic, $40 to $50; guaranteed to be the finest and highest grade sewing machine made. National Sewing Machine Co., 40 E. Jackson-blvd. M. G. GLEASON, Mgr. Machines rented and repaired reasonably. Call or phone Harrison 356.

PATENTS AND PATENT ATTORNEYS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, PATENT lawyers and solicitors, Washington, D. C. Guide book free. GEORGE E. WISSLER, Atty. Representative, Suite 409 and 410, 115 Dearborn, Chicago.

PATENTS WITHOUT FEE UNLESS SUCCESSful; consultation free. Wilkinson, Stevens & Coe, 1001 Randolph-st. Main office, Washington; est. 1864.

I WILL TELL YOU IF YOUR IDEA IS WORTH a patent; special machinery, apparatus, tools, etc., designed. H. ELOTZ, 1301 Schiller Bldg.

TYPEWRITERS.

ALL MAKES RENTED $3 PER MONTH AND sold at cost to responsible purchaser at terms to suit; write for specimen of our special bargains and get our prices. C. R. Carpenter, 160 Jackson-bd.

TYPEWRITERS — BARGAINS; STANDARD makes a specialty; machines shipped subject to trial. Typewriter Exch., 124 La Salle-st., Chicago.

DAVIS TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 185 Dearborn-st.—Machines bought, sold; rentals, $2.

TALKING MACHINES.

$9 TAKES GRAPHOPHONE AND 2 DOZEN records. Room 25, 84 E. Washington-st.

TALKING MACHINES; EASY PAYMENTS; AT cash prices. Eckland Phonog. Co., 119 Dearborn.

EVERYTHING IN TALKING MACHINES—Wholesale and retail. CARL L. LYONS, 76 5th-av.

POSTAGE STAMPS, COINS, ETC.

BEGINNERS' OUTFIT; ALBUM, STAMPS, HINGes, 67c; list free. P. WOLSIEFFER, 35 Madison.

PICTURES, FRAMES, ETC.

PICTURE FRAMES, REGILDING. F. A. BRYden & Co., 521 Wabash-av. Congress. Tel. H. 1957.

COWS, BIRDS, DOGS, ETC.

SINGING CANARIES, PARROTS, GOLDFISH, etc. Exemplar bird store, 65 State-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—FEMALE BOOKKEEPer and stenographer; young lady; 4 years' exp.; good refs. Address R 188, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, ASST. bookkeeper and office clerk, with A1 firm. Address R 188, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—D.-E. BOOKKEEPER; 10 yrs.' exp.; best ref.; $12. O 80, Tribune office.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS SECond girl in private family, clubhouse, or institution. Address MISS T. H., R. 18, 167 Washington-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY WOMAN WITH A baby, capable of all kinds of housework; excellent opportunity. COOK, 3742 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATION WANTED — HOUSEWORK OR housekeeper, where I can have a boy of 8 with me. WALKER, 6412 Ellis-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COLORED GIRL, general work, flat preferred. Address E. L., 2932 State-st., 3d flat.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO LIGHT SECOND work and sewing, or sewing and assist with children. Address R 178, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY DANISH GIRL IN small family; wages $5. Call 174 Peoria-st., 1st floor.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GIRL AS CHAMbermaid and seamstress for grown children and sew. Apply 3001 La Salle-st.

SITUATION WANTED — AS FIRST-CLASS cook, lady, in small American family. 3150 Wentworth-av., up-stairs.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COLORED GIRL, general housework; go home nights. 3407 Dearborn-st., 1st flat, rear.

SITUATION WANTED—ANY KIND OF WORK by the day, cleaning or scrubbing. E., 8430 S. Halsted, top flat, rear.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GIRL, COOK OR housework; $5; no postals. Call at 4084 Armour-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT SECond girl. Call Wednesday and Thursday, 4230 8th-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT GERman girl; general housework; reference. 4236 Oakenwald-av., Flat 2.

SITUATION WANTED—GIRL AS FIRST-CLASS cook and laundress. Apply 685 E. 43d-st., 3d flat.

SITUATION WANTED—DAY'S WORK BY COLored girl. PUSH, 315 30th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COLORED GIRL, general housework. Apply 4833 Armour-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT cook; references. Call at 417 35th-st.

SITUATION WANTED — BY GOOD COOK OR general girl. 501 Dearborn-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT WOMan as cook and laundress. 247 41st-st., 2d flat.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—A RELIABLE, EDUcated, and experienced lady, daughter of a physician and widow of a civil engineer, 44 years old, desires a permanent home in a private family as managing housekeeper in hotel or private family; nursery governess or useful companion to invalid lady; best of references; is a good housewife as managing housekeeper in hotel or private family; nursery governess or useful companion to invalid lady; best of references; is a good housewife; is a practical purchaser; 30% profit easily earned; address quick. Clarence Manor, Co., 24 Clarence, Wis.

GLUE SALESMAN—ADDRESS R 451, TRIBUNE office.

MAN—BRIGHT YOUNG MAN TO SELL GOODS in city; goods well known; liberal commission. Address F 219, Tribune office.

MAN—OF GOOD APPEARANCE, FOR CANvassing; commission. Call 511, 856, Dearborn-st.

MEN—WHO ARE NOW ENGAGED IN REPRESenting wholesale tailoring firms and have been successful in the line; the very largest wholesale tailoring concern in the United States will give such men an opportunity to earn more money than they are making at the present time; the very best sample equipment, such as woolens on consignment, swatches, etc., no expense; new branch stores will be opened without requiring investment of the salesmen; salaries guaranteed to good parties; good opening will be given this opportunity. Address T. W. NICOLL, Lock Box 529, Chicago, Ill.

MEN—$6, ACQUAINTED WITH GROCERS, ON salary to travel; entirely new method of brokerage business; all popular brands; cut prices; no samples; our men do 10 times as much as regular salesmen.

SCHUB, Fort Dearborn Bldg., Chicago.

NEW YORK MANUFACTURER WANTS GENeral agent to handle Illinois and other States on strictly salary basis; duties same as months; very little money required; worth investigating. Call on MR. GRADY, Hotel Grace, Chicago.

SALESMAN—YOUNG, ENERGETIC, AND EXperienced in handling underwear, hosiery, and handkerchiefs to represent us in Kansas City and adjoining territory; only those having established trade need apply; none others will be considered; give references and full particulars. BROWN, BURDSALL & CO., Kingston, Essex, and Tufts-sts., Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN—OUR COAL SAVING APPLIANCE cuts coal bills down one-quarter; attractive proposition to right party. Call or address, our house-owners at business address. Western Acolipyle Company, 59 Lake-st.

SALESMAN — FIRST-CLASS, WELL DRESSED, cannable of earning $125 per month; must be strictly sober. Write. Don't call. B. C. BOWEN, Great Northern.

SALESMAN—PAT. SAFETY INK WELL; self-closing, self-operating, fluproof, nonspillable; sells on sight. S. SAVAGE, 281 La Salle-av.

SALESMAN—FOR ROAD AND DISTRIBUTION of circulars; acquainted with drug trade; commission basis; permanent. O 871, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—LIVE MAN FOR OUTSIDE POSItion; permanent employment. W. BACON, Palmer House, between 10 and 12 a. m.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED CARPET SALESman to travel in Wisconsin and Iowa. Address D 533, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—FIRST-CLASS WHISKY SALESman, to sell well known brand in bond. Address R 136, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—EXCELLENT OPENING FOR real estate salesman; commission and expenses. SMITH, 1425 Unity Bldg.

SALESMAN—EDUCATED; PERMANENT POSItion; good salary to man who can secure business. JOHNSON, 412 Fisher Bldg.

SALESMEN — THE MOST COSTLY, BEAUTIful, and dainty premium ever given with Collier's Weekly. "The Passing Show," a magnificent collection of water [in drawings], by Rafaelli; handsomely executed in portfolio form; salesmen wanted all through Illinois and Wisconsin; $25 to $50 weekly easily earned. H. F. ROBINSON, 624 Rand-McNally Bldg.

SALESMEN—JOBBERS, FOR NEW 5C IMITAtion fountain pens, nickel inclosed in vulcanized fiber; unbreakable; unlimited sales; 6 dozen sample box, $1; we pay express; also advertising pipes. Clinton Specialty Co., Clinton, Ia.

SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED TOILET SOAP, who have a well-established trade; other salesmen with ideas and trade need not apply; we guarantee a reasonable amount of sales we will pay you a liberal salary and expenses. The Eureka Soap Co., Cincinnati, O.

SALESMEN—FOR ILLINOIS BALANCE THIS year and 1902; high-grade specialty lins; well established; call all classes of city and country stores; permanent position for successful men; if none other need apply. JESS. H. SMITH, 37 Congress-st., Detroit, Mich.

SALESMEN—OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE and good address; the right party will secure profitable employment and good pay. Apply between 9 and 10 a. m. International Society (DAVIS), 131 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN—TO SELL OUR GOODS TO GENeral stores, clothiers, druggists, and grocers; side line; big profits; sole catalogue free. Model Mfg. Co., Box G, South Bend, Ind.

SALESMEN—FOR BEST BUTCHERS' SCALE made; commission don't apply unless can stand expenses one month; bond or acceptable reference. FELIX & MARSTON.

SALESMEN—THREE OF ABILITY, FOR CITY; must be gentlemen and reference; experience required. H. B. GAMBLE, Room 23, Howland Bldg.

SALESMEN—PATENT MEDICINE SALESMEN; salary and expenses; state age, experience, and references. Address R 156, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—CIGAR AND GENTS' FURNISHings, to take side line. Address F 566, Tribune.

SHOE SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED, HILLMAN'S, 112 to 116 State-st.

SOLICITOR — FIRST-CLASS COMMERCIAL agency solicitor to handle high-grade work with wholesale houses; state age, experience; only capable man wanted. Address O 886, Tribune.

SOLICITOR—FOR S. SIDE, YOUNG MAN; PREfer exp. in adv.; good com.; ref. 410, 59 Dearborn.

SOLICITORS—FOR INSTALLMENT FURNIture house; South Side. L 449, Tribune office.

STOVE SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED, TO SELL trade; parts, line in Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota, N. Dakota, Illinois, southern Iowa, and northern Missouri. Address L 481, Tribune office.

WANTED—AGENT, MAN OR WOMAN, TO solicit among society people; must be of excellent address, affable, and accustomed to the usages of polite society; a good sales for the right party. L. M. JOHNSON, 60 Wabash-av.

Boys.

BOY—ABOUT 19 YEARS, BRIGHT, FAIR EDUcation, good character and habits, living with parents, to start as messenger in large bank; write letter in own hand; must mention first-class references to receive consideration. Address R 142, Tribune office.

BOY—FOR STOCK AND SHIPPING ROOM; age 17-18; $5. J. MAC DONALD, Fort Dearborn Building, R. 403.

BOY—ABOUT 16, TO CARRY SAMPLES; $3 weekly. Call after 8. F. E. MOORE, 611, 225 Dearborn-st.

BOY—ERRAND, AGED 16, LIVING WITH parents, $4. R. 46, 151 Washington-st.

BOY—FOR ERRANDS, $3. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

BOY—BRIGHT, FOR ERRANDS; MUST BE clean and neat. WILSDON, Ft. Dearborn Bldg.

BOY—OFFICE; GOOD PENMAN. EXP., $4-$5. W. SMITH, 740 Monon Building.

BOY—ERRAND; NEAT AND CLEAN; $3-$4. R. WILSDON, 224 Dearborn-st.

BOY—IN DRUG STORE. ABOUT 16 YEARS, reside on North Side. Apply 504 N. Clark-st.

BOY—IN PRINTING OFFICE. E. L. FANTUS, 183 Clark-st.

BOYS—BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT, 14 TO 16 YRS. of age, to run errands in our offices and merchandise departments; must be neat and come well recommended. Fair salary to start and quick promotion. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Fulton and Jefferson-sts.

BOYS—BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT, 14 TO 16 years of age, to run errands in our offices and merchandise departments; must be neat and come well recommended; fair salary to start and quick promotion. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Fulton and Jefferson-sts.

BOYS—A CLEAN AND NEAT, AGED 15, FOR office; $4; must live on South Side. Suite 46, 92 La Salle-st.

BOYS—WITH SHIPPING-ROOM EXPERIENCE. Apply in shipping-room, basement. A. M. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

YOUNG BOY—
MANGEL, 47th-st. and Lake-av.

WAGON BOYS—APPLY IN SHIPPING-ROOM, basement. A. M. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—CAPABLE OF handling large number of accounts; state age, references, and salary expected. Address R 182, Tribune office.

BILL CLERK—EXP. FROM CALLER; $12-$15. J. MACDONALD, 134 Monroe-st.

BILL CLERK—YOUNG MAN, EXPERIENCED from caller; $12. R. 46, 92 La Salle-st.

BILL CLERK—EXPERIENCED BILLER FROM caller; $15. 740, 143 Washington-st.

BOOKKEEPER — FIRST-CLASS; REQUIREments are: Excellent penmanship, first-class references, and plenty of experience; don't answer unless qualified; steady position. O 101, Tribune.

BOOKKEEPER — THOROUGHLY EXPERIenced young man, aged 28, well educated; $16. A. E. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

BOOKKEEPER—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENced, first-class d. e. man; good penman; must be German; liberal salary. 401, 40 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—A bright young man; give reference and age; salary $10. Address R 133, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER — BRIGHT EXPERIENCED man; $16 to start. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER—GERMAN SOME EXPERIence in this country. R. 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER AND GEN. OFFICE MAN—EXP. in Goldman system; $12. HOWARD, 134 Monroe.

BOOKKEEPER—A1. D.-E. BKPR.; $15. K. WILSDON, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN; GOOD PENman; $12-$15. 740, 322 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER—EXP. GOOD PENMAN; REFS.; $8, $10. RYE, R. 408, 134 Monroe-st.

DRUGGIST—JUNIOR, IN DOCTOR'S OFFICE immediately; long hours; must be quick and obliging. Address R 150, Tribune office.

ENTRY CLERK—EXP. FROM CALLER; $12-$15. L. HOWARD, 324 Dearborn-st.

MAN—TO MAKE DETAIL AND STOCK BILLS. Office furniture Company, 994 to 1002 N. Lincoln-st.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 18 FOR GENERAL OFfice work and collecting; state full particulars, and also salary. Address R 154, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—FOR RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS. Interstate Correspondence Inst., Cedar Rapids, Ia.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR—EXPERIENCED; located here on other magazine work, to handle Chicago on high-grade financial monthly; state age, experience, qualifications, or do not answer; only a first-class man wanted; 40 per cent commission. Address O 857, Tribune office.

AN IMMEDIATE INCOME ASSURED TO MEN WHO CAN SELL LIFE INSURANCE.

ILLINOIS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 134 MONROE-ST.

CIGAR SALESMAN—WITH AN ESTABLISHED trade with large dealers who buy direct from factories; good side line; liberal inducements. H. C. FISHER, Fisher Building, Chicago.

CIGAR SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED; ONE with trade preferred. R. 11, 121 E. Lake-st.

FIRST-CLASS SOLICITORS AND GENERAL salesman; permanent home in Chicago; only as managing housekeeper in hotel or private family; nursery governess or useful companion to invalid lady; best of references; is a good housewife as managing housekeeper in hotel or private family; nursery governess or useful companion to invalid lady; is a practical purchaser; is a good typewriter operator and has traveled extensively; no canvassing wanted. Address MRS. HELEN M. BURTON, general delivery, Joliet, Ill.

GENERAL AGENT—FAIRLY COMPETENT managing housekeeper; systematic, practical; strictly temperate and honest; first-class references. Address L C 364, Tribune office.

GENERAL AGENT — ENGAGEMENTS BY experienced confinement nurse; would assist with light housework; $1 day; physicians' references. 507 West Ohio-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EDUCATED YOUNG woman for walking children [kindergartner] as nursery governess; middle west city or eastern suburbs. KINDERGARTNER, 289 E. 34th-st.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG LADY caring for child or invalid; hospital reference. Address R 191, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GRADUATE nurse; $16 per week. Telephone 1433 West.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A THOROUGHLY reliable nurse. Address R 160, Tribune office.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXCELLENT laundress; washing and ironing; references. SCHMICK, 2730 Ingleheart-av., near Cottage Grove-av. Please drop postal.

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YOUR NEAREST FRIENDS.
YOUR UNDERWEAR!

We have a way of laundering undergarments—returning them clean, sweet, and not shrunken. When properly laundered they don't have that "itchy" feeling.

No danger of skin diseases or contagion.

GOODHART'S LAUNDRY,
874-876-878 Wilchester-av. Telephone West 736.

EXCELSIOR LAUNDRY CO.,
144 SECOND. PHONE SOUTH 168.
Branches, 374 Wabash-av., 26 N. State-st.; high grade of work laundried on short time.
Wagons call every where.

WASHINGTON LAUNDRY,
408 W. MADISON-ST.
PHONE MONROE 2.
HIGH-GRADE WORK; LOWEST PRICES.
WAGONS CALL EVERYWHERE.

DAVID WEBER, THE EXPERT, MAIL ORders, 3523-25 State-st. Branches, cor. 22d-st. and Michigan-av., 2128 Milwaukee-av.

WEST END STEAM LAUNDRY AND CARPET Cleaning Co.—Rugs a specialty. 849-851 West Madison-st. Telephone West 181.

AUG. SCHWARTZ, LADIES' AND GENTS' GARments. Three stores: 158 Illinois-st., 126 Dearborn-st., 559 West Madison-st.

COOK & McLAIN, 30 DEARBORN-ST., PHONE Main 3047. 84 and 85 20th-st. Phone Oak. 529.

OPTICIANS.

BORSCH & CO., OPTICIANS, SPECTACLES, eyeglasses our specialties; consult us about your eyes and improve your sight.

SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES PROPERLY fitted. L. MANASSE, 46 Madison-st.

$1 BUYS BEST GLASSES; FREE TESTS; 34 yrs.' experience. Dr. F. Morgan, 92 Madison-st.

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Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXCELLENT laundress; washing and ironing; references. SCHMICK, 2730 Ingleheart-av., near Cottage Grove-av. Please drop postal.

SITUATION WANTED—ALL AROUND MAN AT most any kind of work. J. L. A., 2787 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COLORED MAN, cooking, waiting, janitor, or general work; city ref. Address R 102, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. ASSIST. JANItor; modern flat preferred. 583 Belden-av.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO TEND furnace, morning and evening. R 104, Tribune.

CLEANERS, DYERS, AND LAUNDRIES.

YOUR NEAREST FRIENDS.
YOUR UNDERWEAR!

We have a way of laundering undergarments—returning them clean, sweet, and not shrunken. When properly laundered they don't have that "itchy" feeling.

No danger of skin diseases or contagion.

GOODHART'S LAUNDRY,
874-876-878 Wilchester-av. Telephone West 736.

EXCELSIOR LAUNDRY CO.,
144 SECOND. PHONE SOUTH 168.
Branches, 374 Wabash-av., 26 N. State-st.; high grade of work laundried on short time.
Wagons call every where.

WASHINGTON LAUNDRY,
408 W. MADISON-ST.
PHONE MONROE 2.
HIGH-GRADE WORK; LOWEST PRICES.
WAGONS CALL EVERYWHERE.

DAVID WEBER, THE EXPERT, MAIL ORders, 3523-25 State-st. Branches, cor. 22d-st. and Michigan-av., 2128 Milwaukee-av.

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COOK & McLAIN, 30 DEARBORN-ST., PHONE Main 3047. 84 and 85 20th-st. Phone Oak. 529.

OPTICIANS.

BORSCH & CO., OPTICIANS, SPECTACLES, eyeglasses our specialties; consult us about your eyes and improve your sight.

SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES PROPERLY fitted. L. MANASSE, 46 Madison-st.

$1 BUYS BEST GLASSES; FREE TESTS; 34 yrs.' experience. Dr. F. Morgan, 92 Madison-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Trades.

BREWERY CARPENTER—$65; REFERENCE required. 34th and Center-av.

CABINET MAKER—AND WOOD CARVER—Good wages; steady employment.
ADAM SCHAAF, 398-400 W. Monroe-st.

CABINETMAKERS—TWO.
HENRY SANDERS, 77 Weed-st.

CUSTOM CUTTER—ONE WHO IS A PRACTICAL tailor, to go out of town near Chicago. Apply NESTOR & WELCH, 122 Dearborn-st.

ELECTRICIAN—MUST UNDERSTAND THE care of motors and be thoroughly proficient in the installation of lights, bells, etc. Address M W 544, Tribune office.

ENGRAVER—FIRST-CLASS COPPER PLATE and die engraver to go out of town. Inquire at The Fuchs & Lang Mfg. Co., 326 Dearborn-st.

HELPERS—100, STRUCTURAL IRON AND tank men. Rialto Elevator, 104th-st. and Calumet River.

MACHINIST—FIRST-CLASS, FOR OUT OF town; applicants must have good reference. Apply at McCoy's Hotel, Room 606.

MOLDERS—FIVE, LAKE SHORE ENGINE Works, Marquette, Mich.; good wages; steady work; no trouble.

MOLDERS—TWO BENCH MOLDERS AND ONE floor molder. HOOVEN-OWENS-RENTSCHLER CO., Hamilton, O.

PHOTOGRAPHERS—TO TRAVEL SOUTH FOR the winter; expert men and good talkers. Address R 164, Tribune office.

PHOTOGRAPHIC OPERATOR—FIRST-CLASS, for finest private and professional work; steady position; good salary; answer with samples. ELMER CHICKERING, 21 West-st., Boston, Mass.

PIANO POLISHERS—HIGHEST WAGES; steady employment. ADAM SCHAAF, 147-149 W. Madison-st., cor. Union-st.

PIANO ACTION FINISHER AND TONE REGULATOR—Good wages; steady employment. 398-400 W. Monroe-st.

WOOD TURNER—
HENRY SANDERS, 77 Weed-st.

House Servants.

J

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

KE-AV.—THE LOUVRE, A NEW PRI- ostel, just completed—new apartments single and double rooms, facing lake or nd suites, with or without private bath; hot and cold water and all modern con- s; most elegantly furnished to suit. Half able. Tel. 1257 Oakland.

SHINGTON-AV.—LARGE SOUTH ROOM o closets and dressing-room, for couple children; house quiet and refined, without ionable features of boarding-houses; room Midway Plaisance; one-half block to ill. station, fourteen minutes to city; refer-

CHIGAN-AV.—10 MINUTES TO BUSI- ness: large, light room; steam heat; fur- ace; excellent table; reasonable. Telephone 2813.

AN-AV., NEAR 45TH-ST.—BEAUTIFUL- and board for married couple or single ; elegant, modern steam heated house. H 105. Tribune office.

LUMET-AV.—ELEGANT SUITE OF 2 ed rooms; steam, hot water, private bath;

LLIS-AV. — DOUBLE AND SINGLE steam heated; first-class in every respect; ms; table board.

REXEL-AV.—LARGE, NEWLY FUR- rooms, well heated; convenient transpor- 5 per week.

CCOMMODATE FOUR ADULTS; MOD- n newly furnished rooms; best home table at. C. Address O 385, Tribune office.

OLAND PARK—LARGE, NICELY FUR- front room, detached house; first-class t. Cent. and cable.

RGE, NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS; ss board; Ill. Cent. and cable; home com- ddress R 146. Tribune office.

AIRIE-AV.—FINE MODERN DOUBLE gle warm room; home comforts; superior

HIGAN-AV.—AN ELEGANT, REFINED ine table and service, for select people; s invited.

LIS-AV.—PLEASANT, SINGLE ROOM t table; pleasant people; block I. C.

HIGAN-AV.—ROOM, BOARD; GOOD ight parties; steam; home cooking; phone

DIANA-AV.—LARGE LIGHT ROOMS; board.

HIGAN-AV., NR. AUDITORIUM—FUR- room; heat; refined people; refs.

EXEL-AV., FLAT I—PLEASANT ROOM, ard, for two gentlemen; steam; Flat I.

HIGAN-AV. — HANDSOME RESI- ential room, suitable for couple.

E-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM WITH ear I. C.; references.

EXEL-BLVD.—FRONT ROOMS WITH 30 per week; phone J742 Gray.

AIRIE-AV. — A LARGE ROOM WITH rivate home; refs.

ERKELEY-AV.—ELEGANT, SELECT steam heat; phone; I. C. and blvd. trains.

AIRIE-AV.—LARGE, STEAM-HEATED also hall bedroom; references.

West Side.

SHINGTON-BLVD.—ELEGANTLY FUR- single corner alcove, with private bath; ntleman; refs.; excellent board; private phone.

North Side.

TER-ST.—⅛ BLOCK FROM LINCOLN Warm front and back parlor, single rooms, ; reasonable.

SALLE-AV.—FINE, LARGE ROOMS; heat; excellent board.

SALLE-AV.—FIRST CLASS ROOMS single or suites; detached house; refs.

S-ST.—SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS, oard. MRS. KAUTZ. Tel. 1583 North.

Hotels.

RIVATE HOTEL, THE LOUVRE, 3611 v.—Just completed, a new apartment; double and single rooms, facing lake or and suites, with or without private bath; hot and cold water and all modern con- ; elegantly furnished to suit. Half C., 2 blocks to cable. References. Ex- Tel. 1257 Oakland.

TON HOTEL, 22D-ST. AND MICHIGAN- Park-Grands; beautifully fireproof; large tely furnished; hot and cold running wa- open, $1 per day; with private bath, $2; and $3 per day; also suites; steam heat; Wabash-av. cable passes door; take 39 elevated to 22d-st.

WARNER, 32D-ST. AND COTTAGE Grove—Classic residential hotel; thoroughly ewly and completely furnished through- ; rooms, outside rooms; 140 private baths; th private bath, $5 to $8 per week; fine cuisine, and service the best. McGUIRE Props., formerly with the Lexington.

T—TWO AND THREE ROOM SUITES incennes, a strictly family hotel; location ; perfect service; cafe best in the city ssey. Vincennes and 38th-st.

DA HOTEL, RUSH AND OHIO-STS.— eighborhood; walking distance; American ; without board. If desired at $3 per

RGH HOTEL, 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD.— and European plans; suites 2 and 3; also with private baths; rooms at large and light

HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.— from S. R. R.; I. C. electric lines; steam, ; 656; American or European.

HOLLAND-TEN MINUTES TO BUSI- ness—Rooms, single or in suite, with or bath. Telephone Oakland 192.

BARTEAU," $800 LAKE-AV.—UNSUR- locking fine rooms; single or en suite; ne new; 3d board; an ideal home.

LINGTON, 247 DEARBORN-AV.—VERY le front rooms; excellent table; walking steam heat; elevator.

MA, ELLIS AND BOWEN-AVS.—FINE elevator; new; best in city.

BOARD WANTED.

ABOUT JAN. 1ST, 2 OR 3 CONNECT- ms with bath, also board, for Hyde Park, convenient to the I. C. Illinois Central ily of two with maid; references given and Address General Chemical Co., Chi- ights, Ill.

AND ROOM—IN A STRICTLY PRI- mily, by gentleman; must be near ele- ation particulars. Address R 121, Tribune

SUNNY ROOM, WEST SIDE, LADY student; refs. ex.; give car line, lowest Address R 128, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

NT—MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 22D-ST., Hotel; fireproof; high-grade; a few $5 per week each, with hot and cold wa- ; elevator; modern home comforts; fine- ished; prompt bell service; gentlemen's ow-on-both floor; no extra charge; gen- ous public parlor; private cafe.

NT—HOTEL WARNER, 32D AND COT- tage-av.; fireproof, high-grade, newly fur- ; service the best; rooms with closet, $3 to $5 ; rooms with private bath, $5 to $7.

NT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED FRONT east exposure; steam, bath, hot water. ; $7a. Flat 25.

NT—LARGE FRONT ROOM. JEWISH gentleman appreciating modern home, t to Alley L station. R 101, Tribune.

NT—LARGE FRONT AND SIDE ROOMS; bath; private. 1940 Indiana-av.

NT—THREE VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS, ully furnished. 4001 Indiana-av., Flat 2.

NT—223 30TH-ST., FIRST FLAT, NEAR an-av.; furnished rooms; steam heat.

North Side.

NT—ELEGANT FRONT BAY ROOMS; ished; newly papered; very desir- nt in connection. 211 Dearborn-av., Sid- Part.

NT — LIGHT, LARGE, NEWLY FUR- ; steam-heated rooms, single or en suite; 374 Dearborn-av., 2d flat.

NT—FRONT AND BACK PARLOR, FUR- or unfurnished; steam heat, bath, janitor distance. 807 E. Chicago-av.

NT—LARGE FRONT AND MIDDLE suitable for two; steam heat, running wa- La Salle-av.

NT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT RM., steam heat alcove. 295 E. Chicago-av.

NT — STEAM HEATED PARLOR BED- reasonable. 378 Chestnut-st., Flat C.

Miscellaneous.

NT—ROOMS—SPECIAL GRADED LIST ers' LOCATIONS; housekeeping if desired; CO., 534, 171 La Salle-st. Basement floor.

WANTED—ROOMS.

ED—TO RENT—ROOM BY YOUNG ; South Side, north of 35th-st., near L ddress R 168, Tribune office.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

NT—8 OF THOSE NEW, MODERN on 34th-st., between Cottage Grove and ; houses have never been occupied; every modern convenience; hardwood, hot ter, etc.; rent reasonable. D. G. HAMIL- D. ALLEN, 100 Washington-st.

NT—4647 CALUMET-AV., 5-STY. BRICK, ; hot-water apparatus, hardwood floors, , 2 baths; free rent to Dec. 1, $30 after. this office.

ITH & BRO., agents, 3947 Cottage Grove.

NT—FINEST APARTMENTS IN CITY. AIR ELYSEE, 3, 4, and 5 rooms; $25 up. r. cor. 36th-st. and Wabash-av.

telephone service. Open day and evenings. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

NT—4008 AND 4008 GRAND-BLVD., apartments of 8 rooms, containing very conveniences; special concession to desir- ant; janitor on premises. F. W. LANG- 140 La Salle-st. Phone Main 2927.

NT—2715 MICHIGAN-BLVD., FURNISH- unfurnished, magnificent stone house with nd barn; $400 per month. MATSON HILL- 34 Room 414, 205 La Salle-st.

NT—ELEGANT 8-ROOM MODERN BRICK ce. Forrestville-av., near 43d; handy to and electric; $30. Address KIMBELL, Bank Bldg.

NT—2020 DEARBORN, 11-ROOM FRAME will be fitted up to suit tenant. DAVIS La Washington-st.

NT—3415 WABASH-AV., FINE 10-ROOM choice location; modern plumbing. In- ot Wabash-av.

NT—3221 WABASH-AV. Modern 14-room house; $60. ODES BROS. & CO., 99 Washington-st.

NT—9-ROOM BRICK; SHADES; FORCE- ith, hardwood floors; fine repair; steam ded. 3602 Forest-av. $45.

NT—FURNISHED HOUSE ON GRAND- until May. Address R 182, Tribune office.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
GIVEN AWAY.
GIVEN AWAY.

On receipt of a postal I will send you plans of 150 new houses, located on the South, West, North Sides and in suburbs; for sale on monthly payments of $10 per month; same as rent; very small cash payment; price $1,175 to $5,000; let your rent money pay for a home.
WRITE AT ONCE.
CALL AT ONCE.

E. E. GROSS,
6th Floor Masonic Temple, State and Randolph-sts.
OVER 12,000 HOMES SOLD ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS IN 22 YEARS.

FOR SALE—LOOK! LOOK!! LOOK!!!
One of the handsomest and best built store and flat buildings in city; leading retail street; 3-story and base; pays over 5 per cent net; store never idle; first-class occupancy; will bear closest inspection; you can deal direct with owner; actual buyers only. Address R 179, Tribune office.

FOR SALE — 4 STORES, INSIDE THE LOOP, cheap; Dearborn, Clark and Madison; 10 years' time; 5 core, on Wash. Park; no one can undersell me. NELSON THOMASSON, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — OR LEASE — MANUFACTURING and dock property; large or small quantities; will advance money for building; lowest switching charges. H. H. WALKER & CO., 201 Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—BARGAIN—HANDSOME MODERN APARTMENT BLDG., CONVENIENT TO I. C. RY. AND CABLE CARS. R. R. COOPER, 1334 UNITY BLDG.

FOR SALE — BARGAIN — FOR SALE— Dearborn-st., so. of Harrison. 25, 50, or 100 ft. H. PORTER & BRO., 175 Dearborn-st., Sole Agt.

FOR SALE—$300 BUYS EQUITY $5,000 HOUSE; mortgage $3,000; great bargain. R 107, Tribune.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE.
The four-story brick building, with lot, 22x165 to 18-foot alley, at 2427 Michigan-blvd., one of the most magnificent streets in the world. The building was built for high-grade apartments and is so constructed that it can be used as first-class private hotel. It is heated by steam, and 15 have bathrooms on each floor. The whole interior has just been handsomely papered and calcimined, making the rooms very attractive. There is a large dining-room and kitchen in the basement, which could be made profitable as a public cafe. Sale to be held on the premises Saturday, next, Nov. 23, at 3 p. m. sharp. Sale positive. No reserve.
E. A. CUMMINGS & CO.,
108 Dearborn-st.
W. D. KERFOOT & CO.,
85 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—AT AUCTION—
We call the attention to sale of a fine down-town lot with brick building, 1421 Michigan-av.; location especially adapted for millinery, ladies' tailoring, or any business supported by down-town and first-class residence trade; this building if remodeled will rent for $1,500 per annum.
Sale on premises, Saturday, Dec. 14, at 11 a. m. If stormy in the front parlor. Ladies invited.
E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—THE HANDSOME, NEW, MODERN houses on 34th, bet. Cottage Grove and Rhodes-avs.; hardwood finish and floors, hot water heat, every up-to-date convenience; terms easier than renting; small cash payment, balance in 20 semi-annual payments, 4 per cent interest. O. H. HAMILTON, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—SNAP—9-R. FRAME RES. ON 45TH-st., nr. Champlain-av.; furnace, bath, gas, mantels; all improvements; in good condition; cost $3,250; will sell for $2,750; worth $4,500. WATSON & HARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—AN EXTRAORDINARY BARGAIN—Elegant, modern, 8-room residence; nothing lacking known to modern building and all as good as new; mortgage $6,000; equity $2,000; price $8,000. BARNES & PARISH, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—MY 2-FLAT BLDG., BRICK, STONE front, stone steps, oak fin. and floors, in Woodlawn, close to I. C. and Alley L.; rent $624.50 mo.; price $6,000. Fourth, bal. 5 per cent. Address P D 291, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAINS—
Vincennes-av., near 74th-st., store.....$3,500
Michigan-st., near 63d, store, 50x125.....100
Elizabeth-st., near 63d, four lots.....1,200
BARNES & PARISH, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—ELEGANT, MODern, 14-room, steam heated residence, So. Parkav., near 53d-st.; 2-story brick barn; mortgage $8,000. Address O 460, Tribune office.

FOR SALE — OR EXCHANGE — GREAT BARgain for quick sale; modern 11-room residence, convenient to 31st-st. sta. I. C. Ry.; investigate. R. R. COOPER, 1334 UNITY BLDG.

FOR SALE—5-FLAT BLDG. ON 62D-ST., NEAR Ellis-av.; first-class condition; rented for $1,230. Incumbrance $6,500; will sacrifice for cash; no trade. ALBERT G. SCOTT, 181 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE BUSINESS AND RESIdence lots, Armitage, 41st, and 42d-avs.; bargains; see them. DELAMATER, 88 Washington.

FOR SALE—MICHIGAN-AV., 95ST. NEAR 103d-st., $3,250; $300 per ft. net.
H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvards in reserved district, go to WATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—AN $80,000 APARTMENT BUILDing on South Side for $40,000 cash.
HABERER & DENEKE, 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—SEVEN LOTS ON 53D-PL., NEAR Halsted-st. Address J 449, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$144 INDIANA-AV., $3,750. L. M. SMITH & BRO., 3947 Cottage Grove-av.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE— EVERY ONE A SNAP.
24 acres, nr. Kedzie.....$ 700
MONROE-ST., nr. Western.....700
LEXINGTON-ST., cor. nr. Sacramento.....1,075
LOWE-AV., nr. 63d; St. Louis.....1,000
ADAMS-ST., nr. Homan.....1,005
THESE PAY 10% ON INVESTMENT.
HAMLIN-PARK, Douglas-blvd., 5-R. brick flats.
POLK-ST., nr. Douglas-blvd., 2-sty. brick flats.
GLADYS-AV., nr. 63d-st., 2-sty. stone flats.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN; 3-STORY BRICK STONE FRONT STORE AND FLATS; GOOD CORNER; NEAR DOUGLAS PARK; VERY LOW PRICE IF YOU WANT A GOOD INVESTMENT DON'T FAIL TO INVESTIGATE THIS.
BROWN & BEATY, 1405 MARQUETTE BLDG.
EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

FOR SALE—WASHINGTON-BLD., NR. 42D-st., 2-sty. brick, 4-R. cott.; price $1,800.
FOR SALE — JACKSON, NR. 42D, 25X125; worth $1,600; price $1,025.
W. D. KERFOOT & CO.,
85 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ONLY 60 LOTS LEFT THESE prices; nr. new sta. Douglas Park branch Met. R'y; $200 to $350; sm. imp. paid; great demand for homes; $10 cash, $5 monthly. C. Wallingford.

FOR SALE—A GREAT BARGAIN—BRICK CORner store on W. Lake-st., near Union Park; price $4,000; one-half cash. Address owner, R 127, Tribune.

FOR SALE—A SNAP—BRICK RESIDENCE ON St. John's-pl., nr. Union Park, worth $4,000; price $2,500. Address owner, R 128, Tribune.

FOR SALE—CORNER CHICAGO AND AVERSave., 2-story brick, all assessments paid for both streets. HARRY GREENEBAUM, 84 Washington.

FOR SALE—839 ADAMS-ST., 2-STORY BASE- and attic brick house, 10 rms.; fine condition; immediate possession. Owner, 1717 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—$15 FR. FT. BUYS 150 FT. CORNER W. 45th and Thomas-sts. M. J 479, Tribune.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, CAN SELL 2 very handsome modern residences, La Salle-av., s. of Division, way below their real value; 8 and 9 rooms; $18,000 for 2. JOHN WAIN, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ROGERS PARK HOUSE, 9 rooms, 50 ft. lot, modern.....$4,800
$5 ft. vacant, Rogers Park.....$ 125
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LOOK! LOOK!! EVANSTON. HERE IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY!
Get a flat lot for a home. Make money also.
CHOICE CORNER IN SOUTH EVANSTON, 50x149 to 100x150; street paved, sewer, water, gas, stone walks in; surroundings; much activity in building; buy now while cheap.
H. O. OSBORNE, 177 La Salle-st., R. 6.

FOR SALE—96 LOTS, STOUGH'S 2D ADDITION to Hinsdale, ill.; terms 10 years; price $15 ft.; no interest nor taxes first years; easy payment; only $5 per month. W. H. JONES, Banker, Arena, Wis.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME BOOKLET "BERWYN ITEMS" sent free to suburban home-seekers. Address W. J. ANDREWS, 184 La Salle, R. 523.

FOR SALE—S. W. COR. HINMAN-AV. AND Main, Evanston. H. A. STREETER, 41 Indiana-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—WOOD COUNTY, WISCONSIN, farm lands, 3 miles from county seat; price $6 to $10 per acre. Free daily trips to buyers.
J. M. SECRIST & CO.,
125 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—FINE DAIRY FARM, GOOD buildings, 8½ miles from Algonquin, Ill., and N. W. condensing factory, 45 miles from Chicago; 240 acres; $65 per acre; will pay $1,000 per year rent until March 1, 1903, or possession March 1, 1902; other dairy farms in McHenry county for sale, from 40 to 300 acres. Address Lock Box 102, Woodstock, Ill.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—STOCK FARM, 80 miles from Chicago, 800 acres of rich land; good buildings; including stock, crop, and tools, $18,000.
F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$650—160 ACRES RICH LAND, DAkota, Neb., Wm. HOBART, Phoenix bldg., Minneapolis.

FOR SALE—A 1,000 ACRE STOCK AND GRAIN farm, 100 miles southwest of Chicago; first-class; no trade. HENDERSON, 15 Temple Court-bld.

FOR SALE—FRUIT AND CHICKEN FARMS, 5, 10, 20, 40 acres. Write PRYOR, Montague, Mich. Good homes cheap.

FOR SALE—$325—160 ACRES RICH LAND IN Neb.; worth $2,000. HOBART, Phoenix Bldg., Minneapolis.

FOR SALE—UNDEVELOPED COAL LAND IN Tennessee, 100,000 to 200,000 acres; only reliable parties need respond. Address L 419, Tribune.

FOR SALE—CHOICE MICHIGAN FRUIT FARM. Write SCHULZ & FIXLEY, 511 Ship-st., St. Joseph, Mich.

PLANTATION AND FRUIT LANDS, ETC.

FOR SALE—SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA HOMES and fruit ranches, from 10 acres up, and at bargain prices; choice locations, near Los Angeles, Pasadena, etc.; might exchange some for clear Chicago income.
BARR REALTY CO., Los Angeles.
Or R. R. Chadwick, 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CALIFORNIA PROPERTIES EXCLUSIVELY. To buy, sell, or exchange, apply to OTIS JONES, 115 Monroe-st.

OIL LANDS.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE—320 ACRES IN NEW- hall oil field; a splendid opportunity. H. N. DYKE, Colfax, Cal.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—FROM OWNER—LARGE, FIRST-class stock farm, with running water, near good town and shipping station, within 150 miles west, south, or east, in exchange for first-class clear Chicago property. J. H. KEELER, 706 Tacoma Bldg.

WANTED—50-FT. LOT IN KENWOOD OR HYDE Park. Have 8-R. stone front, steam heat, gas, 43d-st. I. C. station; incumbrance, $5,500, 5%, 4 years. TROTTER & KIMBALL, 182 La Salle-st.

WANTED—PRIVATE RESIDENCE, SOUTH OF North-av., north of 30th, east of State, detached; owner; bargain; $15,000 to $20,000 cash. Address R 136, Tribune office.

WANTED—WE BUY NORTH AND SOUTH DAkota wild land for cash. WM. H. BROWN & CO., 125 La Salle-st., Chicago.

WANTED—TO SELL OR EXCHANGE YOUR property quick or buy a farm in any part of the country. See TAYLOR CO., 118 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—WE BUY NORTH AND SOUTH DAkota wild land for cash. WM. H. BROWN & CO., 125 La Salle-st., Chicago.

WANTED — BARGAINS IN CITY PROPERTY, vacant or improved; also prepared to sell or exchange. ELSER & WESTMAN, 85 Dearborn-st.

WANTED CASH PAID FOR WESTERN lands. Mail des., price. HOBART, Phoenix Bldg., Minneapolis.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FLAT BUILDING North 88s in choice neighborhood for cash customer. KOESTER & SNYDER, 69 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—SMALL FACTORY SITE SOUTH OF Chicago-av., 2,000 to 4,000 square feet; vacant or old improved, cheap. Address I 355, Tribune.

WANTED — MODERN FLAT BUILDING FOR clear vacant. Address R 197, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE—NEW AND ELEGANT MODERN CORNER 18-FLAT BUILDING of 4, 5, 6, and 7 rooms; finished in mahogany and oak; in the elegant marble entrances with mosaic floors; open plumbing, consoles, sideboards, china set, etc.; roomy and light apartments and sure rental in locality; near 43d-st. I. C. station.
PRICE $75,000; RENTS $7,710 YEAR.
INCUMBRANCE $35,000, AT 4½ PER CENT.
Want vacant land for equity or first mortgage for choice vacant and some cash will give a fine trade. [Wells]
H. G. HOWARD & CO., 101 Washington-st.

TO EXCHANGE—IMPORTANT TO BUILDERS.
S. W. COR. MIDWAY AND MADISON-AV.

278x187 ft., clear, for cash and improved city property in good location. GOODRIDGE, FRENCH & CO., successors to E. Goodridge & Co., 86 Washington-st.

EXCHANGE — TWO CLEAR BUSINESS CORners; take 90 per cent trade; unusual circumstances. Send for description; price $25,000 each. ED A. GARDNER, 1135 Stock Ex. Tel. 1255 Main.

TO EXCHANGE—10-R. FRAME, 34-FT. LOT, near 51st-av., 11th Cent. $7,000; will lease expensive house accessible to I. C. and 43d-st. station.
HOLTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

ON ACCOUNT OF UNUSUAL DEMAND FROM our investors we will until Dec. 1, 1901, consider applications for loans from $2,500 to $15,000 at 4½%.
Money to loan on Chicago property at 5 and 5½ per cent without commission.
Special fund to loan in any amount with privilege of prepaying all or any part of principal at any time and stopping interest.
Payments are not required, little by little. Every payment reduces the amount of principal and interest.
The borrower sees payment credited on his note and pays interest only on the balance.
RUKE & COMPANY, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—
CHANDLER MORTGAGE COMPANY.
[Not incorporated.]
FIRST MORTGAGES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
FIVE PER CENT.
Collateral trust bonds of the F. R. Chandler Securities Trust in denominations of $1,000. Limited issue.
110 DEARBORN-ST.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.
WITHOUT COMMISSION.
Lowest rates for desirable business.
BUILDING LOANS; PROMPT INSPECTION.
WM. C. REINEMANN & CO.,
MORTGAGE BANKERS, 92 LA SALLE-ST.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES
ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY-BANK,
109 Jackson-blvd.
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates; no delay.
GOLD MORTGAGE BONDS FOR SALE.
CANNELL & McCLURE, 107 Dearborn-st.
Lake View office, 1808 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 & 5½ per cent; no commission; no fee; private capital to pay all or part before maturity and stop interest thereon. Building loans made.
ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS
ON IMPROVED AND VACANT PROPERTY.
BUILDING LOANS.
PEABODY, HOUGHLING & CO.,
164 DEARBORN-ST.

LOANS ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE, $2,000 TO $10,000, 4½, 5, and 5 per cent; no commission or charges; borrower pays only for continuation of abstract.
HENRY VAN VLISSINGEN,
Main floor, 88 La Salle-st., opposite City Hall.

MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY.
from 4 to 6 per cent.
according to quality of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on applications; lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

WHY NOT BUILD A HOME ON THAT LOT OF yours? We put it up for you. Loan on the money; 100 sets of plans; payable like rent.
CASE & PADDOCK, Contractors, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—075 GOLD MORTGAGES, $700, $800, $1,000, $1,200, $1,500, $2,000, $2,500. Chicago Title and Trust Co., trustee. Send for list. SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—
Very favorable terms. Quick decisions for building loans.
E. P. PAULING, 132 La Salle-st.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS.
83 and 85 Dearborn-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT CURRENT RATES.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—
GRAHAM & SONS, Bankers, Fire Insurance, and Steamship Agents, 134 W. Madison-st. Open evenings.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 4½, 5, 5½, AND 6 PER cent, any amount, on approved Chicago real estate securities.
BARNES & PARISH, 145 La Salle-st.

DO YOU WANT TO BUILD? WE MAKE LIBeral loans, on payments if desired; plans drawn to order free. GUNN & CO., Builders, 708, 84 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—$1,500 6 PER CENT GOLD MORTgage on Englewood 2-flat bldg.; guaranteed policy; deal direct and you get 2% per cent commission. BATTEN, 1019 Ashland Block.

$50,000 WANTED FOR 5 YEARS; FIRST MORTgage on property yielding large income. Address L 274, Tribune office.

FOR LOW RATES ON REAL ESTATE LOANS call at the Western State Bank, northwest cor. La Salle and Washington-sts.

J. WM. HOWARD & CO., 100 WASHINGTON-ST. Money to loan on vacant and improved city or suburban South Side property a specialty.

BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY.
Mortgages on modern brick buildings for sale.
JOHN F. MARSH & CO., 115 MONROE-ST.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at lowest rates.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON approved Chicago real estate securities.
W. A. MARSHALL, 97 Clark-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
W. A. MERIGOLD & CO.,
Phone 2157 M. 150 La Salle-st.

BAIRD & WARNER, 90 LA SALLE-ST., MAKE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE; LOWEST RATES; QUICK ACTION.

CAIRNS & McINTOSH, 125 LA SALLE-ST. have private funds to loan on Chicago improved in sums of $2,000 to $50,000 at lowest rates.

INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made.
KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, Bankers, 73 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBurban real estate, repayable monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 84 Clark-st.

MONEY LOANED AT LOWEST RATES—
Building loans.
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

HART & FRANK, 128 AND 130 WASHINGTONst.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest rates; no delay.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—FAYable in currency.
DUNLAP SMITH & CO., 100 Dearborn-st.

J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., MONEY loaned on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; immediate inspection. Second floor, 90 Dearborn-st.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., Dearborn and Madison-sts.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTONst., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

SIDNEY LOEB & CO., 125 LA SALLE-ST., LOAN MONEY ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES; NO DELAY.

$200 TO $50,000 REAL ESTATE LOANS, 4½%. Manager of improved and vacant real estate.
A. C. TISDELLE, 145 La Salle-st., Chicago.

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., S. W. CORNER DEARborn and Washington-sts.—Loans on Chicago real estate.

TO LOAN—SUMS OF $500 TO $10,000 AT 5 AND 6 per cent on improved and vacant property.
E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

McLANE & GUNN, 100 WASHINGTON-ST.—Real estate loans; we pass on security; no delay; small expense; building loans made.

JOHN E. COLVIN & CO., 90 WASHINGTONst.—Loans on real estate; no delay; we pass on security; building loans a specialty.

W. G. STOUGHTON, 132 LA SALLE-ST.
Money to loan at 4½ to 6 per cent.
Promote building loans.

TO LOAN—5 PER CENT, ANY SUM, BUILDING loans; we pass on security; no delay.
EDWIN WYNN & CO., 133 La Salle-st.

WANTED—A LOAN OF $1,000 ON SUBURBAN vacant, worth $3,000. Address R. 810, 131 Wabash-av.

$1,000 MTG., 6%. SECURITY 7 LOTS WORTH $3,500. C. & T. Co., trustee, guarantees policy; will sell at par. Nichols & Briggs, 151 La Salle-st.

$15,000 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE; PRIVATE money; will divide. Address R 190. Tribune.

$3,500 ON MORTGAGE OR OTHER FIRSTclass security; long term. R 126, Tribune office.

MONEY TO LOAN ON VACANT AND IMP.; lowest rates. O. F. GIBBS & CO., 125 La Salle.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

5% 5½ 5% 5½ MONEY TO LOAN 5% 5½ 5% 5½
on vacant or improved city or suburban property.
BUILDING LOANS MADE AT LOWEST RATES.
Prepayment privileges. Prompt attention to applications. It will pay you to call on us.
MADLUNG, BIDMANN & McCORTNEY,
5% 5½ 401-402 Chamber of Commerce. 5½ 5%

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH FROM $20 TO $1,000 ON THE FOLLOWING SECURITY LOCATED ANYWHERE IN COOK COUNTY:
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY.
THE PROPERTY TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION. YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND WHEN SO PAID IN FULL, LOAN CAN BE PAID BACK IN ANY INSTALLMENTS THAT SUIT THE BORROWER. ANY SUCH PAYMENT SO MADE WILL LESSEN THE COST OF THE LOAN. THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS ON THIS GREAT MONEY SAVING METHOD. NO CHARGE OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE. YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
MAIN OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
175 DEARBORN-ST.
ROOMS 216 AND 217.

THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
180 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 302.
S. E. COR. HALSTED-ST.

DO YOU WANT MONEY? IF SO CALL ON
ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER,
100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.
You can borrow any amount you want on
EASY TERMS, AT LOWEST RATES.
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL.
ALSO TO SALARIED PEOPLE WITHOUT MORTGAGE.
Payments arranged to suit convenience of borrower; partial payments can be made at any time, reducing interest accordingly.
No charge taken out in advance. You get the full amount of the loan in cash.
You can deal with me quickly, privately, satisfactorily, and confidentially.
It will be to your advantage to call at my office before borrowing elsewhere.
ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER,
100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 3721.

LIBERAL ADVANCES WITHOUT DELAY ON
FURNITURE,
PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS
OR ON PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ANY KIND, WITHOUT REMOVAL.
LOWEST AND MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
FAIR AND COURTEOUS TREATMENT AT THE OFFICES OF
FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
134 MONROE-ST., FIFTH FLOOR, CORNER CLARK-ST.

301 W. 63D-ST., COR. WENTWORTH-AV.,
BEFORE BORROWING CALL AND SEE US AND YOU WILL FIND IT GREATLY TO YOUR ADVANTAGE.
ENGLEWOOD OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

WE WILL LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC., AT LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES. PARTIAL PAYMENTS ALLOWED AT ANY TIME AND INTEREST STOPPED.
L. F. HOPKINS & CO.,
167 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304.
555 LINCOLN-AV., UP-STAIRS.

Room 307 New Era Building, corner Blue Island-av. and Harrison-st.
LOANS CAN BE OBTAINED AT MY BRANCH OFFICES WITHOUT GOING DOWN-TOWN.
Branch offices open at 8:30 a. m. to 8:30 p. m.

RELIANCE LOAN CO.,
160 Washington-st., Room 504.
Title and Trust Building.

SOUTH SIDE OFFICE,
1104 W. 47th-st., corner State-st.

WEST SIDE OFFICE—
547 W. Madison-st., Room 2, corner Ogden-av.
Strictly confidential loans on pianos, horses, wagons. Property left in your own possession. Our South and West Side offices are open evenings until 9 o'clock to accommodate people living on South and West Sides. Lowest rates in city.
BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS.

1½% 1½% 1½% 1½% 1½% 1½% 1½% 1½% 1½%
1111 MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS,
111 W

MARSHALL FIELD & Co.

Christmas Kid Gloves.

A Suggestion for Gift Seekers.

A glove certificate is always an acceptable holiday remembrance. Recipients can be perfectly fitted in styles and colors to their own liking.

First floor, Annex.

We are sole agents for Alexandre-made Gloves, and also control the extensive output of some of the best Grenoble factories. With these facilities we are enabled to offer the latest and most exclusive styles in high-class Gloves at very low prices—better qualities, in fact, and at lower prices than can be obtained elsewhere.

Prices on Alexandre-made Gloves, pair, $1.15, $1.35, $1.50, $1.65, $1.75, $1.90, $2.00, and $2.25.

Prices on Grenoble-made Gloves, pair, $1.00, $1.15, $1.35 and $1.50.

Kid Gloves cleaned by the best known methods—work very carefully and intelligently performed.

Basement Section—Reliable inexpensive Kid Gloves, special lines, 65c, 85c, 90c and $1.15.

Ready-to-wear Hats.

Reduced, $1.95, $2.75, $3.75, $5.00.

This sale at reduced prices is made necessary by the taking of a large section of our salesroom for the display of Holiday Goods.

The hats have been reduced from considerably higher prices, and the assortment contains many excellent styles and values. Reduced to $1.95, $2.75, $3.75, $5.00.

Juvenile Millinery.

Stitched Camel's Hair Felts, one of the most popular of the season's styles for children, neatly trimmed with silk and ribbon bands and streamers, $2.75.

Children's smooth and rough Felt Hats, trimmed in silk velvet ribbon bands, bows and streamers and soft folds of white silk; red, castor, blue, Oxford, brown, and black; reduced, $3.75.

For the Home Milliner.

Turban, Sailor and Walking Shapes, in the popular rough materials, 95c.

Special values in roses, foliage, wings, quills and breasts, 25c, 50c, 75c.

Annex, second floor.

Special Values in Wrappers, Kimonos, Sacques and Dresses.

In the styles, selection of materials, designing, and making of these comfortable house garments, they are rendered most effective in appearance as well as practical and serviceable, through particular attention to each little detail. We quote a few special values:

Fourth floor.

House Wrappers of heavy German flannelette, French back, braid on cuffs and collars, $3.25.

Flannelette Kimonos, in new shades of pink and white, and blue and white, trimmed with bands of self-material, $3.75.

Flannelette Kimono Wrappers, prettily trimmed in borders of China silk, an unusual value, $2.95.

All-Wool Eiderdown Sacques, button-hole stitched in wool, trimmed in three rows of satin ribbon, gray, red, pink and blue, $1.95.

Eiderdown Dressing Sacques, made of good quality of ripple eiderdown, entire garment button-hole stitched in wool, $1.

Sacques of fancy striped eiderdown, trimmed in wide facings of satin, with rows of stitching, $3.50.

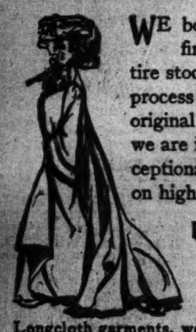
Maids' One-Piece House Dresses, in narrow stripe materials, special, $2.25.

Maids' Two-Piece House Dresses, wide or narrow stripe, special, $2.50.

Black Sateen Two-Piece House Dresses, special, $2.75.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

A Prominent Maker's Stock of Women's Stylish Winter Clothing at from 33⅓ to 50% Less than Cost.



WE bought last week from a prominent eastern firm who are retiring from business their entire stock on hand, as well as every garment in the process of manufacture, at just 50% less than the original price at which the stock was valued, and we are in a position, therefore, to offer the most exceptional values to be found anywhere in Chicago on high grade seasonable coats and suits.

Every garment in this purchase was made for this season's selling.

Longcloth garments, worth from $37.50 to $45.00, at $25.00
Long capes, worth $37.50, at $25.00
Box coats, worth $25.00, at $16.50
Short jackets, worth $15.00, at $10.00
Silk lined suits, worth from $35 to $40, at $20.00

WESTERN SALVAGE & WRECKING AGENCY

TOMORROW AT 10 A. M.
WE WILL SELL AT
PUBLIC AUCTION.
For Account Fire Underwriters, at our Salesrooms, 207 and 209 Madison-st., Chicago.
THE SALVAGE OF
A. JACOBS & CO., Detroit, Mich.
Manufacturers Clothing and Overalls,
CONSISTING OF
$25,000 WORTH OF CLOTHING,
In Men's and Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Single Garments, and a large line of Pants and Overalls.
$10,000 Worth of Woolens & Worsteds.
On Friday, Nov. 22, at 10 a. m.
For account of whom it may concern,
the Salvage of the
H. & M. FRIEDMAN CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.
Department Store, consisting of a large quantity of
GENERAL DRY GOODS,
Hosiery, Underwear, Notions, Toys and Tinware, Etc.
AT SAME TIME SALVAGE OF
J. H. MENGE & SONS, LTD.,
New Orleans, La.,
CONSISTING OF
$20,000 worth of DUCK
Of all kinds, and a quantity of Seating and Pulleys.
Stocks now on Exhibition.
SAMUEL GANS, Manager.

PUSHMAN BROS.
THE EXCLUSIVE
ORIENTAL RUG STORE
26 ADAMS-ST. Just east of Wabash-av.

HIGH-CLASS
OIL PAINTINGS
AT AUCTION
Thursday (Tomorrow), at 2 P. M.,
We sell, without reserve, a Choice Collection
OIL PAINTINGS
BY WELL-KNOWN ARTISTS.
Large Figure Piece, 64x86, "Diana Surprised."
A COLLECTION
SPANISH PAINTINGS
FRUIT AND GAME PIECES.
Yosemite.....H. A. Elkins.
Rio Grande.....F. Stobie.
Cumberland Valley.....Hammerstadt.
Fruit and Still Life.....C. P. Ream.
Herbert J. Martin and others.
SALE POSITIVE.
Paintings ON EXHIBITION Morning of Sale. Catalogues Ready.
WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO.,
178 WABASH AVENUE.

AT 10 O'CLOCK THIS MORNING,
Great Clearance Sale of
Furniture, Carpets, Rugs,
And General Household Goods.
.....General Merchandise.
WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO.,
178 Wabash-av.

INDIANAPOLIS ARSENAL, INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 18th, 1901.—Sealed proposals in duplicate will be received here until 2 p. m., December 18th, 1901, for purchase of condemned ordnance and ordnance stores, including small arms, equipments, tools, scrap iron, scrap leather, etc. Information can be had on application. CHARLES HEATH, Major, Ordnance.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & Co.

167-169 STATE ST.

Reliable, Practical
Furriers.
Importers and Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail.

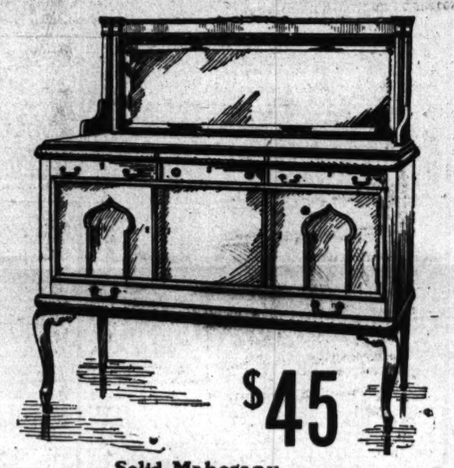
We continue to offer the best possible genuine **Alaska seal skin garments** at lower prices than elsewhere, made to your order. **Style, quality, fit, finish** and **price** guaranteed. We have on hand ready for your inspection, fresh from our own celebrated workrooms, the choicest collection of **high class** fancy **furs** we believe ever shown in any one house. All the rich Russian Crown Sables, the beautiful natural Hudson's Bay Sables, rich Halifax Mink, Beaver, Marten, Stone Marten, and Black Martens. Cinnamon and Black Bear Muffs and Boas. Dainty Chinchilla and Royal Ermine in a rich profusion of Muffs and Neck pieces. The Fox and Lynx specimens in all shapes most noted and in vogue—all at prices most reasonable.

Moire **Persian Lamb Jackets** in the newest shapes, trimmed with sables, mink, chinchilla or martens. Perfect in construction.

Natural Hudson Bay Otter Coats, Seal Caps and Gloves, Coachman Outfits. Inspection invited.

REVELL & CO.

TO-DAY—Fine Sideboards.



$45

Solid Mahogany—
Solid Oak (Golden Finish)—

This very handsome Sideboard, made in rich golden quarter-sawed oak or solid mahogany, highly polished, exquisitely molded base, has a 14x44 French plate mirror, stands 4 feet 8 inches high, is 24 inches deep and 50 inches wide; cast brass trimming, three top drawers—one lined for silver, three wine compartments, and a full length linen drawer. Would sell readily for $70.00—special sale price, **$45.00.**

Alexander H. Revell & Co.,
Corner Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

Of Interest to Silk Buyers.

WE ought to be able to interest every prospective Chicago silk buyer, for all desirable styles are included in our splendid stocks and our prices are always the lowest.

Colored Silks.

$2.00 and $2.50 silks at 98c—high-class silk novelties in barre stripes, bayaderes and satin grounds, with running stripe, all choice colors, reduced to **98c**

Special—Colored satin crepe meteors, 24-in. wide—$1.75 value—specially priced, yard..... **$1.25**

Velvets.

Stripe velvets for waists in black and white and black and colors, a choice article, much in demand—only.... **75c**

Double mirage silk velvets—all the leading colors **$1.50**

Velvet and Velvetsen Corduroys—in blacks and all the scarce colorings—
$1.25, $1.10 & $1.00

Colored Silk Crepe—100 pcs. all-silk 24 in. crepe du chine. Extra quality fine weave superior crepe du chine, a splendid value.. **68c & $1**

"Gilt Edge" Black Taffeta—We will control in Chicago the sale of this special "wear guaranteed" brand of black taffeta silks, and we invite all who are judges of silk values to investigate its merits.

A pure gold thread is woven in one selvedge to designate the goods; on the other selvedge is woven "Gilt edge, wear insured," which is an absolute guarantee as to the wear of the silks. We believe them to be without a rival. The prices and widths are—21-in., $1.00; 24-in., $1.25; 27-in., $1.50; 36-in., $2.00.

Check Baggage Direct From Your Home to Destination.

No more standing around a baggage-room awaiting the pleasure of the baggage-man. We call at your house and check your baggage direct to hotel or residence number in New York City or Boston. Experienced travelers will appreciate this facility. We transfer baggage everywhere and give claim checks.

The Parmelee Transfer Co.,
132 Adams Street.
Check Baggage by Phone Harrison 1914.

ONLY $5.40 STEEL SANITARY COUCH
FINE STEEL DAVENPORTS, $8.00.
Both make full size beds—fully guaranteed—durable, comfortable, cheap—mail orders filled. Send for booklet. All grades of fine and medium furniture sold at factory prices. We take great pains to please our customers; no one urged to buy. Money saved by comparing prices.
STOREY FURNITURE COMPANY,
331-333 WABASH-AV.

"Rather Dull!"
Is a common expression used by business men who do not advertise in The Chicago Tribune

SCHLESINGER MAYER

Fashionable long coats: very special.

Several hundred modish new long coats to go at once—conditions make it imperative—"a clearing before clearing time"—sure to make this the most memorable coat sale of the season. Every garment new—correct—fashionable—every garment a bargain.

Nobby long coats—cut after one of the season's best selling models—handsomely made up in oxford and melton cloth, highly finished—pretty new collars—garments in all sizes, 60 inches long—nearly 200 of them, priced specially at $10.

Those swell 2-cape long coats—made in the finest grades of oxford cloth only—every garment handsomely finished and durably made. Unprecedentedly low prices—judged from the superb quality and the fit—$12.75.

Elegant long yoke cloaks—body and sleeves lined with good quality satin lining—materials oxford and tan colored—very durable and stylish, and the best possible protection for cold weather—nothing like them elsewhere in Chicago—for $15.

New ¾-length kersey coats, in castor and black—lined throughout with Skinner's satin—all of the choicest grades—a rare offering at $15.

New 3-cape long coats—lined throughout with the best satin—black or castor colored materials—London's latest coat model is offered here at a price you'd never think possible—for $25.

100 new oxford long coats—lined throughout with satin—made up in fine oxford cloth—correctly fitted and exquisitely tailored, and the best coat value in Chicago at the price—$20.

500 small natty short jackets—made of high cost kersey cloth—black, blue, brown, castor and red—lined throughout with guaranteed satin—the finest box coat in America for $10.

SCHLESINGER MAYER

Preholiday offering of richest furs.

Genuine seal coats—the season's best styles—a large number forwarded to S. & M. by a New York importer with a stock topheavy on account of the backwardness of the season. Not the garments customarily put on sale at these low figures, but strictly high class furs that ordinarily bring much higher prices. It's a rare collection of some of the finest skins possible to procure—at $150, $200, $250 and $300.

Chinchilla neck novelties—the za-za styles and others that have mostly won the encomiums of the correct this season—choice of the lot at $25.

Chinchilla muffs, in extra sizes—hundreds of the handsomest fur pieces of this style are now shown at prices impossible later — $25 and $35.

Genuine black marten storm collars—a very special value—handsomely ornamented with tails—choice at $12.

Sable or Isabella fox scarfs—made with two natural tails—the correct fashions of the season, $12.75.

Genuine black marten collarettes—an exceptional grade of fur for these handsome neck coverings—special values offered at the one price, $20.

SCHLESINGER MAYER

Preholiday offering needlework.

For a holiday gift nothing so attractive—nothing so *really acceptable*—as some pretty little conceit in fancy needlework, that is at once pleasing and useful. S. & M.'s Christmas selection is equaled by no other display in this city.

Fine assortment oriental satin pillow covers and art squares—exceptionally pretty designs, 90c.

Handsome velour and tapestry art coverings—in floral and conventional patterns—special offer, $1.50.

Set Chinese table mats, of fancy straw—5 in the set—choice at 65c.

Burnt wood frames, with artistic L'Art Nouveau pictures—new—$1.50.

Tea stands in burnt wood—a very late novelty—very cheap at $1.75.

Burnt wood book racks—in large sizes—very artistic—bargain at $2.50.

A second shipment of those dainty silk floss pillows—22x22 inch sizes—at 39c... Down filled and satin covered pillows—ready to use—a splendid selection to choose from for the coming holidays at $1.98.

SCHLESINGER MAYER

Thanksgiving dinnerware, cut glass.

Remarkable price reductions for this great annual event. Values that are absolutely without a precedent.

Dinner sets—100 pieces, full standard sizes—your choice of great variety decorations—including rich dark under-glaze flow blue—pink rose border—dainty 3-color spray, also Dresden spray and center with rich gold embellishments—really an exceptional offering—$10.

Dinner sets—100 pieces—all very finest quality English ware—your choice of 10 different decorations in rich underglaze borders—floral sprays and borders in natural tints, with gold edges and handles—$14.95.

Lamp globes—large 10-inch size—tinted pink and canary, with hand-painted rose sprays, etc., special, $1.

Chocolate pots—finest Bavarian china—Dresden wreath decorations—an unparalleled offer at 75c.

Rich American cut water bottles—new squat shape—chrysanthemum star design, extraordinary bargains at $2.95.

Real cut oil bottles—large size—strawberry fan design, 50c.

Fine decorated china plates—oatmeal bowls—sugar bowls—cream jugs—mugs—soap dishes—great values for this special Thanksgiving offer—at 10c.

SCHLESINGER MAYER

About genuine Bokhara rugs.

Antique rugs

Oriental rugs extraordinary.

"Tekke Turkoman" weave—that's the original name for the genuine Bokhara—*when you find one.*

And the qualification is used advisedly, for Bokhara is not a large country, and alleged Bokharas—made in Khiva, Afghanistan and Beluchistan—flood the world's markets, and only an expert can tell the real from the imitation. Indeed, very few dealers know the difference.

Your *real* Bokhara rug is practically indestructible, is regular in design, and invariably the same design. A square inch alone of a real Bokhara rug contains 400 knots—and oftener more. Less than this and your rug "bargain" (?) is not a genuine Bokhara. Count the knots with an eye alike watchful for interwoven goat hairs!

Real Bokhara rugs are here in rich assortment—rugs personally selected by the S. & M. rug men in such assortment that the merest rug tyro can select with assurance.

Oriental rugs of *all kinds*—$5.00 to $5,000.

VOLUME LX.—NO.

CHIEF OF DETECTIVES

NEWS—Summa

THE WEATHER—

Fair Thursday and probably Friday; varia... cago during the twenty-four hours end... in. and the minimum 22 degrees above... Sun rises at 6:07; sets at 4:35. Moon sets...

LOCAL:—

Civil Service commission decided Chief ... Detectives Colleran guilty of neglect of du... and conduct unbecoming an officer. Ch... O'Neill immediately issued order discha... ing him from police force.

One man made insane, another broken ... health, and half a dozen more under medic... treatment are some of the results of the ... tempt to straighten Chicago's tangled boo...

Grand jury heard charges against Just... Strayer and two constables, one of who... Louis Greenberg, is charged with mistrea... ing a woman.

Two noncommission men, attacked by pickets ... Deering (Ill.) Harvester Chalmers works, defend... themselves, one of them shooting and kill... as consequence.

Judge Smith dismissed panel from wh... jurors would have been selected to try Al... ander Sullivan and ordered new venire dra...

William D. Brockman, who thought he h... fatally wounded his wife with a bullet fi... at a burglar in a dream, committed suicide...

Council Committee on Transportation ... cleared in favor of a ten-hour day for stre... car employees, with pay for overtime.

State Board of Equalization increased t... 1900 assessments of five Chicago corpor... tions from $39,137,535 to $126,919,715.

Son of Coleman Drayton preparing hims... for college under the instructions of a p... vate tutor at Evanston.

Chicago branch of the Needlewor... of America holding annual exhibit... Handel Hall Building.

Grand jury began investigation of ... cular methods of some justices in the ... istration of the law.

Monument to be erected in Lincoln P... to mark the grave of the only Illinois revo... tionary soldier.

Officials from Washington inspecting ... cago Postoffice to learn the immediat... of the service.

Judge Tuthill declared transfer of ... of Pontiac Reformatory to the peniten... is illegal.

Commander Booth-Tucker of the Salvat... Army arrived in the city on his way to Co... rado.

Robbers in the guise of picture canv... raided several flats in the Kimbark Bu...

Four men hurt in an accident on the ... and Eastern Illinois at Chicago Hei...

DOMESTIC:—

Fire destroyed the bullion tunnel of ... Smuggler-Union gold mine at Telluri... Colo., shutting off the escape of 200 mine... Over a score of dead recovered, and it ... pected the number of victims will re...

Seven persons killed and seventeen ... in a collision between two Santa Fé ... ger trains near Franconia, Ariz. F... destroyed by fire.

Prominent women of Seattle chargi... government secret service agent with sm... ging goods from Victoria, B. C.

Other Northwestern States to join Mi... sota in the fight against the consoli... of railroads in that section.

Admiral Schley declined offer of a ... ville paper to raise fund to pay hi... of inquiry expenses.

Bodies of Mr. and Mrs. A. P. D... humed at Cataumit, Mass., to asc... cause of death.

New England volunteer weather forec... ers threatened to strike unless paid $... month.

Burlington stock train broke in two, ... Walnut, Ill., killing one man and inju... nine.

J. W. Yantis of Shelbyville elected Gr... Master of Illinois Oddfellows.

Colonel D. M. Fox, a veteran of the ... of 1812, died at Des Moines.

Clement Studebaker dying at his hom... South Bend, Ind.

FOREIGN:—

American troops landed at Colon to pre... interference with traffic across the Isthm... Rebels captured the city, taking Colom... forces by surprise.

Vienna paper printed an unconfirmed ... port that Queen Draga of Servia had b... shot in the street at Belgrade.

Filipino rebels in the Island of Samar u... poisoned spears in warfare. Three in... sent camps destroyed.

Ultimatum sent to the captors of ... Stone giving them six days to accept speci... sum for her release.

Administrative council of The Hague a... trative tribunal rejected Boer appeal for ... tervention.

Secretary Hay's speech at the New Y... banquet printed in full by the London pap...

Argentine Republic troops reported to h... invaded Chilean territory.